

Flow Depth:

The value of bottom width (b) divided by depth of flow (d) should not exceed a value of 50. This b/d ratio of 50 has been arbitrarily selected as a maximum value to prevent a very shallow flow in a relatively wide rock chute which might result in non-uniform flow conditions.

The critical depth encountered at the junction of the entrance section and the chute section is dependent upon the flow depth in the inflow waterway or side inlet. For design purposes, the critical depth will be considered as 0.7 the flow depth in the waterway upstream.

With a free outlet condition for the chute, flows will go through a hydraulic jump in the outlet section. The height of the hydraulic jump and the location where the jump occurs, measured from the junction of the chute section and outlet section, depends upon the velocity and depth of flow in the chute section and the tailwater depth created by flow in the outlet channel. For design purposes, the height of the jump is considered to be twice the flow depth in the chute (2 d).

Design Charts:

With a known design Q and d<sub>50</sub> rock size, the charts in Figure IN-6-9 will give a design chute bottom width (b), flow depth (d) and velocity (v) for nine d<sub>50</sub> rock sizes (4", 5", 6", 7", 8", 9", 10", 11" and 12") for chute profile slopes from 5:1 to 10:1 with 2:1 and 3:1 side slopes. These values were determined using the "n" values from Figure IN-6-7. The flow depth (d) shown, from 0.5 feet (minimum recommended design depth) to 1.5 feet, assumes that uniform flow is attained in the chute section. Bottom width (b) shown is from 2 feet to 30 feet in 2 foot increments. Values in the tables exceeding 150 cfs or exceeding the allowable velocity shown in Figure IN-6-8 are shown for reference and should not be used.

Chute Section:

The constructed depth of the chute section should allow for 0.5 feet freeboard. This total depth (d + 0.5) is shown as "dc" on the data sheet (IN-ENG-36).

The horizontal chute section length (Lc) is equal to the chute profile slope (S) times the overfall (F).

$$F(S^2 + 1)^{0.5}$$
 The slope length of the chute section (Ls) is equal to

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2											
4											
6											
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2											
4											
6											
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity  
 Sheet 1 of 54  
 (EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2											
4											
6											
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.9	10									
4											
6											
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 2 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.6	8									
4	6.1	15									
6											
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> sizes: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.5	10									
4											
6											
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 3 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.3	8									
4	5.7	14									
6	5.9	21									
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.1	9									
4	5.5	15									
6	5.8	22									
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 4 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.0	7	5.8	11							
4	5.4	13									
6	5.6	20									
8	5.7	26									
10	5.8	32									
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 4 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.8	8	5.7	13							
4	5.2	14									
6	5.5	20									
8	5.6	27									
10	5.7	33									
12	5.8	39									
14	5.8	45									
16	5.9	51									
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 5 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size: 4 inches;				Chute side slope: 2 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;				
Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second								Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs				
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	4.7	7	5.5	11								
4	5.1	13	6.0	19								
6	5.3	19										
8	5.4	24										
10	5.5	30										
12	5.6	36										
14	5.6	42										
16	5.6	48										
18	5.7	54										
20	5.7	60										
22	5.7	66										
24	5.7	72										
26												
28												
30												

Rock d50 size: 4 inches;				Chute side slope: 3 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;				
Maximum allowable velocity: 5.8 feet per second								Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs				
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	4.6	8	5.4	12								
4	5.0	14	5.8	20								
6	5.2	19										
8	5.3	25										
10	5.4	31										
12	5.5	37										
14	5.5	43										
16	5.6	49										
18	5.6	55										
20	5.6	61										
22	5.7	66										
24	5.7	72										
26												
28												
30												

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 6 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.9	9									
4	6.4	16									
6	6.6	23									
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.7	10									
4	6.2	17									
6	6.5	24									
8											
10											
12											
14											
16											
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 7 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.4	8	6.4	12							
4	5.8	15	6.9	22							
6	6.0	21									
8	6.2	28									
10	6.3	35									
12	6.3	41									
14	6.4	48									
16	6.4	55									
18											
20											
22											
24											
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.2	9	6.2	14							
4	5.7	16									
6	5.9	22									
8	6.1	29									
10	6.2	35									
12	6.2	42									
14	6.3	49									
16	6.3	56									
18	6.4	62									
20	6.4	69									
22	6.4	76									
24	6.5	82									
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 8 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.0	7	5.9	11							
4	5.4	13	6.4	20							
6	5.6	20									
8	5.7	26									
10	5.8	32									
12	5.9	38									
14	5.9	44									
16	6.0	51									
18	6.0	57									
20	6.0	63									
22	6.0	69									
24	6.0	76									
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.8	8	5.7	13							
4	5.2	14	6.2	22							
6	5.5	20									
8	5.6	27									
10	5.7	33									
12	5.8	39									
14	5.8	45									
16	5.9	51									
18	5.9	58									
20	5.9	64									
22	6.0	70									
24	6.0	76									
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 9 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.6	7	5.5	11	6.3	15					
4	5.0	13	6.0	19	6.9	26					
6	5.2	18	6.3	27							
8	5.4	24	6.4	35							
10	5.4	30									
12	5.5	36									
14	5.5	42									
16	5.6	47									
18	5.6	53									
20	5.6	59									
22	5.6	65									
24	5.7	71									
26											
28											
30											

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.5	8	5.4	12	6.1	18					
4	4.9	13	5.8	20							
6	5.1	19	6.1	29							
8	5.2	25	6.3	37							
10	5.3	31	6.4	45							
12	5.4	36	6.5	54							
14	5.5	42									
16	5.5	48									
18	5.5	54									
20	5.6	60									
22	5.6	66									
24	5.6	71									
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 10 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.4	7	5.2	10	5.9	14					
4	4.7	12	5.7	18	6.5	25					
6	4.9	17	5.9	25							
8	5.1	23	6.1	33							
10	5.1	28	6.2	41							
12	5.2	34	6.2	49							
14	5.2	39	6.3	57							
16	5.3	45	6.3	65							
18	5.3	50	6.4	73							
20	5.3	56	6.4	81							
22	5.3	61	6.4	89							
24	5.3	67									
26											
28											
30											

Rock d50 size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.2	7	5.0	12	5.8	17					
4	4.6	13	5.5	19	6.3	27					
6	4.8	18	5.7	27							
8	4.9	23	5.9	35							
10	5.0	29	6.0	43							
12	5.1	34	6.1	51							
14	5.1	40	6.2	59							
16	5.2	45	6.2	67							
18	5.2	51	6.3	74							
20	5.2	56	6.3	82							
22	5.3	62	6.3	90							
24	5.3	67	6.4	98							
26			6.4	106							
28			6.4	114							
30			6.4	122							

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 11 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.1	6	4.9	9	5.6	13	6.3	18			
4	4.5	11	5.4	17	6.2	23	6.9	31			
6	4.7	16	5.6	24	6.4	33					
8	4.8	22	5.7	32							
10	4.9	27	5.8	39							
12	4.9	32	5.9	47							
14	5.0	37	6.0	54							
16	5.0	42	6.0	62							
18	5.0	48	6.0	70							
20	5.0	53	6.1	77							
22	5.0	58	6.1	85							
24	5.1	63	6.1	92							
26			6.1	100							
28			6.1	107							
30			6.1	115							

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 5 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.0	7	4.8	11	5.5	16	6.2	22			
4	4.4	12	5.2	18	6.0	26					
6	4.6	17	5.4	25	6.3	36					
8	4.7	22	5.6	33	6.5	46					
10	4.8	27	5.7	40							
12	4.8	33	5.8	48							
14	4.9	38	5.9	56							
16	4.9	43	5.9	63							
18	4.9	48	5.9	71							
20	5.0	53	6.0	78							
22	5.0	59	6.0	86							
24	5.0	64	6.0	93							
26			6.1	101							
28			6.1	109							
30			6.1	116							

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 12 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.2	8	6.3	12							
4	5.7	14	6.8	21							
6	5.9	21	7.1	31							
8	6.0	27									
10	6.1	34									
12	6.2	40									
14	6.2	47									
16	6.3	53									
18	6.3	60									
20	6.3	66									
22	6.4	73									
24	6.4	80									
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	5.1	9	6.1	14							
4	5.5	15	6.6	23							
6	5.8	22	6.9	33							
8	5.9	28									
10	6.0	35									
12	6.1	41									
14	6.1	48									
16	6.2	54									
18	6.2	61									
20	6.3	67									
22	6.3	74									
24	6.3	80									
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 13 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.8	7	5.7	11	6.6	16					
4	5.2	13	6.2	19	7.2	27					
6	5.4	19	6.5	28							
8	5.5	25	6.7	37							
10	5.6	31	6.8	46							
12	5.7	37	6.9	54							
14	5.7	43	6.9	63							
16	5.7	49									
18	5.8	55									
20	5.8	61									
22	5.8	67									
24	5.8	73									
26											
28											
30											

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.6	8	5.6	13	6.5	19					
4	5.0	14	6.1	21							
6	5.3	20	6.3	30							
8	5.4	26	6.5	38							
10	5.5	32	6.7	47							
12	5.6	38	6.7	56							
14	5.6	43	6.8	65							
16	5.7	49	6.9	73							
18	5.7	55	6.9	82							
20	5.7	61	7.0	91							
22	5.7	67	7.0	100							
24	5.8	73									
26											
28											
30											

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 14 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.4	7	5.3	10	6.1	15	6.9	20			
4	4.8	12	5.8	18	6.7	25					
6	5.0	17	6.0	26	7.0	36					
8	5.1	23	6.2	34							
10	5.2	28	6.3	42							
12	5.2	34	6.4	50							
14	5.3	40	6.4	59							
16	5.3	45	5.5	67							
18	5.3	51	6.5	75							
20	5.4	56	6.5	83							
22	5.4	62	6.6	91							
24	5.4	67	6.6	99							
26			6.6	108							
28			6.6	116							
30			6.6	124							

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.3	8	5.2	12	6.0	17	6.7	24			
4	4.7	13	5.6	20	6.5	28					
6	4.9	18	5.9	27	6.8	39					
8	5.0	24	6.0	36							
10	5.1	29	6.2	44							
12	5.1	35	6.2	52							
14	5.2	40	6.3	60							
16	5.2	46	6.4	68							
18	5.3	51	6.4	76							
20	5.3	57	6.4	84							
22	5.3	62	6.5	93							
24	5.3	68	6.5	101							
26			6.5	109							
28			6.5	117							
30			6.6	125							

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 15 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	/
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	4.1	6	5.0	10	5.7	14	6.5	19				
4	4.5	11	5.4	17	6.3	24	7.1	32				
6	4.7	16	5.6	24	6.6	34						
8	4.8	21	5.8	32	6.7	44						
10	4.8	27	5.9	40	6.9	55						
12	4.9	32	6.0	47	7.0	65						
14	4.9	37	6.0	55								
16	5.0	42	6.1	62								
18	5.0	47	6.1	70								
20	5.0	53	6.1	78								
22	5.0	58	6.1	85								
24	5.0	63	6.2	93								
26			6.2	101								
28			6.2	108								
30			6.2	116								

Rock d <sub>50</sub> sizes: 6 inches;			Chute side slope: 3 to 1;			Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;					
Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second											
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.0	7	4.8	11	5.6	16	6.3	22			
4	4.4	12	5.2	18	6.1	26	6.9	35			
6	4.6	17	5.5	26	6.4	36					
8	4.7	22	5.7	33	6.6	46					
10	4.8	27	5.8	41	6.7	57					
12	4.8	32	5.8	48	6.8	67					
14	4.9	38	5.9	56	6.9	78					
16	4.9	43	6.0	64	7.0	88					
18	4.9	48	6.0	71							
20	4.9	53	6.0	79							
22	5.0	58	6.1	87							
24	5.0	64	6.1	94							
26			6.1	102							
28			6.1	109							
30			6.1	117							

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 16 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.9	6	4.7	9	5.4	13	6.1	18	6.7	23	
4	4.2	11	5.1	16	5.9	22	6.7	30	7.4	39	
6	4.4	15	5.3	23	6.2	32	7.0	43			
8	4.5	20	5.5	30	6.4	42					
10	4.6	25	5.5	37	6.5	52					
12	4.6	30	5.6	44	6.6	62					
14	4.7	35	5.7	52	6.6	71					
16	4.7	40	5.7	59	6.7	81					
18	4.7	45	5.7	66	6.7	91					
20	4.7	50	5.8	73	6.8	101					
22	4.7	54	5.8	81	6.8	111					
24	4.7	59	5.8	88	6.8	121					
26			5.8	95	6.8	131					
28			5.8	102	6.8	141					
30			5.8	109	6.8	151					

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.8	7	4.5	10	5.3	15	6.0	21	6.6	28	
4	4.1	11	4.9	17	5.7	24	6.5	33			
6	4.3	16	5.2	24	6.0	34	6.8	46			
8	4.4	21	5.3	31	6.2	44					
10	4.5	26	5.4	38	6.3	54					
12	4.5	31	5.5	46	6.4	63					
14	4.6	36	5.6	53	6.5	73					
16	4.6	40	5.6	60	6.6	83					
18	4.6	45	5.7	67	6.6	93					
20	4.7	50	5.7	74	6.7	103					
22	4.7	55	5.7	82	6.7	113					
24	4.7	60	5.7	89	6.7	123					
26			5.8	96	6.7	133					
28			5.8	103	6.8	143					
30			5.8	110	6.8	152					

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 17 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.7	6	4.4	9	5.1	12	5.8	17	6.4	22	7.0	28
4	4.0	10	4.8	15	5.6	21	6.3	28	7.0	37		
6	4.2	15	5.0	22	5.9	30	6.6	40				
8	4.3	19	5.2	29	6.0	40	6.8	52				
10	4.3	24	5.3	35	6.1	49	7.0	65				
12	4.4	28	5.3	42	6.2	58						
14	4.4	33	5.4	49	6.3	68						
16	4.4	38	5.4	56	6.3	77						
18	4.5	42	5.4	63	6.4	87						
20	4.5	47	5.5	70	6.4	96						
22	4.5	52	5.5	76	6.4	105						
24	4.5	56	5.5	83	6.5	115						
26			5.5	90	6.5	124						
28			5.5	97	6.5	134						
30			5.5	104	6.5	143						

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 6 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 6.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.6	6	4.3	10	5.0	14	5.6	20	6.3	26	6.9	34
4	3.9	11	4.7	16	5.4	23	6.1	31	6.8	41		
6	4.1	15	4.9	23	5.7	32	6.4	43				
8	4.2	20	5.1	30	5.9	42	6.6	55				
10	4.3	24	5.2	36	6.0	51	6.8	67				
12	4.3	29	5.2	43	6.1	60	6.9	80				
14	4.3	34	5.3	50	6.2	69	7.0	92				
16	4.4	38	5.3	57	6.2	79						
18	4.4	43	5.4	64	6.3	98						
20	4.4	48	5.4	71	6.3	98						
22	4.4	52	5.4	77	6.3	107						
24	4.5	57	5.4	84	6.4	116						
26			5.5	91	6.4	126						
28			5.5	98	6.4	135						
30			5.5	105	6.4	145						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 18 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.7	7	5.7	11	6.6	16					
4	5.1	13	6.2	19	7.3	27					
6	5.3	19	6.5	28	7.6	39					
8	5.4	24	6.6	37							
10	5.5	30	6.8	45							
12	5.6	36	6.8	54							
14	5.6	42	6.9	63							
16	5.6	48	6.9	72							
18	5.7	54	7.0	80							
20	5.7	60	7.0	89							
22	5.7	66	7.0	98							
24	5.7	71	7.1	107							
26			7.1	116							
28			7.1	124							
30			7.1	133							

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

j:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.6	8	5.5	13	6.5	19	7.4	26			
4	4.9	14	6.0	21	7.0	30					
6	5.2	19	6.3	30	7.4	42					
8	5.3	25	6.5	39							
10	5.4	31	6.6	47							
12	5.5	37	6.7	56							
14	5.5	43	6.8	64							
16	5.6	49	6.8	73							
18	5.6	54	6.9	82							
20	5.6	60	6.9	91							
22	5.6	66	7.0	99							
24	5.7	72	7.0	108							
26			7.0	117							
28			7.0	126							
30			7.1	135							

Figure IN-5-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 19 of 54

(ENR Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.3	6	5.2	10	6.1	14	6.9	20			
4	4.6	12	5.7	18	6.6	25	7.5	34			
6	4.8	17	5.9	26	6.9	36					
8	4.9	22	6.1	33	7.1	47					
10	5.0	28	6.2	41	7.3	59					
12	5.1	33	6.2	49	7.4	69					
14	5.1	38	6.3	57	7.4	80					
16	5.1	44	6.3	65							
18	5.2	49	6.4	73							
20	5.2	54	6.4	82							
22	5.2	60	6.4	90							
24	5.2	65	6.5	98							
26			6.5	106							
28			6.5	114							
30			6.5	122							

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.2	7	5.1	12	5.9	17	6.7	24	7.5	32	
4	4.5	12	5.5	19	6.4	27	7.3	37			
6	4.7	18	5.8	27	6.7	38					
8	4.8	23	5.9	35	6.9	49					
10	4.9	28	6.0	43	7.1	60					
12	5.0	34	6.1	51	7.2	71					
14	5.0	39	6.2	59	7.3	82					
16	5.1	44	6.2	67	7.4	93					
18	5.1	50	6.3	75	7.4	104					
20	5.1	55	6.3	83	7.5	115					
22	5.1	60	6.4	91	7.5	127					
24	5.2	66	6.4	99							
26			6.4	107							
28			6.4	115							
30			6.4	123							

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity  
 Sheet 20 of 54  
 (EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size:		7 inches;		Chute side slope:		2 to 1;		Chute profile slope:		7 to 1;		
d:	b	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	4.0	6	4.8	9	5.6	13	6.4	18	7.1	24		
4	4.3	11	5.2	16	6.1	23	7.0	31	7.8	40		
6	4.5	16	5.5	24	6.4	33	7.3	44				
8	4.6	21	5.6	31	6.6	43	7.5	58				
10	4.6	26	5.7	39	6.7	54						
12	4.7	31	5.8	46	6.8	64						
14	4.7	35	5.8	53	6.9	74						
16	4.8	40	5.9	61	6.9	84						
18	4.8	45	5.9	68	7.0	95						
20	4.8	50	5.9	75	7.0	105						
22	4.8	55	6.0	83	7.0	115						
24	4.8	60	6.0	90	7.1	126						
26			6.0	98	7.1	136						
28			6.0	105	7.1	146						
30			6.0	113	7.1	157						

Rock d50 size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

Rock d50 size:		7 inches;		Chute side slope:		3 to 1;		Chute profile slope:		7 to 1;		
d:	b	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	3.9	7	4.7	11	5.5	16	6.2	22	6.9	29		
4	4.2	11	5.1	18	6.0	25	6.8	35				
6	4.4	16	5.3	25	6.2	35	7.1	48				
8	4.5	21	5.5	32	6.4	45	7.3	61				
10	4.6	26	5.6	40	6.6	56	7.5	74				
12	4.6	31	5.7	47	6.7	66						
14	4.7	36	5.7	54	6.7	76						
16	4.7	41	5.8	62	6.8	86						
18	4.7	46	5.8	69	6.9	97						
20	4.7	51	5.9	77	6.9	107						
22	4.8	56	5.9	84	6.9	117						
24	4.8	61	5.9	91	7.0	127						
26			5.9	92	7.0	138						
28			5.9	106	7.0	148						
30			6.0	114	7.0	158						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 21 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.7	6	4.5	9	5.2	12	6.0	17	6.6	23	7.3	29
4	4.0	10	4.9	15	5.7	22	6.5	29	7.3	38	8.0	48
6	4.2	15	5.1	22	6.0	31	6.8	42	7.6	53		
8	4.3	19	5.3	29	6.2	41	7.0	54				
10	4.3	24	5.3	36	6.3	50	7.2	67				
12	4.4	29	5.4	43	6.4	60	7.3	79				
14	4.4	33	5.5	50	6.4	69	7.4	92				
16	4.5	38	5.5	57	6.5	79	7.4	105				
18	4.5	42	5.5	64	6.5	89						
20	4.5	47	5.5	71	6.6	98						
22	4.5	52	5.6	78	6.6	108						
24	4.5	56	5.6	84	6.6	118						
26			5.6	91	6.6	127						
28			5.6	98	6.6	137						
30			5.6	105	6.7	146						

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.6	6	4.4	10	5.1	15	5.8	20	6.5	27	7.1	36
4	3.9	11	4.8	17	5.6	24	6.3	32	7.0	42		
6	4.1	15	5.0	23	5.8	33	6.6	45	7.4	58		
8	4.2	20	5.1	30	6.0	43	6.8	57				
10	4.3	25	5.2	37	6.1	52	7.0	69				
12	4.3	29	5.3	44	6.2	62	7.1	82				
14	4.4	34	5.4	51	6.3	71	7.2	95				
16	4.4	38	5.4	58	6.4	81	7.3	107				
18	4.4	43	5.4	65	6.4	90	7.3	120				
20	4.4	48	5.5	72	6.5	100	7.4	133				
22	4.5	52	5.5	79	6.5	110	7.4	145				
24	4.5	57	5.5	86	6.5	119	7.5	158				
26			5.5	92	6.5	129						
28			5.6	99	6.6	138						
30			5.6	106	6.6	148						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 22 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size:		7 inches;				Chute side slope:				2 to 1;				Chute profile slope:				9 to 1;						
		Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second																Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs						
d:	b	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	b	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
	2	3.5	5	4.2	8	4.9	12	5.6	16	6.2	21	6.8	27	7.4	34									
	4	3.8	9	4.6	14	5.4	20	6.1	28	6.8	36	7.5	45											
	6	3.9	14	4.8	21	5.7	29	6.4	39	7.2	50													
	8	4.0	18	5.0	27	5.8	38	6.6	51	7.4	65													
	10	4.1	23	5.0	34	5.9	47	6.8	63															
	12	4.1	27	5.1	40	6.0	56	6.9	75															
	14	4.2	31	5.1	47	6.1	65	6.9	87															
	16	4.2	36	5.2	53	6.1	74	7.0	99															
	18	4.2	40	5.2	60	6.2	84	7.0	111															
	20	4.2	44	5.2	67	6.2	93	7.1	122															
	22	4.2	49	5.3	73	6.2	102	7.1	134															
	24	4.3	53	5.3	80	6.2	111	7.2	146															
	26			5.3	86	6.3	120	7.2	158															
	28			5.3	93	6.3	129																	
	30			5.3	99	6.3	138																	

=====
 Rock d50 size: 7 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	b	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	b	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
	2	3.4	6	4.1	9	4.8	14	5.5	19	6.1	26	6.7	34	7.3	43									
	4	3.7	10	4.5	16	5.2	22	6.0	31	6.6	40	7.3	51											
	6	3.8	14	4.7	22	5.5	31	6.3	42	7.0	55													
	8	3.9	19	4.8	28	5.7	40	6.5	54	7.2	69													
	10	4.0	23	4.9	35	5.8	49	6.6	65	7.4	84													
	12	4.1	27	5.0	41	5.9	58	6.7	77															
	14	4.1	32	5.1	48	6.0	67	6.8	89															
	16	4.1	36	5.1	54	6.0	76	6.9	101															
	18	4.2	41	5.1	61	6.1	85	6.9	113															
	20	4.2	45	5.2	68	6.1	94	7.0	125															
	22	4.2	49	5.2	74	6.1	103	7.0	137															
	24	4.2	54	5.2	81	6.2	112	7.0	149															
	26			5.2	87	6.2	121	7.1	161															
	28			5.2	94	6.2	131																	
	30			5.3	100	6.2	140																	

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 23 of 54  
(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size:		7 inches;		Chute side slopes:				2 to 1;				Chute profile slopes: 10 to 1;			
		Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second												Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs	
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5				
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V	Q	V	Q
2	3.3	5	4.0	8	4.7	11	5.3	15	5.9	20	6.5	26	7.0	33	
4	3.6	9	4.4	14	5.1	19	5.8	26	6.5	34	7.1	43	7.7	53	
6	3.7	13	4.6	20	5.4	28	6.1	37	6.8	48	7.5	60			
8	3.8	17	4.7	26	5.5	36	6.3	48	7.0	62					
10	3.9	21	4.8	32	5.6	45	6.4	60	7.2	76					
12	3.9	26	4.8	38	5.7	53	6.5	71	7.3	91					
14	4.0	30	4.9	45	5.8	62	6.6	82	7.4	105					
16	4.0	34	4.9	51	5.8	71	6.6	94	7.4	119					
18	4.0	38	4.9	57	5.8	79	6.7	105							
20	4.0	42	5.0	63	5.9	88	6.7	116							
22	4.0	46	5.0	69	5.9	96	6.8	128							
24	4.0	50	5.0	76	5.9	105	6.8	139							
26			5.0	82	5.9	114	6.8	150							
28			5.0	88	5.9	122									
30			5.0	94	6.0	131									

Rock d50 size:		7 inches;		Chute side slopes:				3 to 1;				Chute profile slopes: 10 to 1;				
		Maximum allowable velocity: 7.4 feet per second												Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs		
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5					
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V	Q	V	Q	
2	3.2	6	3.9	9	4.6	13	5.2	18	5.8	25	6.4	32	6.9	40	7.5	50
4	3.5	10	4.3	15	5.0	21	5.7	29	6.3	38	6.9	48				
6	3.7	14	4.5	21	5.2	30	5.9	40	6.6	52	7.3	65				
8	3.7	18	4.6	27	5.4	38	6.1	51	6.8	66						
10	3.8	22	4.7	33	5.5	47	6.3	62	7.0	80						
12	3.9	26	4.7	39	5.6	55	6.4	73	7.1	94						
14	3.9	30	4.8	45	5.6	64	6.4	85	7.2	108						
16	3.9	34	4.8	52	5.7	72	6.5	96	7.3	123						
18	4.0	39	4.9	58	5.7	81	6.6	107	7.4	137						
20	4.0	43	4.9	64	5.8	89	6.6	119	7.4	152						
22	4.0	47	4.9	70	5.8	98	6.7	130								
24	4.0	51	4.9	76	5.8	107	6.7	141								
26			5.0	83	5.9	115	6.7	153								
28			5.0	89	5.9	124										
30			5.0	95	5.9	132										

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 24 of 54  
(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.2	6	5.2	10	6.1	15	7.0	20	7.8	27	
4	4.6	11	5.7	18	6.7	25	7.6	34	8.5	45	
6	4.8	17	5.9	26	7.0	36	8.0	49			
8	4.9	22	6.1	33	7.2	47					
10	4.9	27	6.2	41	7.3	58					
12	5.0	32	6.2	49	7.4	70					
14	5.0	38	6.3	57	7.5	81					
16	5.1	43	6.3	65	7.5	92					
18	5.1	48	6.4	73	7.6	103					
20	5.1	54	6.4	81	7.6	114					
22	5.1	59	6.4	89	7.7	126					
24	5.1	64	6.4	97	7.7	137					
26			6.5	106	7.7	148					
28			6.5	114	7.7	159					
30			6.5	122							

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	4.1	7	5.1	12	6.0	17	6.8	24	7.6	32	
4	4.5	12	5.5	19	6.5	28	7.4	38			
6	4.6	17	5.8	27	6.8	39	7.8	52			
8	4.8	23	5.9	35	7.0	49					
10	4.9	28	6.0	43	7.1	61					
12	4.9	33	6.1	51	7.3	72					
14	5.0	38	6.2	59	7.3	83					
16	5.0	44	6.2	67	7.4	94					
18	5.0	49	6.3	75	7.5	105					
20	5.1	54	6.3	83	7.5	116					
22	5.1	60	6.3	91	7.6	128					
24	5.1	65	6.4	99	7.6	139					
26			6.4	107	7.6	150					
28			6.4	115	7.6	161					
30			6.4	123							

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 25 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.9	6	4.7	9	5.6	13	6.4	18	7.1	24	7.8	31
4	4.2	10	5.2	16	6.1	23	7.0	31	7.8	41	8.6	51
6	4.3	15	5.4	23	6.4	33	7.3	44	8.2	57		
8	4.4	20	5.5	31	6.6	43	7.5	58				
10	4.5	25	5.6	38	6.7	53	7.7	71				
12	4.6	30	5.7	45	6.8	63	7.8	85				
14	4.6	34	5.7	52	6.8	74	7.9	98				
16	4.6	39	5.8	60	6.9	84	7.9	112				
18	4.6	44	5.8	67	6.9	94						
20	4.7	49	5.8	74	7.0	104						
22	4.7	54	5.9	82	7.0	115						
24	4.7	59	5.9	89	7.0	125						
26			5.9	96	7.0	135						
28			5.9	104	7.1	145						
30			5.9	111	7.1	156						

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.7	7	4.6	11	5.4	16	6.2	22	7.0	29	7.7	38
4	4.1	11	5.0	17	5.9	25	6.8	35	7.6	46		
6	4.2	16	5.3	25	6.2	35	7.1	48	7.9	62		
8	4.4	21	5.4	32	6.4	45	7.3	61				
10	4.4	25	5.5	39	6.5	55	7.5	74				
12	4.5	30	5.6	46	6.6	65	7.6	88				
14	4.5	35	5.6	54	6.7	76	7.7	101				
16	4.6	40	5.7	61	6.8	86	7.8	115				
18	4.6	45	5.7	68	6.8	96	7.9	128				
20	4.6	50	5.8	75	6.9	106	7.9	142				
22	4.6	54	5.8	83	6.9	116	8.0	155				
24	4.6	59	5.8	90	6.9	127						
26			5.8	97	7.0	137						
28			5.9	105	7.0	147						
30			5.9	112	7.0	157						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 26 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.6	5	4.4	8	5.2	12	5.9	17	6.6	23	7.3
4	3.9	10	4.8	15	5.6	21	6.5	29	7.2	38	7.9
6	4.0	14	5.0	22	5.9	31	6.8	41	7.6	53	
8	4.1	19	5.1	28	6.1	40	7.0	53	7.8	69	
10	4.2	23	5.2	35	6.2	49	7.1	66	8.0	85	
12	4.2	27	5.3	42	6.3	59	7.2	78			
14	4.3	32	5.3	49	6.3	68	7.3	91			
16	4.3	36	5.4	55	6.4	78	7.4	104			
18	4.3	41	5.4	62	6.4	87	7.4	116			
20	4.3	45	5.4	69	6.5	97	7.4	129			
22	4.3	50	5.4	76	6.5	106	7.5	141			
24	4.3	54	5.4	82	6.5	116	7.5	154			
26			5.5	89	6.5	125					
28			5.5	96	6.5	135					
30			5.5	103	6.6	144					

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.5	6	4.3	10	5.0	14	5.8	20	6.5	27	7.1
4	3.8	10	4.6	16	5.5	23	6.3	32	7.0	42	7.7
6	3.9	15	4.9	23	5.7	33	6.6	44	7.4	58	
8	4.0	19	5.0	29	5.9	42	6.8	56	7.6	73	
10	4.1	24	5.1	36	6.0	51	6.9	69	7.8	89	
12	4.2	28	5.2	43	6.1	61	7.0	81	7.9	105	
14	4.2	33	5.2	50	6.2	70	7.1	94			
16	4.2	37	5.3	56	6.3	79	7.2	106			
18	4.3	41	5.3	63	6.3	89	7.3	119			
20	4.3	46	5.3	70	6.4	98	7.3	131			
22	4.3	50	5.4	77	6.4	108	7.4	144			
24	4.3	55	5.4	83	6.4	117	7.4	156			
26			5.4	90	6.4	127					
28			5.4	97	6.5	136					
30			5.4	104	6.5	146					

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 27 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.3	5	4.1	8	4.8	11	5.5	16	6.2	21	6.8
4	3.6	9	4.5	14	5.3	20	6.0	27	6.7	35	7.4
6	3.8	13	4.7	20	5.5	29	6.3	38	7.1	50	7.8
8	3.9	17	4.8	26	5.7	37	6.5	50	7.3	64	8.1
10	3.9	22	4.9	33	5.8	46	6.6	62	7.5	79	
12	4.0	26	4.9	39	5.9	55	6.7	73	7.6	94	
14	4.0	30	5.0	45	5.9	64	6.8	85	7.7	109	
16	4.0	34	5.0	52	6.0	73	6.9	97	7.7	124	
18	4.0	38	5.0	58	6.0	82	6.9	109	7.8	139	
20	4.0	42	5.1	64	6.0	90	7.0	120	7.9	154	
22	4.1	47	5.1	71	6.1	99	7.0	132			
24	4.1	51	5.1	77	6.1	108	7.0	144			
26			5.1	83	6.1	117	7.0	156			
28			5.1	90	6.1	126					
30			5.1	96	6.1	135					

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.2	6	4.0	9	4.7	14	5.4	19	6.0	26	6.7
4	3.5	10	4.3	15	5.1	22	5.9	30	6.6	40	7.2
6	3.7	14	4.5	21	5.4	30	6.1	41	6.9	54	7.6
8	3.8	18	4.7	28	5.5	39	6.3	53	7.1	68	7.8
10	3.8	22	4.8	34	5.7	48	6.5	64	7.3	83	
12	3.9	26	4.8	40	5.7	57	6.6	76	7.4	98	
14	3.9	30	4.9	46	5.8	65	6.7	88	7.5	113	
16	4.0	35	4.9	53	5.9	74	6.7	99	7.6	128	
18	4.0	39	5.0	59	5.9	83	6.8	111	7.7	143	
20	4.0	43	5.0	65	5.9	92	6.9	123	7.7	158	
22	4.0	47	5.0	72	6.0	101	6.9	135			
24	4.0	51	5.0	78	6.0	110	6.9	146			
26			5.1	84	6.0	119	7.0	158			
28			5.1	91	6.0	127					
30			5.1	97	6.1	136					

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 28 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V
2	3.1	5	3.9	7	4.6	11	5.2	15	5.8	20	6.4	26
4	3.4	9	4.2	13	5.0	19	5.7	25	6.4	33	7.0	42
6	3.6	12	4.4	19	5.2	27	6.0	36	6.7	47	7.4	59
8	3.6	16	4.5	25	5.4	35	6.1	47	6.9	61	7.6	76
10	3.7	20	4.6	31	5.5	44	6.3	58	7.0	75	7.8	93
12	3.7	24	4.7	37	5.5	52	6.4	69	7.2	89	7.9	111
14	3.8	28	4.7	43	5.6	60	6.4	80	7.2	103		
16	3.8	32	4.7	49	5.6	69	6.5	91	7.3	117		
18	3.8	36	4.8	55	5.7	77	6.5	102	7.4	131		
20	3.8	40	4.8	61	5.7	85	6.6	113	7.4	145		
22	3.8	44	4.8	67	5.7	94	6.6	125	7.4	159		
24	3.8	48	4.8	73	5.7	102	6.6	136				
26			4.8	79	5.8	110	6.6	147				
28			4.8	85	5.8	119	6.7	158				
30			4.8	91	5.8	127						

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V
2	3.1	5	3.8	9	4.4	13	5.1	18	5.7	24	6.3	31
4	3.3	9	4.1	14	4.8	21	5.5	28	6.2	37	6.8	48
6	3.5	13	4.3	20	5.1	29	5.8	39	6.5	51	7.2	64
8	3.6	17	4.4	26	5.2	37	6.0	50	6.7	65	7.4	81
10	3.6	21	4.5	32	5.3	45	6.1	61	6.9	78	7.6	98
12	3.7	25	4.6	38	5.4	53	6.2	72	7.0	92	7.7	116
14	3.7	29	4.6	44	5.5	62	6.3	83	7.1	106	7.8	133
16	3.7	33	4.7	50	5.5	70	6.4	94	7.2	120	7.9	150
18	3.7	37	4.7	56	5.6	78	6.4	105	7.2	135		
20	3.8	40	4.7	62	5.6	87	6.5	116	7.3	149		
22	3.8	44	4.7	68	5.6	95	6.5	127	7.3	163		
24	3.8	48	4.8	74	5.7	103	6.5	138				
26			4.8	80	5.7	112	6.6	149				
28			4.8	85	5.7	120	6.6	160				
30			4.8	91	5.7	128						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 29 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.0	4	3.7	7	4.3	10	4.9	14	5.5	19	6.1
4	3.2	8	4.0	13	4.7	18	5.4	24	6.0	32	6.6
6	3.4	12	4.2	18	4.9	26	5.7	34	6.3	45	7.0
8	3.4	16	4.3	24	5.1	33	5.8	45	6.5	58	7.2
10	3.5	19	4.4	29	5.2	41	5.9	55	6.7	71	7.4
12	3.5	23	4.4	35	5.2	49	6.0	66	6.8	84	7.5
14	3.6	27	4.5	41	5.3	57	6.1	76	6.9	98	7.6
16	3.6	30	4.5	46	5.3	65	6.2	87	6.9	111	7.7
18	3.6	34	4.5	52	5.4	73	6.2	97	7.0	124	7.7
20	3.6	38	4.5	58	5.4	81	6.2	108	7.0	138	
22	3.6	42	4.5	63	5.4	89	6.3	118	7.1	151	
24	3.6	45	4.6	69	5.4	97	6.3	129			
26			4.6	75	5.5	105	6.3	139			
28			4.6	80	5.5	113	6.3	150			
30			4.6	86	5.5	121	6.3	160			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> sizes: 8 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 7.9 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.9	5	3.6	8	4.2	12	4.8	17	5.4	23	6.0
4	3.1	9	3.9	14	4.6	20	5.2	27	5.9	35	6.5
6	3.3	12	4.1	19	4.8	27	5.5	37	6.2	48	6.8
8	3.4	16	4.2	25	5.0	35	5.7	47	6.4	61	7.0
10	3.4	20	4.3	30	5.1	43	5.8	58	6.5	74	7.2
12	3.5	23	4.3	36	5.1	51	5.9	68	6.6	88	7.3
14	3.5	27	4.4	41	5.2	59	6.0	78	6.7	101	7.4
16	3.5	31	4.4	47	5.2	66	6.0	89	6.8	114	7.5
18	3.6	35	4.4	53	5.3	74	6.1	99	6.9	128	7.6
20	3.6	38	4.5	58	5.3	82	6.1	110	6.9	141	
22	3.6	42	4.5	64	5.3	90	6.2	120	6.9	154	
24	3.6	46	4.5	70	5.4	98	6.2	131			
26			4.5	75	5.4	106	6.2	141			
28			4.5	81	5.4	114	6.2	152			
30			4.5	87	5.4	122					

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 30 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.8	6	4.8	9	5.6	13	6.5	19	7.3	25	8.1	32
4	4.1	10	5.2	16	6.2	23	7.1	32	8.0	42	8.8	53
6	4.3	15	5.4	23	6.5	33	7.4	45	8.4	59		
8	4.4	20	5.5	31	6.6	44	7.7	59	8.6	76		
10	4.5	25	5.6	38	6.8	54	7.8	73				
12	4.5	29	5.7	45	6.8	64	7.9	86				
14	4.5	34	5.8	53	6.9	75	8.0	100				
16	4.6	39	5.8	60	7.0	85	8.1	114				
18	4.6	44	5.8	67	7.0	95	8.1	128				
20	4.6	48	5.9	75	7.0	106	8.2	142				
22	4.6	53	5.9	82	7.1	116	8.2	155				
24	4.6	58	5.9	89	7.1	126						
26			5.9	97	7.1	137						
28			5.9	104	7.1	147						
30			5.9	111	7.2	157						

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.7	6	4.6	11	5.5	16	6.3	22	7.1	30	7.9	39
4	4.0	11	5.0	18	6.0	26	6.9	35	7.7	47		
6	4.2	16	5.3	25	6.3	36	7.2	49	8.1	64		
8	4.3	20	5.4	32	6.5	46	7.5	62	8.4	81		
10	4.4	25	5.5	39	6.6	56	7.6	76				
12	4.4	30	5.6	46	6.7	66	7.8	89				
14	4.5	35	5.7	54	6.8	76	7.9	103				
16	4.5	39	5.7	61	6.8	87	7.9	117				
18	4.5	44	5.7	68	6.9	97	8.0	131				
20	4.6	49	5.8	76	6.9	107	8.1	144				
22	4.6	54	5.8	83	7.0	118	8.1	158				
24	4.6	59	5.8	90	7.0	128						
26			5.9	98	7.0	138						
28			5.9	105	7.1	149						
30			5.9	112	7.1	159						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 31 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slopes: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5			
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V			
2	3.5	5	4.3	8	5.2	12	5.9	17	6.6	23	7.4	29	8.0	37
4	3.8	9	4.7	15	5.6	21	6.5	29	7.3	38	8.0	48	8.8	60
6	3.9	14	4.9	21	5.9	31	6.8	41	7.6	54	8.5	68		
8	4.0	18	5.1	28	6.1	40	7.0	54	7.9	70				
10	4.1	22	5.1	35	6.2	49	7.1	66	8.1	86				
12	4.1	27	5.2	41	6.3	59	7.2	79	8.2	102				
14	4.1	31	5.3	48	6.3	68	7.3	91	8.3	118				
16	4.2	35	5.3	55	6.4	77	7.4	104	8.4	134				
18	4.2	40	5.3	61	6.4	87	7.4	117	8.4	150				
20	4.2	44	5.3	68	6.4	96	7.5	129						
22	4.2	49	5.4	75	6.5	106	7.5	142						
24	4.2	53	5.4	81	6.5	115	7.5	154						
26			5.4	89	6.5	125								
28			5.4	95	6.5	134								
30			5.4	102	6.5	144								

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slopes: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5			
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V			
2	3.4	6	4.2	10	5.0	14	5.8	20	6.5	28	7.2	36	7.9	46
4	3.7	10	4.6	16	5.5	23	6.3	32	7.1	43	7.8	55		
6	3.8	14	4.8	22	5.7	32	6.6	44	7.4	58	8.2	74		
8	3.9	19	4.9	29	5.9	42	6.8	57	7.7	74	8.5	93		
10	4.0	23	5.0	36	6.0	51	7.0	69	7.9	90				
12	4.0	27	5.1	42	6.1	60	7.1	82	8.0	106				
14	4.1	32	5.2	49	6.2	70	7.2	94	8.1	122				
16	4.1	36	5.2	56	6.3	79	7.2	107	8.2	138				
18	4.1	40	5.2	62	6.3	89	7.3	119	8.3	154				
20	4.2	45	5.3	69	6.3	98	7.4	132						
22	4.2	49	5.3	76	6.4	108	7.4	144						
24	4.2	53	5.3	82	6.4	117	7.4	157						
26			5.3	89	6.4	126								
28			5.4	96	6.4	136								
30			5.4	103	6.5	145								

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 32 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.2	5	4.0	8	4.8	11	5.5	16	6.2	21	6.8
4	3.5	9	4.4	14	5.2	20	6.0	27	6.7	35	7.5
6	3.6	13	4.6	20	5.5	28	6.3	38	7.1	50	7.8
8	3.7	17	4.7	26	5.6	37	6.5	50	7.3	64	8.1
10	3.8	21	4.8	32	5.7	46	6.6	61	7.5	79	8.3
12	3.8	25	4.8	38	5.8	54	6.7	73	7.6	94	8.4
14	3.8	29	4.9	44	5.8	63	6.8	85	7.7	109	
16	3.9	33	4.9	51	5.9	72	6.8	96	7.7	124	
18	3.9	37	4.9	57	5.9	80	6.9	108	7.8	139	
20	3.9	41	5.0	63	6.0	89	6.9	120	7.8	154	
22	3.9	45	5.0	69	6.0	98	7.0	131			
24	3.9	49	5.0	75	6.0	107	7.0	143			
26			5.0	82	6.0	116	7.0	155			
28			5.0	88	6.0	124					
30			5.0	94	6.1	133					

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.1	5	3.9	9	4.6	13	5.4	19	6.0	25	6.7
4	3.4	9	4.3	15	5.1	22	5.8	30	6.5	39	7.2
6	3.5	13	4.5	21	5.3	30	6.1	41	6.9	54	7.6
8	3.6	17	4.6	27	5.5	39	6.3	52	7.1	68	7.9
10	3.7	21	4.7	33	5.6	47	6.4	64	7.3	83	8.1
12	3.7	25	4.7	39	5.7	56	6.6	75	7.4	98	8.2
14	3.8	29	4.8	45	5.7	65	6.6	87	7.5	113	8.3
16	3.8	33	4.8	52	5.8	73	6.7	99	7.6	128	8.4
18	3.8	37	4.9	58	5.8	82	6.8	110	7.7	143	
20	3.9	41	4.9	64	5.9	91	6.8	122	7.7	157	
22	3.9	45	4.9	70	5.9	100	6.8	134			
24	3.9	50	4.9	76	5.9	108	6.9	145			
26			4.9	83	6.0	117	6.9	157			
28			5.0	89	6.0	126					
30			5.0	95	6.0	135					

Figure IN-6-9. - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 33 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	3.0	5	3.8	7	4.5	11	5.1	15	5.8	20	6.4	25
4	3.3	8	4.1	13	4.9	18	5.6	25	6.3	33	7.0	42
6	3.4	12	4.3	18	5.1	26	5.9	36	6.6	47	7.3	59
8	3.5	16	4.4	24	5.2	35	6.1	47	6.8	60	7.6	76
10	3.5	19	4.5	30	5.3	43	6.2	57	7.0	74	7.7	93
12	3.6	23	4.5	36	5.4	51	6.3	68	7.1	88	7.9	110
14	3.6	27	4.6	42	5.5	59	6.3	79	7.2	102	8.0	128
16	3.6	31	4.6	47	5.5	67	6.4	90	7.2	116	8.1	145
18	3.6	35	4.6	53	5.5	75	6.4	101	7.3	130	8.1	162
20	3.6	38	4.6	59	5.6	83	6.5	112	7.3	144		
22	3.7	42	4.6	65	5.6	92	6.5	123	7.4	158		
24	3.7	46	4.7	71	5.6	100	6.5	134				
26			4.7	76	5.6	108	6.6	145				
28			4.7	82	5.6	116	6.6	156				
30			4.7	88	5.7	124						

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	2.9	5	3.7	8	4.3	12	5.0	18	5.6	24	6.2	31
4	3.2	9	4.0	14	4.7	20	5.4	28	6.1	37	6.8	47
6	3.3	12	4.2	19	5.0	28	5.7	38	6.4	50	7.1	64
8	3.4	16	4.3	25	5.1	36	5.9	49	6.6	64	7.4	81
10	3.5	20	4.4	31	5.2	44	6.0	60	6.8	78	7.5	98
12	3.5	24	4.4	37	5.3	52	6.1	71	6.9	92	7.7	115
14	3.5	27	4.5	42	5.4	60	6.2	81	7.0	105	7.8	132
16	3.6	31	4.5	48	5.4	69	6.3	92	7.1	119	7.9	150
18	3.6	35	4.5	54	5.5	77	6.3	103	7.2	133	8.0	167
20	3.6	39	4.6	60	5.5	85	6.4	114	7.2	147		
22	3.6	43	4.6	66	5.5	93	6.4	125	7.3	161		
24	3.6	46	4.6	71	5.5	101	6.4	136				
26			4.6	77	5.6	109	6.5	147				
28			4.6	83	5.6	118	6.5	158				
30			4.7	89	5.6	126						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity  
 Sheet 34 of 54  
 (EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.8	4	3.5	7	4.2	10	4.8	14	5.4	19	6.0
4	3.1	8	3.9	12	4.6	17	5.3	24	5.9	31	6.6
6	3.2	11	4.0	17	4.8	25	5.5	34	6.2	44	6.9
8	3.3	15	4.1	23	4.9	33	5.7	44	6.4	57	7.1
10	3.3	18	4.2	28	5.0	40	5.8	54	6.6	70	7.3
12	3.4	22	4.3	34	5.1	48	5.9	64	6.7	83	7.4
14	3.4	25	4.3	39	5.2	56	6.0	75	6.8	96	7.5
16	3.4	29	4.3	45	5.2	63	6.0	85	6.8	109	7.6
18	3.4	33	4.3	50	5.2	71	6.1	95	6.9	123	7.7
20	3.4	36	4.4	56	5.3	79	6.1	105	6.9	136	
22	3.4	40	4.4	61	5.3	86	6.1	116	7.0	149	
24	3.5	43	4.4	66	5.3	94	6.2	126	7.0	162	
26			4.4	72	5.3	102	6.2	136			
28			4.4	77	5.3	110	6.2	147			
30			4.4	83	5.3	117	6.2	157			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.8	5	3.4	8	4.1	12	4.7	17	5.3	22	5.9
4	3.0	8	3.8	13	4.5	19	5.1	26	5.8	35	6.4
6	3.1	12	3.9	18	4.7	27	5.4	36	6.1	47	6.7
8	3.2	15	4.0	24	4.8	34	5.6	46	6.3	60	6.9
10	3.3	19	4.1	29	4.9	42	5.7	56	6.4	73	7.1
12	3.3	22	4.2	35	5.0	49	5.8	67	6.5	86	7.2
14	3.3	26	4.2	40	5.1	57	5.9	77	6.6	99	7.3
16	3.4	29	4.3	45	5.1	65	5.9	87	6.7	113	7.4
18	3.4	33	4.3	51	5.1	72	6.0	97	6.7	126	7.5
20	3.4	37	4.3	56	5.2	80	6.0	108	6.8	139	
22	3.4	40	4.3	62	5.2	88	6.0	118	6.8	152	
24	3.4	44	4.3	67	5.2	96	6.1	128			
26			4.4	73	5.2	103	6.1	138			
28			4.4	78	5.3	111	6.1	149			
30			4.4	84	5.3	119	6.1	159			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 35 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slopes: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.7	4	3.4	6	4.0	9	4.6	13	5.2	18	5.7
4	2.9	7	3.7	11	4.4	16	5.0	22	5.6	29	6.2
6	3.0	11	3.8	17	4.6	24	5.3	32	5.9	42	6.6
8	3.1	14	3.9	22	4.7	31	5.4	42	6.1	54	6.8
10	3.2	17	4.0	27	4.8	38	5.5	51	6.2	66	6.9
12	3.2	21	4.0	32	4.8	45	5.6	61	6.3	79	7.0
14	3.2	24	4.1	37	4.9	53	5.7	71	6.4	91	7.1
16	3.2	27	4.1	42	4.9	60	5.7	81	6.5	104	7.2
18	3.2	31	4.1	48	5.0	67	5.8	90	6.5	116	7.3
20	3.3	34	4.1	53	5.0	75	5.8	100	6.6	129	7.3
22	3.3	38	4.2	58	5.0	82	5.8	110	6.6	141	
24	3.3	41	4.2	63	5.0	89	5.8	120	6.6	154	
26			4.2	68	5.0	97	5.9	129			
28			4.2	73	5.1	104	5.9	139			
30			4.2	79	5.1	111	5.9	149			

=====
 Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 9 inches; Chute side slopes: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.4 feet per second Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.6	5	3.3	7	3.9	11	4.5	16	5.0	21	5.6
4	2.8	8	3.6	12	4.2	18	4.9	25	5.5	33	6.1
6	3.0	11	3.7	17	4.4	25	5.1	34	5.8	45	6.4
8	3.0	14	3.8	23	4.6	32	5.3	44	5.9	57	6.6
10	3.1	18	3.9	28	4.7	40	5.4	53	6.1	70	6.7
12	3.1	21	4.0	33	4.7	47	5.5	63	6.2	82	6.9
14	3.2	25	4.0	38	4.8	54	5.6	73	6.3	94	7.0
16	3.2	28	4.0	43	4.8	61	5.6	83	6.3	107	7.0
18	3.2	31	4.1	48	4.9	69	5.7	92	6.4	119	7.1
20	3.2	35	4.1	53	4.9	76	5.7	102	6.4	132	7.2
22	3.2	38	4.1	59	4.9	83	5.7	112	6.5	144	
24	3.2	41	4.1	64	5.0	91	5.8	122	6.5	157	
26			4.1	69	5.0	98	5.8	131			
28			4.2	74	5.0	105	5.8	141			
30			4.2	79	5.0	113	5.8	151			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 36 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second

Chute side slope:

2 to 1;

Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5			
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V			
2	3.4	5	4.4	8	5.2	12	6.0	17	6.8	23	7.6	30	8.3	38
4	3.7	9	4.8	15	5.7	22	6.6	30	7.5	39	8.3	50	9.1	62
6	3.9	14	5.0	21	6.0	31	6.9	42	7.9	55	8.7	70		
8	4.0	18	5.1	28	6.1	40	7.1	55	8.1	71	9.0	90		
10	4.0	22	5.2	35	6.3	50	7.3	68	8.3	88				
12	4.1	26	5.2	41	6.3	59	7.4	80	8.4	104				
14	4.1	31	5.3	48	6.4	69	7.5	93	8.5	121				
16	4.1	35	5.3	55	6.5	79	7.5	106	8.6	137				
18	4.1	39	5.3	62	6.5	88	7.6	119	8.6	154				
20	4.2	44	5.4	68	6.5	98	7.6	132						
22	4.2	48	5.4	75	6.6	107	7.7	145						
24	4.2	52	5.4	82	6.6	117	7.7	158						
26			5.4	89	6.6	127								
28			5.4	95	6.6	136								
30			5.4	102	6.6	146								

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second

Chute side slope:

3 to 1;

Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5					
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V					
2	3.3	6	4.2	10	5.1	15	5.9	21	6.7	28	7.4	37	8.2	48	8.9	60
4	3.6	10	4.6	16	5.5	24	6.4	33	7.3	44	8.1	56	8.8	71		
6	3.8	14	4.8	23	5.8	33	6.7	45	7.6	60	8.5	76				
8	3.9	18	5.0	29	6.0	42	7.0	58	7.9	76	8.8	96				
10	4.0	23	5.1	36	6.1	52	7.1	71	8.1	92						
12	4.0	27	5.1	43	6.2	61	7.2	83	8.2	109						
14	4.0	31	5.2	49	6.3	71	7.3	96	8.3	125						
16	4.1	36	5.2	56	6.3	80	7.4	109	8.4	141						
18	4.1	40	5.3	63	6.4	90	7.5	122	8.5	158						
20	4.1	44	5.3	69	6.4	99	7.5	135								
22	4.1	49	5.3	76	6.5	109	7.6	147								
24	4.1	53	5.3	83	6.5	119	7.6	160								
26			5.4	90	6.5	128										
28			5.4	96	6.5	138										
30			5.4	103	6.6	147										

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 37 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Chute profile slopes: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V	Q	
2	3.1	5	4.0	8	4.8	11	5.5	16	6.2	21	6.9	28
4	3.4	9	4.3	14	5.2	20	6.0	27	6.8	36	7.6	45
6	3.5	12	4.5	20	5.5	28	6.3	39	7.2	50	8.0	64
8	3.6	16	4.6	26	5.6	37	6.5	50	7.4	65	8.2	82
10	3.7	20	4.7	32	5.7	46	6.7	62	7.6	80	8.4	101
12	3.7	24	4.8	38	5.8	54	6.7	73	7.7	95	8.6	120
14	3.7	28	4.8	44	5.8	63	6.8	85	7.8	110	8.7	139
16	3.8	32	4.9	50	5.9	72	6.9	97	7.8	125	8.7	157
18	3.8	36	4.9	56	5.9	81	6.9	109	7.9	141		
20	3.8	40	4.9	62	6.0	89	7.0	120	7.9	156		
22	3.8	44	4.9	69	6.0	98	7.0	132				
24	3.8	48	4.9	75	6.0	107	7.0	144				
26			5.0	81	6.0	116	7.1	156				
28			5.0	87	6.0	124						
30			5.0	93	6.1	133						

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Chute profile slopes: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V	Q	
2	3.0	5	3.9	9	4.7	13	5.4	19	6.1	26	6.8	34
4	3.3	9	4.2	15	5.1	22	5.9	30	6.6	40	7.4	51
6	3.5	13	4.4	21	5.3	30	6.2	41	7.0	54	7.7	70
8	3.5	17	4.5	27	5.5	39	6.3	53	7.2	69	8.0	88
10	3.6	21	4.6	33	5.6	47	6.5	64	7.4	84	8.2	106
12	3.7	25	4.7	39	5.7	56	6.6	76	7.5	99	8.3	125
14	3.7	29	4.7	45	5.7	65	6.7	88	7.6	114	8.5	144
16	3.7	33	4.8	51	5.8	73	6.8	99	7.7	129	8.6	163
18	3.7	36	4.8	57	5.8	82	6.8	111	7.7	144		
20	3.8	40	4.8	63	5.9	91	6.9	123	7.8	159		
22	3.8	44	4.9	69	5.9	100	6.9	135				
24	3.8	48	4.9	76	5.9	108	6.9	146				
26			4.9	82	6.0	117	7.0	158				
28			4.9	88	6.0	126						
30			4.9	94	6.0	135						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 38 of 54  
(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.9	4	3.7	7	4.4	11	5.1	15	5.8	20	6.4
4	3.2	8	4.0	13	4.8	18	5.6	25	6.3	33	7.0
6	3.3	11	4.2	18	5.1	26	5.9	36	6.6	47	7.4
8	3.4	15	4.3	24	5.2	34	6.0	46	6.8	60	7.6
10	3.4	19	4.4	29	5.3	42	6.2	57	7.0	74	7.8
12	3.4	22	4.4	35	5.4	50	6.2	68	7.1	88	7.9
14	3.5	26	4.5	41	5.4	58	6.3	79	7.2	102	8.0
16	3.5	30	4.5	46	5.5	66	6.4	90	7.3	116	8.1
18	3.5	33	4.5	52	5.5	75	6.4	101	7.3	130	8.2
20	3.5	37	4.5	58	5.5	83	6.5	112	7.4	144	
22	3.5	41	4.6	63	5.5	91	6.5	122	7.4	158	
24	3.5	44	4.6	69	5.6	99	6.5	133			
26			4.6	75	5.6	107	6.5	144			
28			4.6	81	5.6	115	6.6	155			
30			4.6	86	5.6	123					

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.8	5	3.6	8	4.3	12	5.0	18	5.6	24	6.3
4	3.1	8	3.9	14	4.7	20	5.4	28	6.1	37	6.8
6	3.2	12	4.1	19	4.9	28	5.7	38	6.4	50	7.2
8	3.3	16	4.2	25	5.1	36	5.9	49	6.7	64	7.4
10	3.3	19	4.3	30	5.2	44	6.0	60	6.8	78	7.6
12	3.4	23	4.3	36	5.2	52	6.1	70	6.9	92	7.7
14	3.4	26	4.4	42	5.3	60	6.2	81	7.0	106	7.8
16	3.4	30	4.4	47	5.4	68	6.3	92	7.1	120	7.9
18	3.5	34	4.5	53	5.4	76	6.3	103	7.2	134	
20	3.5	37	4.5	59	5.4	84	6.3	114	7.2	148	
22	3.5	41	4.5	64	5.5	92	6.4	125	7.3	162	
24	3.5	45	4.5	70	5.5	100	6.4	136			
26			4.5	76	5.5	108	6.4	146			
28			4.5	81	5.5	116	6.5	157			
30			4.6	87	5.5	125					

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 39 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second

Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.7	4	3.4	7	4.1	10	4.8	14	5.4	18	6.0
4	3.0	7	3.8	12	4.5	17	5.2	23	5.9	31	6.6
6	3.1	11	3.9	17	4.7	24	5.5	33	6.2	44	6.9
8	3.1	14	4.0	22	4.9	32	5.6	43	6.4	56	7.1
10	3.2	18	4.1	27	4.9	39	5.8	53	6.5	69	7.3
12	3.2	21	4.1	33	5.0	47	5.8	64	6.6	82	7.4
14	3.2	24	4.2	38	5.1	55	5.9	74	6.7	96	7.5
16	3.3	28	4.2	43	5.1	62	6.0	84	6.8	109	7.6
18	3.3	31	4.2	49	5.1	70	6.0	94	6.8	122	7.6
20	3.3	35	4.2	54	5.2	77	6.0	104	6.9	135	
22	3.3	38	4.3	59	5.2	85	6.1	114	6.9	148	
24	3.3	41	4.3	65	5.2	92	6.1	125	6.9	161	
26			4.3	70	5.2	100	6.1	135			
28			4.3	75	5.2	108	6.1	145			
30			4.3	81	5.2	115	6.1	155			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second

Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.6	5	3.4	8	4.0	12	4.7	16	5.3	22	5.9
4	2.9	8	3.6	13	4.4	19	5.1	26	5.7	35	6.4
6	3.0	11	3.8	18	4.6	26	5.3	36	6.0	47	6.7
8	3.1	15	3.9	23	4.7	33	5.5	46	6.2	60	6.9
10	3.1	18	4.0	28	4.8	41	5.6	56	6.4	73	7.1
12	3.2	21	4.1	34	4.9	48	5.7	66	6.5	86	7.2
14	3.2	25	4.1	39	5.0	56	5.8	76	6.6	99	7.3
16	3.2	28	4.1	44	5.0	64	5.8	86	6.6	112	7.4
18	3.2	32	4.2	50	5.1	71	5.9	96	6.7	125	7.5
20	3.3	35	4.2	55	5.1	79	5.9	106	6.8	138	
22	3.3	38	4.2	60	5.1	86	6.0	117	6.8	151	
24	3.3	42	4.2	65	5.1	94	6.0	127			
26			4.2	71	5.2	101	6.0	137			
28			4.3	76	5.2	109	6.1	147			
30			4.3	81	5.2	117	6.1	157			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 40 of 54  
(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.6	4	3.2	6	3.9	9	4.5	13	5.1	17	5.6
4	2.8	7	3.5	11	4.3	16	4.9	22	5.6	29	6.2
6	2.9	10	3.7	16	4.5	23	5.2	31	5.9	41	6.5
8	3.0	13	3.8	21	4.6	30	5.3	41	6.0	53	6.7
10	3.0	17	3.9	26	4.7	37	5.4	50	6.2	65	6.9
12	3.0	20	3.9	31	4.7	44	5.5	60	6.3	78	7.0
14	3.1	23	3.9	36	4.8	51	5.6	70	6.3	90	7.1
16	3.1	26	4.0	41	4.8	59	5.6	79	6.4	102	7.1
18	3.1	29	4.0	46	4.8	66	5.7	89	6.4	115	7.2
20	3.1	33	4.0	51	4.9	73	5.7	98	6.5	127	7.2
22	3.1	36	4.0	56	4.9	80	5.7	108	6.5	140	
24	3.1	39	4.0	61	4.9	87	5.7	118	6.5	152	
26			4.0	66	4.9	94	5.8	127			
28			4.1	71	4.9	102	5.8	137			
30			4.1	76	4.9	109	5.8	146			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.5	4	3.2	7	3.8	11	4.4	15	5.0	21	5.5
4	2.7	7	3.4	12	4.1	18	4.8	25	5.4	33	6.0
6	2.8	11	3.6	17	4.3	25	5.0	34	5.7	44	6.3
8	2.9	14	3.7	22	4.5	32	5.2	43	5.9	57	6.5
10	2.9	17	3.8	27	4.6	39	5.3	53	6.0	69	6.7
12	3.0	20	3.8	32	4.6	46	5.4	62	6.1	81	6.8
14	3.0	23	3.9	37	4.7	53	5.5	72	6.2	93	6.9
16	3.0	27	3.9	42	4.7	60	5.5	81	6.3	105	7.0
18	3.1	30	3.9	47	4.8	67	5.6	91	6.3	118	7.1
20	3.1	33	4.0	52	4.8	74	5.6	100	6.4	130	7.1
22	3.1	36	4.0	57	4.8	81	5.6	110	6.4	143	
24	3.1	39	4.0	62	4.8	88	5.7	120	6.4	155	
26			4.0	67	4.9	96	5.7	129			
28			4.0	72	4.9	103	5.7	139			
30			4.0	77	4.9	110	5.7	148			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 41 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.4	4	3.1	6	3.7	9	4.3	12	4.8	17	5.4
4	2.6	7	3.4	10	4.0	15	4.7	21	5.3	28	5.9
6	2.7	10	3.5	15	4.2	22	4.9	30	5.6	39	6.2
8	2.8	13	3.6	20	4.3	29	5.1	39	5.7	51	6.4
10	2.8	16	3.7	25	4.4	35	5.2	48	5.8	62	6.5
12	2.9	19	3.7	29	4.5	42	5.2	57	5.9	74	6.6
14	2.9	22	3.7	34	4.5	49	5.3	66	6.0	85	6.7
16	2.9	25	3.8	39	4.6	56	5.3	75	6.1	97	6.8
18	2.9	28	3.8	44	4.6	62	5.4	84	6.1	109	6.8
20	2.9	31	3.8	48	4.6	69	5.4	93	6.2	121	6.9
22	3.0	34	3.8	53	4.6	76	5.4	102	6.2	132	
24	3.0	37	3.8	58	4.7	83	5.4	112	6.2	144	
26			3.8	63	4.7	90	5.5	121	6.2	156	
28			3.8	67	4.7	96	5.5	130			
30			3.9	72	4.7	103	5.5	139			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 10 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 8.8 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.4	4	3.0	7	3.6	10	4.2	15	4.7	20	5.3
4	2.6	7	3.3	11	3.9	17	4.5	23	5.1	31	5.7
6	2.7	10	3.4	16	4.1	23	4.8	32	5.4	42	6.0
8	2.7	13	3.5	21	4.2	30	4.9	41	5.6	54	6.2
10	2.8	16	3.6	25	4.3	37	5.0	50	5.7	65	6.3
12	2.8	19	3.6	30	4.4	43	5.1	59	5.8	77	6.5
14	2.9	22	3.7	35	4.4	50	5.2	68	5.9	88	6.6
16	2.9	25	3.7	40	4.5	57	5.2	77	5.9	100	6.6
18	2.9	28	3.7	44	4.5	64	5.3	86	6.0	112	6.7
20	2.9	31	3.7	49	4.5	70	5.9	95	6.0	123	6.7
22	2.9	34	3.8	54	4.6	77	5.3	104	6.1	135	
24	2.9	37	3.8	59	4.6	84	5.4	113	6.1	147	
26			3.8	63	4.6	91	5.4	123	6.1	159	
28			3.8	68	4.6	97	5.4	132			
30			3.8	73	4.6	104	5.4	141			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 42 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.1	5	4.0	8	4.8	12	5.6	16	6.4	22	7.1
4	3.4	8	4.4	14	5.3	20	6.2	28	7.0	37	7.8
6	3.5	12	4.6	20	5.5	29	6.5	39	7.4	52	8.2
8	3.6	16	4.7	26	5.7	37	6.7	51	7.6	67	8.5
10	3.6	20	4.7	32	5.8	46	6.8	63	7.8	83	8.7
12	3.7	24	4.8	38	5.9	55	6.9	75	7.9	98	8.8
14	3.7	28	4.8	44	5.9	64	7.0	87	8.0	114	8.9
16	3.7	32	4.9	50	6.0	73	7.0	99	8.1	129	9.0
18	3.7	36	4.9	57	6.0	82	7.1	111	8.1	145	
20	3.8	39	4.9	63	6.1	91	7.1	123	8.2	160	
22	3.8	43	5.0	69	6.1	100	7.2	135			
24	3.8	47	5.0	75	6.1	109	7.2	147			
26			5.0	81	6.1	117	7.2	159			
28			5.0	87	6.1	126					
30			5.0	94	6.2	135					

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 5 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	3.0	5	3.9	9	4.7	14	5.5	19	6.3	27	7.0
4	3.3	9	4.2	15	5.1	22	6.0	31	6.8	41	7.6
6	3.4	13	4.4	21	5.4	31	6.3	42	7.2	56	8.0
8	3.5	17	4.6	27	5.6	39	6.5	54	7.4	71	8.3
10	3.6	21	4.6	33	5.7	48	6.6	66	7.6	87	8.5
12	3.6	24	4.7	39	5.8	57	6.8	78	7.7	102	8.6
14	3.7	28	4.8	45	5.8	66	6.8	90	7.8	117	8.7
16	3.7	32	4.8	51	5.9	75	6.9	102	7.9	133	8.8
18	3.7	36	4.8	58	5.9	83	7.0	114	8.0	148	
20	3.7	40	4.9	64	6.0	92	7.0	126	8.0	164	
22	3.7	44	4.9	70	6.0	101	7.1	138			
24	3.7	48	4.9	76	6.0	110	7.1	150			
26			4.9	82	6.0	119	7.1	162			
28			4.9	88	6.1	128					
30			5.0	95	6.1	137					

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 43 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slopes: 2 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second

Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	2.8	4	3.7	7	4.4	11	5.2	15	5.9	20	6.5	26
4	3.1	8	4.0	12	4.8	18	5.6	25	6.4	33	7.1	43
6	3.2	11	4.2	18	5.1	26	5.9	36	6.7	47	7.5	60
8	3.3	15	4.3	24	5.2	34	6.1	47	6.9	61	7.8	78
10	3.3	18	4.3	29	5.3	42	6.2	58	7.1	75	7.9	95
12	3.4	22	4.4	35	5.4	50	6.3	69	7.2	89	8.1	113
14	3.4	25	4.4	40	5.4	58	6.4	80	7.3	104	8.2	131
16	3.4	29	4.5	46	5.5	67	6.4	91	7.4	118	8.2	148
18	3.4	32	4.5	52	5.5	75	6.5	102	7.4	132	8.3	166
20	3.4	36	4.5	57	5.5	83	6.5	113	7.5	146		
22	3.4	40	4.5	63	5.6	91	6.5	124	7.5	161		
24	3.5	43	4.5	69	5.6	99	6.6	135				
26			4.5	74	5.6	107	6.6	146				
28			4.6	80	5.6	115	6.6	157				
30			4.6	85	5.6	123						

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slopes: 3 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second

Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	
2	2.8	5	3.6	8	4.3	12	5.0	18	5.7	24	6.4	32
4	3.0	8	3.9	13	4.7	20	5.5	28	6.2	38	6.9	49
6	3.1	12	4.0	19	4.9	28	5.7	39	6.5	51	7.3	66
8	3.2	15	4.2	24	5.1	36	5.9	49	6.8	65	7.5	83
10	3.3	19	4.2	30	5.2	44	6.1	60	6.9	79	7.7	100
12	3.3	22	4.3	36	5.3	52	6.2	71	7.0	93	7.9	118
14	3.3	26	4.4	41	5.3	60	6.2	82	7.1	107	8.0	136
16	3.4	29	4.4	47	5.4	68	6.3	93	7.2	121	8.1	153
18	3.4	33	4.4	52	5.4	76	6.4	104	7.3	136		
20	3.4	36	4.4	58	5.4	84	6.4	115	7.3	150		
22	3.4	40	4.5	64	5.5	92	6.4	126	7.4	164		
24	3.4	44	4.5	69	5.5	100	6.5	137				
26			4.5	75	5.5	109	6.5	148				
28			4.5	81	5.5	117	6.5	159				
30			4.5	86	5.6	125						

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 44 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.6	4	3.4	6	4.1	10	4.8	14	5.4	19	6.0
4	2.8	7	3.7	12	4.5	17	5.2	23	5.9	31	6.6
6	3.0	10	3.8	17	4.7	24	5.5	33	6.2	44	7.0
8	3.0	14	3.9	22	4.8	32	5.6	43	6.4	57	7.2
10	3.1	17	4.0	27	4.9	39	5.8	53	6.6	70	7.3
12	3.1	20	4.1	32	5.0	47	5.8	64	6.7	83	7.5
14	3.1	23	4.1	37	5.0	54	5.9	74	6.7	96	7.6
16	3.2	27	4.1	43	5.1	62	6.0	84	6.8	109	7.6
18	3.2	30	4.2	48	5.1	69	6.0	94	6.9	122	7.7
20	3.2	33	4.2	53	5.1	77	6.0	104	6.9	135	
22	3.2	37	4.2	58	5.1	84	6.1	114	6.9	149	
24	3.2	40	4.2	63	5.2	92	6.1	125	7.0	162	
26			4.2	69	5.2	99	6.1	135			
28			4.2	74	5.2	107	6.1	145			
30			4.2	79	5.2	114	6.1	155			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.5	4	3.3	8	4.0	11	4.7	16	5.3	22	5.9
4	2.8	8	3.6	12	4.3	19	5.1	26	5.8	35	6.4
6	2.9	11	3.7	18	4.6	26	5.3	36	6.1	47	6.7
8	3.0	14	3.9	23	4.7	33	5.5	46	6.3	60	7.0
10	3.0	17	3.9	28	4.8	41	5.6	56	6.4	73	7.1
12	3.1	21	4.0	33	4.9	48	5.7	66	6.5	86	7.3
14	3.1	24	4.0	38	4.9	56	5.8	76	6.6	99	7.4
16	3.1	27	4.1	43	5.0	63	5.8	86	6.7	112	7.5
18	3.1	30	4.1	49	5.0	70	5.9	96	6.7	125	7.5
20	3.1	34	4.1	54	5.0	78	5.9	106	6.8	139	
22	3.2	37	4.1	59	5.1	86	6.0	116	6.8	152	
24	3.2	40	4.1	64	5.1	93	6.0	127			
26			4.2	69	5.1	101	6.0	137			
28			4.2	75	5.1	108	6.0	147			
30			4.2	80	5.1	116	6.1	157			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 45 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size: 11 inches;				Chute side slopes: 2 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;				
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second								Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs				
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	2.5	4	3.2	6	3.8	9	4.5	13	5.1	17	5.6	23
4	2.7	7	3.5	11	4.2	16	4.9	22	5.6	29	6.2	37
6	2.8	10	3.6	16	4.4	23	5.1	31	5.8	41	6.5	52
8	2.8	13	3.7	20	4.5	30	5.3	41	6.0	53	6.7	67
10	2.9	16	3.8	25	4.6	37	5.4	50	6.1	65	6.9	82
12	2.9	19	3.8	30	4.6	44	5.5	59	6.2	77	7.0	98
14	2.9	22	3.8	35	4.7	51	5.5	69	6.3	90	7.1	113
16	2.9	25	3.9	40	4.7	58	5.6	78	6.4	102	7.1	129
18	3.0	28	3.9	45	4.8	65	5.6	88	6.4	114	7.2	144
20	3.0	31	3.9	50	4.8	72	5.6	97	6.5	127	7.3	160
22	3.0	34	3.9	54	4.8	79	5.7	107	6.5	139		
24	3.0	37	3.9	59	4.8	86	5.7	117	6.5	151		
26			3.9	64	4.8	93	5.7	126				
28			3.9	69	4.9	100	5.7	136				
30			4.0	74	4.9	107	5.7	145				

Rock d50 size: 11 inches;				Chute side slopes: 3 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 8 to 1;				
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second								Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs				
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	2.4	4	3.1	7	3.7	11	4.4	15	5.0	21	5.5	28
4	2.6	7	3.3	12	4.1	17	4.7	24	5.4	32	6.0	42
6	2.7	10	3.5	16	4.3	24	5.0	33	5.7	44	6.3	57
8	2.8	13	3.6	21	4.4	31	5.1	43	5.8	56	6.5	72
10	2.8	16	3.7	26	4.5	38	5.3	52	6.0	68	6.7	87
12	2.9	19	3.7	31	4.6	45	5.3	62	6.1	81	6.8	102
14	2.9	22	3.8	36	4.6	52	5.4	71	6.2	93	6.9	117
16	2.9	25	3.8	41	4.7	59	5.5	80	6.2	105	7.0	133
18	2.9	29	3.8	45	4.7	66	5.5	90	6.3	117	7.1	148
20	2.9	32	3.8	50	4.7	73	5.5	99	6.3	130	7.1	164
22	3.0	35	3.9	55	4.7	80	5.6	109	6.4	142		
24	3.0	38	3.9	60	4.8	87	5.6	118	6.4	154		
26			3.9	65	4.8	94	5.6	128				
28			3.9	70	4.8	101	5.7	137				
30			3.9	75	4.8	108	5.7	147				

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 46 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slopes: 9 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.3	3	3.0	6	3.6	9	4.2	12	4.8	16	5.3
4	2.5	6	3.3	10	3.9	15	4.6	21	5.2	27	5.8
6	2.6	9	3.4	15	4.1	21	4.8	29	5.5	39	6.1
8	2.7	12	3.5	19	4.2	28	5.0	38	5.7	50	6.3
10	2.7	15	3.5	24	4.3	35	5.1	47	5.8	62	6.5
12	2.7	18	3.6	28	4.4	41	5.1	56	5.9	73	6.6
14	2.8	21	3.6	33	4.4	48	5.2	65	6.0	85	6.7
16	2.8	24	3.6	38	4.5	54	5.3	74	6.0	96	6.7
18	2.8	27	3.7	42	4.5	61	5.3	83	6.1	109	6.8
20	2.8	29	3.7	47	4.5	68	5.3	92	6.1	119	6.8
22	2.8	32	3.7	51	4.5	74	5.3	101	6.1	131	
24	2.8	35	3.7	56	4.5	81	5.4	110	6.1	143	
26			3.7	61	4.6	88	5.4	119	6.2	154	
28			3.7	65	4.6	94	5.4	128			
30			3.7	70	4.6	101	5.4	137			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 11 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slopes: 9 to 1;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.2	4	2.9	7	3.5	10	4.1	14	4.7	20	5.2
4	2.4	7	3.2	11	3.8	16	4.5	23	5.1	31	5.7
6	2.5	10	3.3	15	4.0	23	4.7	32	5.3	42	6.0
8	2.6	12	3.4	20	4.1	29	4.8	40	5.5	53	6.2
10	2.7	15	3.5	25	4.2	36	5.0	49	5.6	65	6.3
12	2.7	18	3.5	29	4.3	42	5.0	58	5.7	76	6.4
14	2.7	21	3.6	34	4.3	49	5.1	67	5.8	88	6.5
16	2.7	24	3.6	38	4.4	56	5.2	76	5.9	99	6.6
18	2.8	27	3.6	43	4.4	62	5.2	85	5.9	111	6.7
20	2.8	30	3.6	47	4.4	69	5.2	94	6.0	122	6.7
22	2.8	33	3.6	52	4.5	75	5.3	103	6.0	134	
24	2.8	36	3.7	57	4.5	82	5.3	112	6.1	145	
26			3.7	61	4.5	89	5.3	121	6.1	157	
28			3.7	66	4.5	96	5.3	130			
30			3.7	70	4.5	102	5.3	139			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 47 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size: 11 inches;

Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.2	3	2.8	5	3.4	8	4.0	12	4.5	16	5.1
4	2.4	6	3.1	10	3.7	14	4.4	20	5.0	26	5.5
6	2.5	9	3.2	14	3.9	20	4.6	28	5.2	37	5.8
8	2.5	11	3.3	18	4.0	27	4.7	36	5.4	47	6.0
10	2.6	14	3.4	23	4.1	33	4.8	45	5.5	58	6.1
12	2.6	17	3.4	27	4.2	39	4.9	53	5.6	69	6.2
14	2.6	20	3.4	31	4.2	45	4.9	62	5.6	80	6.3
16	2.6	22	3.5	36	4.2	52	5.0	70	5.7	91	6.4
18	2.6	25	3.5	40	4.3	58	5.0	79	5.7	102	6.4
20	2.7	28	3.5	44	4.3	64	5.0	87	5.8	113	6.5
22	2.7	31	3.5	49	4.3	70	5.1	96	5.8	124	6.5
24	2.7	33	3.5	53	4.3	77	5.1	104	5.8	135	
26			3.5	57	4.3	83	5.1	113	5.9	147	
28			3.5	62	4.3	89	5.1	121	5.9	158	
30			3.5	66	4.4	96	5.1	130			

Rock d50 size: 11 inches;

Maximum allowable velocity: 9.2 feet per second

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.1	4	2.8	6	3.3	10	3.9	14	4.4	19	5.0
4	2.3	6	3.0	10	3.6	16	4.2	22	4.8	29	5.4
6	2.4	9	3.1	15	3.8	22	4.5	30	5.1	40	5.6
8	2.5	12	3.2	19	3.9	28	4.6	38	5.2	50	5.8
10	2.5	15	3.3	23	4.0	34	4.7	47	5.4	61	6.0
12	2.6	17	3.3	28	4.1	40	4.8	55	5.4	72	6.1
14	2.6	20	3.4	32	4.1	46	4.8	63	5.5	83	6.2
16	2.6	23	3.4	36	4.2	53	4.9	72	5.6	94	6.3
18	2.6	26	3.4	41	4.2	59	4.9	80	5.6	105	6.3
20	2.6	28	3.4	45	4.2	65	5.0	89	5.7	116	6.4
22	2.6	31	3.5	49	4.2	72	5.0	97	5.7	127	6.4
24	2.6	34	3.5	54	4.3	78	5.0	106	5.7	138	
26			3.5	58	4.3	84	5.0	114	5.8	149	
28			3.5	62	4.3	90	5.1	123	5.8	160	
30			3.5	67	4.3	97	5.1	132			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 48 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size: 12 inches; Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second				Chute side slope: 2 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 5 to 1; Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs												
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5									
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V									
2	2.8	4	3.7	7	4.5	11	5.3	15	6.0	21	6.8	27	7.4	34	8.1	43	8.8	52	9.4	63
4	3.0	8	4.0	13	4.9	19	5.8	26	6.6	34	7.4	44	8.1	56	8.9	68	9.6	82	10.3	98
6	3.2	11	4.2	18	5.1	27	6.1	37	6.9	49	7.8	62	8.6	77	9.3	94	10.1	113		
8	3.2	15	4.3	24	5.3	35	6.2	48	7.2	63	8.0	80	8.9	99	9.7	121				
10	3.3	18	4.4	29	5.4	43	6.4	59	7.3	78	8.2	99	9.1	122						
12	3.3	22	4.4	35	5.5	51	6.5	70	7.4	92	8.3	117	9.2	144						
14	3.3	25	4.5	41	5.5	59	6.5	82	7.5	107	8.5	135	9.4	167						
16	3.4	29	4.5	46	5.6	68	6.6	93	7.6	121	8.5	154								
18	3.4	32	4.5	52	5.6	76	6.6	104	7.6	136										
20	3.4	36	4.5	58	5.6	84	6.7	115	7.7	151										
22	3.4	39	4.5	63	5.6	93	6.7	127												
24	3.4	43	4.6	69	5.7	101	6.7	138												
26			4.6	75	5.7	109	6.8	149												
28			4.6	80	5.7	117	6.8	161												
30			4.6	86	5.7	126														

Rock d50 size: 12 inches; Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second				Chute side slope: 3 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 5 to 1; Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs												
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5									
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V									
2	2.7	5	3.6	8	4.4	13	5.2	18	5.9	25	6.6	33	7.3	43	8.0	54	8.6	66	9.3	81
4	3.0	8	3.9	14	4.8	20	5.6	29	6.4	39	7.2	50	7.9	64	8.6	79	9.3	96		
6	3.1	12	4.1	19	5.0	28	5.9	40	6.7	53	7.5	68	8.3	85	9.1	105				
8	3.2	15	4.2	25	5.2	36	6.1	51	7.0	67	7.8	86	8.6	107	9.4	131				
10	3.2	19	4.3	30	5.3	45	6.2	62	7.1	81	8.0	104	8.8	129	9.6	157				
12	3.3	22	4.3	36	5.4	53	6.3	73	7.3	96	8.1	122	9.0	151						
14	3.3	26	4.4	42	5.4	61	6.4	84	7.3	110	8.3	140								
16	3.3	29	4.4	47	5.5	69	6.5	95	7.4	125	8.4	159								
18	3.3	33	4.4	53	5.5	77	6.5	106	7.5	140										
20	3.4	36	4.5	58	5.5	86	6.6	118	7.6	154										
22	3.4	40	4.5	64	5.6	94	6.6	129												
24	3.4	43	4.5	70	5.6	102	6.6	140												
26			4.5	75	5.6	111	6.7	151												
28			4.5	81	5.6	119														
30			4.6	87	5.7	127														

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 49 of 54

(EEM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 12 inches;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second

Chute side slope: 2 to 1;

Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.6	4	3.4	6	4.1	10	4.8	14	5.5	19	6.2
4	2.8	7	3.7	11	4.5	17	5.3	24	6.0	31	6.7
6	2.9	10	3.8	16	4.7	24	5.5	34	6.3	44	7.1
8	3.0	13	3.9	22	4.8	32	5.7	44	6.5	58	7.3
10	3.0	16	4.0	27	4.9	39	5.8	54	6.7	71	7.5
12	3.0	20	4.0	32	5.0	47	5.9	64	6.8	84	7.6
14	3.1	23	4.1	37	5.0	54	6.0	74	6.9	98	7.7
16	3.1	26	4.1	42	5.1	62	6.0	85	6.9	111	7.8
18	3.1	29	4.1	47	5.1	69	6.1	95	7.0	124	7.9
20	3.1	33	4.1	53	5.1	77	6.1	105	7.0	138	
22	3.1	36	4.2	58	5.2	84	6.1	116	7.1	151	
24	3.1	39	4.2	63	5.2	92	6.1	126			
26			4.2	68	5.2	100	6.2	136			
28			4.2	73	5.2	107	6.2	147			
30			4.2	79	5.2	115	6.2	157			

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 12 inches;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second

Chute side slope: 3 to 1;

Chute profile slope: 6 to 1;  
Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.5	4	3.3	7	4.0	12	4.7	17	5.4	23	6.0
4	2.7	7	3.6	12	4.4	19	5.1	26	5.9	35	6.6
6	2.8	11	3.7	17	4.6	26	5.4	36	6.1	48	6.9
8	2.9	14	3.8	22	4.7	33	5.6	46	6.4	61	7.1
10	2.9	17	3.9	28	4.8	41	5.7	56	6.5	74	7.3
12	3.0	20	4.0	33	4.9	48	5.8	66	6.6	88	7.4
14	3.0	23	4.0	38	4.9	56	5.8	77	6.7	101	7.5
16	3.0	26	4.0	43	5.0	63	5.9	87	6.8	114	7.6
18	3.0	30	4.1	48	5.0	71	6.0	97	6.8	128	7.7
20	3.1	33	4.1	53	5.1	78	6.0	107	6.9	141	
22	3.1	36	4.1	59	5.1	86	6.0	118	6.9	154	
24	3.1	39	4.1	64	5.1	93	6.1	128			
26			4.1	69	5.1	101	6.1	138			
28			4.1	74	5.1	108	6.1	149			
30			4.2	79	5.2	116	6.1	159			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 50 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size; 12 inches; Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second				Chute side slope: 2 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 7 to 1; Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs														
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5											
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V											
2	2.4	4	3.1	6	3.8	9	4.5	13	5.1	17	5.7	23	6.3	29	6.9	36	7.4	44	7.9	53	8.5	63
4	2.6	6	3.4	11	4.2	16	4.9	22	5.6	29	6.2	37	6.9	47	7.5	58	8.1	69	8.7	83	9.2	97
6	2.7	9	3.5	15	4.4	23	5.1	31	5.9	41	6.6	53	7.2	65	7.9	80	8.5	95	9.1	113	9.7	131
8	2.7	12	3.6	20	4.5	29	5.3	41	6.0	53	6.8	68	7.5	84	8.2	102	8.8	122	9.5	143		
10	2.8	15	3.7	25	4.6	36	5.4	50	6.2	66	6.9	83	7.7	103	8.4	125	9.1	148	9.7	174		
12	2.8	18	3.7	30	4.6	43	5.5	59	6.3	78	7.1	99	7.8	122	8.5	147	9.2	175				
14	2.8	21	3.8	34	4.7	50	5.5	69	6.4	90	7.1	114	7.9	141	8.7	170						
16	2.8	24	3.8	39	4.7	57	5.6	78	6.4	103	7.2	130	8.0	160								
18	2.9	27	3.8	44	4.7	64	5.6	88	6.5	115	7.3	146										
20	2.9	30	3.8	49	4.8	71	5.6	97	6.5	127	7.3	161										
22	2.9	33	3.8	54	4.8	78	5.7	107	6.5	140												
24	2.9	36	3.9	58	4.8	85	5.7	117	6.6	152												
26			3.9	63	4.8	92	5.7	126														
28			3.9	68	4.8	99	5.7	136														
30			3.9	73	4.8	106	5.7	145														

Rock d50 size: 12 inches;  
Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second

Chute side slope: 3 to 1;

Chute profile slope: 7 to 1;

Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5											
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V											
2	2.3	4	3.0	7	3.7	11	4.4	15	5.0	21	5.6	28	6.2	36	6.8	45	7.3	56	7.8	68	8.4	82
4	2.5	7	3.3	11	4.0	17	4.7	24	5.4	33	6.1	42	6.7	54	7.3	67	7.9	81	8.4	97	9.0	115
6	2.6	10	3.4	16	4.2	24	5.0	33	5.7	45	6.4	57	7.0	72	7.7	88	8.3	107	8.9	127	9.5	149
8	2.7	13	3.5	21	4.4	31	5.1	43	5.9	57	6.6	73	7.3	90	7.9	110	8.6	133	9.2	157		
10	2.7	16	3.6	26	4.5	38	5.3	52	6.0	69	6.8	88	7.5	109	8.1	133	8.8	159				
12	2.8	19	3.7	30	4.5	45	5.3	62	6.1	81	6.9	103	7.6	128	8.3	155						
14	2.8	22	3.7	35	4.6	52	5.4	71	6.2	93	7.0	119	7.7	147								
16	2.8	25	3.7	40	4.6	59	5.5	80	6.3	106	7.1	134	7.8	166								
18	2.8	27	3.8	45	4.7	65	5.5	90	6.3	118	7.1	150										
20	2.8	30	3.8	49	4.7	72	5.6	99	6.4	130	7.2	165										
22	2.8	33	3.8	54	4.7	79	5.6	109	6.4	143												
24	2.9	36	3.8	59	4.7	86	5.6	118	6.5	155												
26			3.8	64	4.7	93	5.6	128														
28			3.8	69	4.8	100	5.7	138														
30			3.8	73	4.8	107	5.7	147														

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 51 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d50 size: 12 inches; Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second				Chute side slope: 2 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 8 to 1; Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs			
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
2	2.2	3	2.9	6	3.6	8	4.2	12	4.8	16	5.3
4	2.4	6	3.2	10	3.9	15	4.6	20	5.2	27	5.8
6	2.5	9	3.3	14	4.1	21	4.8	29	5.5	39	6.1
8	2.6	12	3.4	19	4.2	28	4.9	38	5.7	50	6.3
10	2.6	14	3.4	23	4.3	34	5.0	47	5.8	61	6.5
12	2.6	17	3.5	28	4.3	41	5.1	56	5.9	73	6.6
14	2.6	20	3.5	32	4.4	47	5.2	64	5.9	84	6.7
16	2.7	23	3.5	37	4.4	54	5.2	73	6.0	96	6.8
18	2.7	25	3.6	41	4.4	60	5.2	82	6.0	108	6.8
20	2.7	28	3.6	46	4.4	67	5.3	91	6.1	119	6.9
22	2.7	31	3.6	50	4.5	73	5.3	100	6.1	131	
24	2.7	34	3.6	55	4.5	80	5.3	109	6.1	143	
26			3.6	59	4.5	86	5.3	118	6.2	154	
28			3.6	64	4.5	93	5.4	127			
30			3.6	68	4.5	99	5.4	136			

Rock d50 size: 12 inches; Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second				Chute side slope: 3 to 1;				Chute profile slope: 8 to 1; Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs			
d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5
b	V	Q	V	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q
2	2.1	4	2.8	6	3.5	10	4.1	14	4.7	20	5.2
4	2.3	6	3.1	11	3.8	16	4.4	23	5.1	31	5.7
6	2.4	9	3.2	15	4.0	22	4.7	31	5.3	42	6.0
8	2.5	12	3.3	19	4.1	29	4.8	40	5.5	53	6.2
10	2.5	15	3.4	24	4.2	35	4.9	49	5.6	64	6.3
12	2.6	17	3.4	28	4.2	42	5.0	58	5.7	76	6.4
14	2.6	20	3.5	33	4.3	48	5.1	66	5.8	87	6.5
16	2.6	23	3.5	37	4.3	55	5.1	75	5.9	99	6.6
18	2.6	26	3.5	42	4.4	61	5.2	84	5.9	110	6.7
20	2.7	28	3.5	46	4.4	68	5.2	93	6.0	122	6.7
22	2.7	31	3.6	51	4.4	74	5.2	102	6.0	134	
24	2.7	34	3.6	55	4.4	81	5.2	111	6.0	145	
26			3.6	60	4.4	87	5.3	120	6.1	157	
28			3.6	64	4.5	94	5.3	129			
30			3.6	69	4.5	100	5.3	138			

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 52 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 12 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V	Q	
2	2.1	3	2.7	5	3.4	8	3.9	11	4.5	15	5.0	20
4	2.3	6	3.0	9	3.7	14	4.3	19	4.9	26	5.5	33
6	2.4	8	3.1	13	3.8	20	4.5	27	5.2	36	5.8	46
8	2.4	11	3.2	18	3.9	26	4.7	36	5.3	47	6.0	60
10	2.4	13	3.3	22	4.0	32	4.7	44	5.4	58	6.1	73
12	2.5	16	3.3	26	4.1	38	4.8	52	5.5	69	6.2	87
14	2.5	19	3.3	30	4.1	44	4.9	61	5.6	80	6.3	101
16	2.5	21	3.3	35	4.1	50	4.9	69	5.7	91	6.4	115
18	2.5	24	3.4	39	4.2	57	4.9	78	5.7	101	6.4	128
20	2.5	27	3.4	43	4.2	63	5.0	86	5.7	112	6.5	142
22	2.5	29	3.4	47	4.2	69	5.0	94	5.8	123	6.5	156
24	2.5	32	3.4	51	4.2	75	5.0	103	5.8	134		
26			3.4	56	4.2	81	5.0	111	5.8	145		
28			3.4	60	4.3	87	5.1	120	5.8	156		
30			3.4	64	4.3	94	5.1	128				

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 12 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second Chute profile slope: 9 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V	Q	
2	2.0	4	2.7	6	3.3	9	3.8	14	4.4	19	4.9	25
4	2.2	6	2.9	10	3.6	15	4.2	21	4.8	29	5.4	37
6	2.3	9	3.0	14	3.7	21	4.4	30	5.0	39	5.6	51
8	2.4	11	3.1	18	3.8	27	4.5	38	5.2	50	5.8	64
10	2.4	14	3.2	23	3.9	33	4.6	46	5.3	61	6.0	77
12	2.4	16	3.2	27	4.0	39	4.7	54	5.4	71	6.1	91
14	2.5	19	3.3	31	4.0	45	4.8	63	5.5	82	6.2	105
16	2.5	22	3.3	35	4.1	52	4.8	71	5.5	93	6.2	118
18	2.5	24	3.3	39	4.1	58	4.9	79	5.6	104	6.3	132
20	2.5	27	3.3	44	4.1	64	4.9	88	5.6	115	6.3	146
22	2.5	29	3.3	48	4.2	70	4.9	96	5.7	126	6.4	160
24	2.5	32	3.4	52	4.2	76	4.9	105	5.7	137		
26			3.4	56	4.2	82	5.0	113	5.7	148		
28			3.4	60	4.2	89	5.0	121	5.7	159		
30			3.4	65	4.2	95	5.0	130				

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity

Sheet 53 of 54

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## ROCK LINED CHUTE CAPACITY

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 12 inches; Chute side slope: 2 to 1; Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V
2	2.0	3	2.6	5	3.2	8	3.7	11	4.3	15	4.8	19
4	2.2	5	2.8	9	3.5	13	4.1	18	4.7	24	5.2	31
6	2.2	8	3.0	13	3.6	19	4.3	26	4.9	34	5.5	44
8	2.3	10	3.0	17	3.7	25	4.4	34	5.1	45	5.7	57
10	2.3	13	3.1	21	3.8	30	4.5	42	5.2	55	5.8	70
12	2.3	15	3.1	25	3.9	36	4.6	50	5.3	65	5.9	83
14	2.4	18	3.1	29	3.9	42	4.6	58	5.3	76	6.0	96
16	2.4	20	3.2	33	3.9	48	4.7	66	5.4	86	6.0	109
18	2.4	23	3.2	37	4.0	54	4.7	74	5.4	96	6.1	122
20	2.4	25	3.2	41	4.0	60	4.7	82	5.4	107	6.1	135
22	2.4	28	3.2	45	4.0	65	4.7	90	5.5	117	6.2	148
24	2.4	30	3.2	49	4.0	71	4.8	98	5.5	127	6.2	161
26			3.2	53	4.0	77	4.8	106	5.5	138		
28			3.2	57	4.0	83	4.8	114	5.5	148		
30			3.2	61	4.0	89	4.8	121	5.5	159		

Rock d<sub>50</sub> size: 12 inches; Chute side slope: 3 to 1; Chute profile slope: 10 to 1;  
 Maximum allowable velocity: 9.6 feet per second Maximum allowable Q = 150 cfs

d:	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	
b	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	V
2	1.9	3	2.5	6	3.1	9	3.7	13	4.2	18	4.7	23
4	2.1	6	2.8	10	3.4	14	4.0	20	4.5	27	5.1	36
6	2.2	8	2.9	13	3.5	20	4.2	28	4.8	37	5.3	48
8	2.2	11	3.0	17	3.6	26	4.3	36	4.9	47	5.5	61
10	2.3	13	3.0	21	3.7	32	4.4	44	5.0	58	5.7	73
12	2.3	16	3.1	25	3.8	37	4.5	51	5.1	68	5.8	86
14	2.3	18	3.1	29	3.8	43	4.5	59	5.2	78	5.8	99
16	2.3	21	3.1	33	3.9	49	4.6	67	5.3	88	5.9	112
18	2.4	23	3.1	37	3.9	55	4.6	75	5.3	99	6.0	125
20	2.4	25	3.2	41	3.9	61	4.6	83	5.3	109	6.0	138
22	2.4	28	3.2	45	3.9	66	4.7	91	5.4	119	6.1	151
24	2.4	30	3.2	49	4.0	72	4.7	99	5.4	130		
26			3.2	53	4.0	78	4.7	107	5.4	140		
28			3.2	57	4.0	84	4.7	115	5.5	151		
30			3.2	61	4.0	90	4.7	123				

Figure IN-6-9 - Rock Lined Chute Capacity  
 Sheet 54 of 54  
 (EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

Entrance Section:

It is important that the rock lined entrance section provide a suitable transition from the upstream waterway into the chute section. Figure 6-19 on page 6-29 of the Engineering Field Manual is illustrative of the manner in which the entrance section should be shaped. It is also important that the side slope shoulders of the entrance section be high enough to train all the flow into the chute section.

To allow for freeboard above the critical depth use a total depth of rock on the entrance side slopes equal to the inflow waterway depth, but not less than  $(d + 1)$ . This depth of entrance is shown as "de" on the data sheet (IN-ENG-36).

The entrance length ( $Le$ ) must provide for an effective transition from the inflow waterway to the chute channel. Use minimum entrance length ( $Le$ ) equal to  $5(de)$ .

The width at the upstream end of the entrance ( $be$ ) should be at least equal to the chute bottom width, but should be widened as necessary to provide an effective transition from the inflow waterway to the chute. If there is no distinct waterway, make upstream end of entrance section ( $be$ ) equal to  $(b + Le)$ .

Outlet Section:

The length and depth required for the outlet section depends upon the velocity leaving the chute section and the outlet conditions. Normally a chute will discharge into a relatively flat outlet grade that could be considered as a free outlet except that the flow from the chute provides a tailwater effect in the outlet channel. For this in-line condition, a minimum length ( $Lo$ ) of 6 feet of lined outlet should be provided for chute velocities ( $V$ ) less than 5 feet per second. For chute velocities ( $V$ ) greater than 5 feet per second, the minimum length ( $Lo$ ) of the lined outlet is recommended as  $[6 + 3(V-5)]$  feet.

If the chute outlets side drainage into a channel or ditch, or into standing water, so that a high tailwater condition will exist during flows in the chute, a shorter length of lined outlet section may be adequate. A minimum length ( $Lo$ ) of 6 feet of lined outlet should be provided for side inlet channels. Where the tailwater is shallow, or the downstream drainage channel or ditch is narrow, increase the length ( $Lo$ ) of the lined outlet as recommended for an in-line channel.

The height of the hydraulic jump is considered to be at least twice the flow depth in the chute. However, the tailwater depth created in the outlet channel will determine actual depth. A freeboard of 0.5 feet should be provided above the tailwater elevation. Use a total depth equal to  $(2 d + 0.5)$ , shown as "do" on the data sheet (IN-ENG-36), unless otherwise determined.

#### Emergency Spillway:

An emergency spillway should be provided if feasible. The crest of the emergency spillway is established above the flow depth in the approach channel or waterway for the chute design flow. The minimum design flow for the emergency spillway is the difference between the "total capacity" shown in Table 1 of Technical Guide Specification 410 and the actual capacity of the rock lined chute. The design of an emergency spillway is discussed in Chapter 11 of the EFM, which includes design information and aids.

#### Top of Settled Fill:

The top of fill adjacent to the rock lined chute should be at least 0.5 feet above the rock in the chute entrance channel (de). If an emergency spillway is provided, the top of fill should be 0.5 feet above the flow depth in the emergency spillway ( $H_p$ ), but not less than 1.0 foot above the emergency spillway crest elevation.

#### Rock Lining:

There is little data available about the thickness required for a rock lining ( $t_r$ ) used in a short duration, full flow chute application. For design purposes, the thickness of the rock lining ( $t_r$ ) should be 2 times the  $d_{50}$  rock size, but not less than 12 inches (1 foot) nor more than 24 inches (2 feet).

The rock lining, to be effective, must be fairly well graded, with smaller rocks, chips and spalls incorporated uniformly throughout the rock mass to prevent soil movement between the stones while allowing ground water seepage to flow out from behind the rock lining without building up a hydrostatic head. For design purposes, the maximum rock size ( $d_{100}$ ) should be twice the  $d_{50}$  rock size, but not greater than 18 inches, and the maximum  $d_{15}$  size should be one-third the  $d_{50}$  rock size.

In-place rock density ( $\rho_r$ ) will vary with the locale, the size and quality of the rock particles, and the technique and compactive effort used in placement of the riprap. Specific gravity of quality rock is approximately 2.64. In-place density of riprap will vary from 95 to 115 pounds per cubic foot (pcf). A reasonable value to use for estimating purposes is 110 pcf.

#### Bedding:

Where the rock lined chute is placed on highly erosive soils, such as SP's, SM's, ML's and CL-ML's, a suitable bedding must be placed beneath the rock. The bedding must prevent migration of the base soils, and must not itself migrate through the rock lining. A bedding using graded gravel with a d<sub>85</sub> size equal to one-twelfth the d<sub>50</sub> rock size of the chute lining can be effective. Geotextiles can also be used effectively, and may be needed where the gravel bedding gradation will not prevent the migration of the base soils. If a gravel bedding is used, the thickness (t<sub>b</sub>) should be a minimum of 6 inches. For estimating purposes, a value of 110 pcf can be used to estimate the in-place density of the bedding (D<sub>b</sub>). See step 16 of Design Procedure for details of bedding and geotextiles.

#### Design Example:

The following example will illustrate how an economical rock chute may be selected by use of the figures. Only selected rock sizes and chute slopes will be evaluated for the example. The in-place density and costs of the rock delivered and placed should be determined to ascertain the most economical combination of chute slope, width and d<sub>50</sub> rock size.

From Technical Guide Specification 410, Table 1, determine the required storm frequency for the chute spillway design. From EFM Chapter 2, determine the peak discharge for the applicable 24 hour storm frequency, which will be the design flow (Q).

For this example, use design flow (Q) = 35 cfs.

To figure the end area of the rock section use:

$$\text{Area} = (\text{tr})[\text{b} + 2\text{d}(z^2 + 1)^{1/2}]$$

where:

Area = end area of the rock lining - square feet

tr = rock lining thickness - feet

b = bottom width of the flow section - feet

d = total depth of the flow section - feet

(d<sub>e</sub>, d<sub>c</sub>, or d<sub>o</sub>)

z = chute side slope ratio (normally 3:1)

Try d<sub>50</sub> rock size = 12 inches:

From Figure IN-6-8, find that the allowable velocity for 12 inch stone is 9.6 ft./sec.

From Figure IN-6-9, Sheet 49 of 54, for Q = 36 cfs, chute profile slope (S) = 5:1, chute side slopes (z) = 3:1, bottom width (b) = 8 feet, flow depth (d) = 0.70 feet, velocity (V) = 5.2 fps

$$de = 0.7 + 1 = 1.7 \text{ feet}$$

$$dc = 0.7 + 0.5 = 1.2 \text{ feet}$$

$$do = 2(0.7) + 0.5 = 1.9 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Entrance length (Le)} = 5(1.7) = 8.5 \text{ feet; Use 9 feet}$$

$$\text{Upstream entrance width (be)} = b + Le = 8 + 9 = 17 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Chute slope length (Ls)} = 6 (5^2 + 1)^{0.5} = 6 (5.1)$$

$$= 30.6 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Outlet length (Lo)} = 6 + 3(5.2 - 5.0) = (6 + 0.6)$$

$$= 6.6 \text{ feet; Use 7 feet}$$

Determine volume of rock:

Use rock thickness (tr) = 2.0 feet

#### Entrance Section:

Average rock section area

$$= 2 [(0.5)(17+8)+(2)(1.7)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$$

$$= 2 [12.5 + 3.4(3.16)]$$

$$= 2 [12.5 + 10.7] = 2 [23.2] = 46.4 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

Entrance length (Le) = 9 feet

Volume of rock = 9 x 46.4 = 418 cu.ft.

#### Chute Section:

Rock section area

$$= 2 [8 + (2)(1.2)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$$

$$= 2 [8 + 2.4(3.16)]$$

$$= 2 [8 + 7.6] = 2 [15.6] = 31.2 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

Volume of rock = 31.2 x 30.6 = 955 cu.ft.

#### Outlet Section:

Rock section area

$$= 2 [8 + (2)(1.9)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$$

$$= 2 [8 + 3.8(3.16)]$$

$$= 2 [8 + 12.0] = 2 [20.0] = 40.0 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

Outlet length (Lo) = 7 feet

Volume of rock = 7 x 40.0 = 280 cu.ft.

Total volume = 418 + 955 + 280 = 1653 cu.ft.

(1653 cu. ft.)(110 pcf/2000 lbs per ton) = 91 tons

Try d<sub>50</sub> rock size = 9 inches:

From Figure IN-6-8, find that the allowable velocity for 9 inch stone is 8.4 ft./sec.

From Figure IN-6-9, Sheet 31 of 54, For Q = 36 cfs, chute profile slope (S) = 5:1, chute side slopes (z) = 3:1, bottom width (b) = 6 feet, flow depth (d) = 0.70 feet, velocity (V) = 6.3 fps

$$de = 0.7 + 1 = 1.7 \text{ feet}$$

$$dc = 0.7 + 0.5 = 1.2 \text{ feet}$$

$$do = 2(0.7) + 0.5 = 1.9 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Entrance length (Le)} = 5(1.7) = 8.5 \text{ feet; Use 9 feet}$$

$$\text{Upstream entrance width (be)} = b + de = 6 + 9 = 15 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Chute slope length (Ls)} = 6(5^2 + 1) = 6 \times 5.1$$

$$= 30.6 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Outlet length (Lo)} = 6 + 3(6.3 - 5.0) = 6 + 3.9$$

$$= 9.9 \text{ feet; Use 10 feet}$$

Determine volume of rock:

Use rock thickness (tr) = 1.5 feet

Entrance Section:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Average rock section area} &= 1.5 \cdot [(0.5)(15+6)+(2)(1.7)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}] \\ &= 1.5 [10.5 + 3.4(3.16)] \\ &= 1.5 [10.5 + 10.7] = 1.5 [21.2] \\ &= 31.8 \text{ sq.ft.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Entrance length (Le)} = 9 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Volume of rock} = 9 \times 31.8 = 286 \text{ cu.ft.}$$

Chute Section:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rock section area} &= 1.5 [6 + (2)(1.2)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}] \\ &= 1.5 [6 + 2.4(3.16)] \\ &= 1.5 [6 + 7.6] = 1.5 [13.6] = 20.4 \text{ sq.ft.} \\ \text{Volume of rock} &= 20.4 \times 30.6 = 624 \text{ cu.ft.} \end{aligned}$$

Outlet Section:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Rock section area} &= 1.5 [6 + (2)(1.9)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}] \\ &= 1.5 [6 + 3.8(3.16)] \\ &= 1.5 [6 + 12.0] = 1.5 [18.0] = 27.0 \text{ sq.ft.} \\ \text{Outlet length (Lo)} &= 10 \text{ feet} \\ \text{Volume of rock} &= 10 \times 27.0 = 270 \text{ cu.ft.} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Total volume} = 286 + 624 + 270 = 1180 \text{ cu. ft.}$$

$$(1180 \text{ cu. ft.})(110 \text{pcf}/2000 \text{ lbs per ton}) = 65 \text{ tons}$$

Try d<sub>50</sub> rock size = 7 inches

From Figure IN-6-8, find that the allowable velocity for 7 inch stone is 7.4 ft./sec.

From Figure IN-6-9, Sheet 19 of 54, For Q = 38 cfs, chute profile slope (S) = 5:1, chute side slopes (z) = 3:1, bottom width (b) = 8 feet, flow depth (d) = 0.60 feet, velocity (V) = 6.5 fps

$$de = 0.6 + 1 = 1.6 \text{ feet}$$

$$dc = 0.6 + 0.5 = 1.1 \text{ feet}$$

$$do = 2(0.6) + 0.5 = 1.7 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Entrance length (Le)} = 5(1.6) = 8 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Upstream entrance width (be)} = b + \frac{de}{2} = 8 + 8 = 16 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Chute slope length (Ls)} = 6(5^2 + 1)^{0.5} = 6 \times 5.1 = 30.6 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Outlet length (Lo)} = 6 + 3(6.5 - 5) = 6 + 4.5$$

$$= 10.5 \text{ feet; Use 11 feet}$$

Determine volume of rock:

Use rock thickness (tr) = 1.2 feet

Entrance Section:

Average rock section area

$$\begin{aligned} &= 1.2 [(0.5)(16+8)+(2)(1.6)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}] \\ &= 1.2 [12 + 3.2(3.16)] \\ &= 1.2 [12 + 10.1] = 1.2 [22.1] \\ &= 26.5 \text{ sq.ft.} \end{aligned}$$

Entrance length (Le) = 8 feet

Volume of rock = 8 x 26.5 = 212 cu. ft.

Chute Section:

Rock section area

$$\begin{aligned} &= 1.2 [8 + (2)(1.1)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}] \\ &= 1.2 [8 + 2.2(3.16)] \\ &= 1.2 [8 + 7.0] = 1.2 [15.0] = 18.0 \text{ sq.ft.} \end{aligned}$$

Volume of rock = 18.0 x 30.6 = 551 cu. ft.

Outlet Section:

Rock section area

$$\begin{aligned} &= 1.2 [8 + (2)(1.7)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}] \\ &= 1.2 [8 + 3.4(3.16)] \\ &= 1.2 [8 + 10.7] = 1.2 [18.7] = 22.4 \text{ sq.ft.} \end{aligned}$$

Outlet length (Lo) = 11 feet

Volume of rock = 11 x 22.4 = 246 cu. ft.

Total volume = 212 + 551 + 246 = 1009 cu. ft.

(1009 cu. ft.)(110 pcf/2000 lbs per ton) = 55 tons

Try d<sub>50</sub> rock size = 4 inches:

From Figure IN-6-8, find that the allowable velocity for 4 inch stone is 5.8 ft./sec.

From Figure IN-6-9, Sheet 6 of 54, For Q = 37 cfs, chute profile slope (S) = 10:1, chute side slopes (z) = 3:1, bottom width (b) = 12 feet, flow depth (d) = 0.50 feet, velocity = 5.5 fps

$$de = 0.5 + 1 = 1.5 \text{ feet}$$

$$dc = 0.5 + 0.5 = 1.0 \text{ feet}$$

$$do = 2(0.5) + 0.5 = 1.5 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Entrance length (Le)} = 5(1.5) = 7.5 \text{ feet; Use 8 feet}$$

$$\text{Upstream entrance width (be)} = b + Le = 12 + 8 = 20 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Chute slope length (Ls)} = 6(10^2 + 1)^{0.5} = 6 \times 10.05 = 60.3 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Outlet length (Lo)} = 6 + 3(5.5 - 5) = 6 + 1.5 = 7.5 \text{ feet; Use 8 feet}$$

Determine volume of rock:

Use rock thickness (tr) = 1.0 feet

Entrance Section:

Average rock section area

$$= 1 [(0.5)(20+12)+(2)(1.5)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$$

$$= 1 [16 + 3.0(3.16)]$$

$$= 1 [16 + 9.5] = 1 [25.5] = 25.5 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

Entrance length = 8 feet

$$\text{Volume of rock} = 8 \times 25.5 = 204 \text{ cu. ft.}$$

Chute Section:

Rock section area

$$= 1 [12 + (2)(1.0)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$$

$$= 1 [12 + 2.0(3.16)]$$

$$= 1 [12 + 6.3] = 1 [18.3] = 18.3 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

$$\text{Volume of rock} = 18.3 \times 60.3 = 1103 \text{ cu. ft.}$$

Outlet Section:

Rock section area

$$= 1 [12 + (2)(1.5)(3^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$$

$$= 1 [12 + 3.0(3.16)]$$

$$= 1 [12 + 9.5] = 1 [21.5] = 21.5 \text{ sq.ft.}$$

$$\text{Outlet length (Lo)} = 8 \text{ feet}$$

$$\text{Volume of rock} = 8 \times 21.5 = 172 \text{ cu. ft.}$$

$$\text{Total volume} = 204 + 1103 + 172 = 1479 \text{ cu. ft.}$$

$$(1479 \text{ cu. ft.})(110 \text{ pcft}/2000 \text{ lbs per ton}) = 81 \text{ tons}$$

## SUMMARY:

Rock quantity required vs: Rock size d50:

Rock size d50	Profile Slope S	Bottom Width b - feet	Rock tons
12"	5:1	8	91
9"	5:1	6	65
7"	5:1	8	55
4"	10:1	12	81

CONCLUSION: In this example, all other factors being equal, the use of the d50 rock size of 7" will result in the least tonnage of rock. Final selection of rock size to be designed for and used would have to consider the availability (and cost) of the other rock sizes, and consideration of other installation costs and site conditions.

\* \* \* \* \*

## WEIGHT OF EQUIVALENT SPHERICAL ROCK

$$gs = 2.64 \quad \text{density} = 165 \text{ pcf}$$

<u>Rock Size</u> inches	<u>Weight</u> pounds
3	1
4	3
5	6
6	11
7	17
8	26
9	36
10	50
11	67
12	86
13	110
14	137
15	169
16	205
17	246
18	292
19	343
20	400
21	463

Figure IN-6-10 - Weight of Equivalent Spherical Rock

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

CONSTRUCTION

There are several factors that must be considered and accomplished during construction to produce a rock lined chute grade stabilization structure that will be stable and a quality product. Some of these factors are:

1. Before placement, make sure that rock delivered to the site has at least 50% by weight larger than d50 size rock used in design. See Figure IN-6-10 for weights of equivalent spherical rock.
2. Wherever possible, place rock-lined chute in natural ground in lieu of on compacted backfill. Shape hole with as nearly vertical sides and ends as possible to set bedding and rock into ground. A backhoe or hydraulic excavator are efficient pieces of equipment to use.
3. Place bedding as required by design and spread to depth required.
4. Dump riprap as near to final location as possible. Don't dump at upper end and push into place with a dozer. This separates large rocks from fines. Best to place with excavator bucket. If placing rock on geotextile, do NOT drop rock more than 3 feet to avoid puncturing fabric. Be sure that there are no large voids in the stone mass.
5. Tamp rock with a backhoe bucket or track rock in place or use similar method to interlock rock into place.
6. Keep chute, entrance and outlet bottoms flat and to proper width.
7. Make sure adequate stone is placed on side slopes.
8. Avoid leaving protruding and isolated large rocks along edges of chute that will interfere with future maintenance, such as mowing.
9. Fertilize and seed the chute when the adjacent disturbed area is fertilized and seeded. A thin layer of topsoil may be placed over the rock and into the voids between the rocks before seeding. See Technical Guides for appropriate seed mixtures to be used.

DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR ROCK LINED CHUTES

1. Determine drainage area from USGS maps, aerial photos, soils maps, and/or field observations.
2. Determine controlled drop or overfall (F) from survey data, establishing entrance and outlet elevations.
3. Determine design storm frequency from Technical Guide Section IV, Specification 410, Table 1, for drainage area and F required at structure site for rock chutes. Unless a vegetated emergency spillway will be provided, use "total" capacity frequency for design of rock lined chute.
4. Determine peak discharge in cfs for design storm from EFM Chapter 2.
5. Select rock size  $d_{50}$  to be used for lining. Use rock available from local sources whenever possible.
6. Determine maximum allowable velocity ( $V_s$ ) for selected rock size  $d_{50}$  using Figure IN-6-8.
7. Select chute profile slope ( $S$ ) and side slopes ( $z$ ) of structure.
8. From Figure IN-6-9, for selected rock size  $d_{50}$ , chute profile slope ( $S$ ), chute side slope ( $z$ ), and for required design discharge ( $Q$ ), determine chute design bottom width ( $b$ ), flow depth ( $d$ ) and velocity ( $V$ ). Check that  $V$  is less than  $V_s$  and  $b/d$  is less than 50.
9. Determine dimensions of Entrance Section:
  - A. Determine entrance section depth ( $de$ )  
 $de = \text{inflow waterway depth,}$   
 $\text{but not less than } (d + 1)$
  - B. Determine length of entrance section ( $Le$ ) - the entrance length will be that needed for an effective transition. Use a minimum length of five times the entrance section depth or  $5(de)$ .
  - C. Determine bottom width of entrance section - bottom width of entrance section will be tapered to provide a transition from upstream waterway to selected chute bottom width as determined in step 10. The width at the upstream end of the entrance ( $be$ ) should be at least equal to the chute bottom width, but should be widened as necessary to provide an effective transition from the inflow waterway to the chute. If there is no distinct waterway, make upstream end of entrance section ( $be$ ) equal to  $(b + Le)$ .

## 10. Determine dimensions of Chute Section:

## A. Determine total chute depth (dc):

$$dc = d + 0.5$$

where:

d = design flow depth in chute  
(as selected in step 11)

0.5 = freeboard

B. Determine bottom width (b) of chute section:  
(as selected from step 11)

## C. Determine length of chute section:

$$\text{Horizontal length } (L_c) = F \times S$$

$$\text{Slope length } (L_s) = F(S^{\frac{1}{2}} + 1)$$

where:

F = controlled drop or overfall

S = chute profile slope (S:1)

(as selected in step 11)

## 11. Determine dimensions of Outlet Section:

## A. Determine depth of outlet section (do):

$$do = 2d + 0.5$$

where:

d = design depth of chute

(as selected in step 11)

0.5 = freeboard

## B. Determine bottom width of outlet section:

Use b, same as chute section width as determined in step 11.

## C. Determine length of outlet section (Lo) -

i. If chute is an in-line structure or where the tailwater depth is shallow or the downstream drainage channel or ditch is narrow, use a minimum  $Lo = 6$  feet of lined channel when chute flow velocity is 5 fps or less; use minimum  $Lo = [6 + 3(V-5)]$  feet for chute flow velocities (V) greater than 5 feet per second. Use design velocity (V) determined in step 10.

ii. If the chute is a side drainage outlet into a channel or ditch, or into standing water, where there will be a high tailwater condition when chute flow occurs, use a minimum  $Lo = 6$  feet of lined channel. If tailwater depth is shallow or the outlet channel or ditch is narrow, see A. above.

## 12. Design Emergency Spillway:

Note: An emergency spillway is usually not practical. If an emergency spillway is not included in the design, proceed to step 20. If an emergency spillway is feasible, see EFM Chapter 11 for discussion and design information and aids.

A. Determine emergency spillway elevation. Add the flow depth in the incoming channel or waterway to the entrance elevation to establish the emergency spillway elevation. The flow to determine the flow depth is the Q equal to the flow capacity of the rock lined chute.

B. Determine required emergency spillway capacity ( $Q_e$ ). Repeat steps 4, 5 and 6 above to determine "total" capacity peak discharge. Subtract rock lined chute capacity from "total" peak discharge to determine required emergency spillway capacity ( $Q_e$ ).

C. Determine length of level section (L) to be used.

D. Determine slope of outlet section ( $S_o$ ) of emergency spillway from surveyed profile along centerline of emergency spillway.

E. Determine erosion resistance of soil to be excavated into for emergency spillway.

F. Select vegetal type to be seeded for cover.

G. Determine permissible velocity for outlet slope, erosion resistance of soil and type of vegetation.

H. Select vegetal retardance to be used based on condition of stand and height.

I. Determine  $H_p$  (0.5 foot minimum) and discharge in cfs per foot (q) for permissible velocity (step 19.G) in emergency spillway using selected retardance (step 19.H) and length of level section (L), step 19.C. Check that the outlet slope (step 19.D) falls within the acceptable slope range.

J. Determine bottom width (bs) to be used. Divide required capacity  $Q_e$ , (step 19.B), by discharge per foot, q, (step 19.I).

13. Determine settled fill elevation adjacent to chute:
- A. If there is an emergency spillway, design top of fill elevation is 0.5 feet above the Hp value (step 19.I) above the emergency spillway crest elevation, but at least 0.5 feet above the rock in the side slopes of the entrance section.
- B. If there is no emergency spillway, design top of fill elevation is 0.5 feet above the rock in the side slopes of the entrance section.

14. Determine rock lining thickness (tr) - Use two times the selected d<sub>50</sub> rock size but not less than 1 foot nor more than 2 feet.

15. Determine rock riprap gradation.

Use: Maximum rock size (d<sub>100</sub>)

= two times d<sub>50</sub> (18" maximum)

Maximum d<sub>50</sub> (as selected in step. 8)

Maximum d<sub>15</sub> = one-third d<sub>50</sub>

16. Determine bedding material requirements - Identify the soil on which the chute will be placed. If chute is on highly erosive soils, or large d<sub>50</sub> rock size is used, a graded gravel bedding or a geotextile lining is required to prevent migration of soils through the rock lining. The bedding must permit groundwater seepage without hydraulic head build-up.

A 6 inch layer (tb) of graded gravel bedding can be used. The d<sub>85</sub> of the gravel should equal one-twelfth the d<sub>50</sub> rock size used. The following Indiana Department of Highways standard coarse aggregate graded sizes are normally available in Indiana. (No. 53 stone is not acceptable.)

#### Indiana Department of Highways (IDOH)

Sieve Size	Coarse Aggregate Sizes (Percent Passing by Wt.)			
	#5	#8	#9	#11
1-1/2"	100			
1"	85-98	100		
3/4"	60-85	75-95	100	
1/2"	30-60	40-70	60-85	100
3/8"	15-45	20-50	30-60	75-95
No. 4	0-15	0-15	0-15	10-30
No. 8	0-10	0-10	0-10	0-10
Use with d <sub>50</sub> rock size	10"-12"	7"-10"	6"-7"	4"-6"

A geotextile lining can be used. The geotextile must be strong enough to prevent puncturing by the placement of rock riprap, be able to prevent the migration of the soil base, and porous enough to allow groundwater to travel through the geotextile to prevent build-up of water pressures behind the chute. The geotextile should be non-woven, needle-punched (NOT heat bonded), with a tensile strength = 120 lbs. minimum, bursting strength = 210 psi minimum, elongation = 100% maximum, puncture strength = 40 lbs., an Apparent Opening Size (AOS) = #40 maximum, and permeability = 0.70 sec<sup>-1</sup>.

17. Calculate material quantities.
18. Complete data sheets for plan. Use IN-ENG-36, IN-ENG-42 and other sheets as appropriate.
19. Check all work for omissions and errors.
20. Get required reviews and approval of plan.

(4) Total volume of rock riprap:  
198 + 472 + 139 = 809 cu. ft.

(5) Quantity of riprap required:  
(809 cu. ft. x 110#/cu.ft.)/2000 #/ton  
= 45 tons

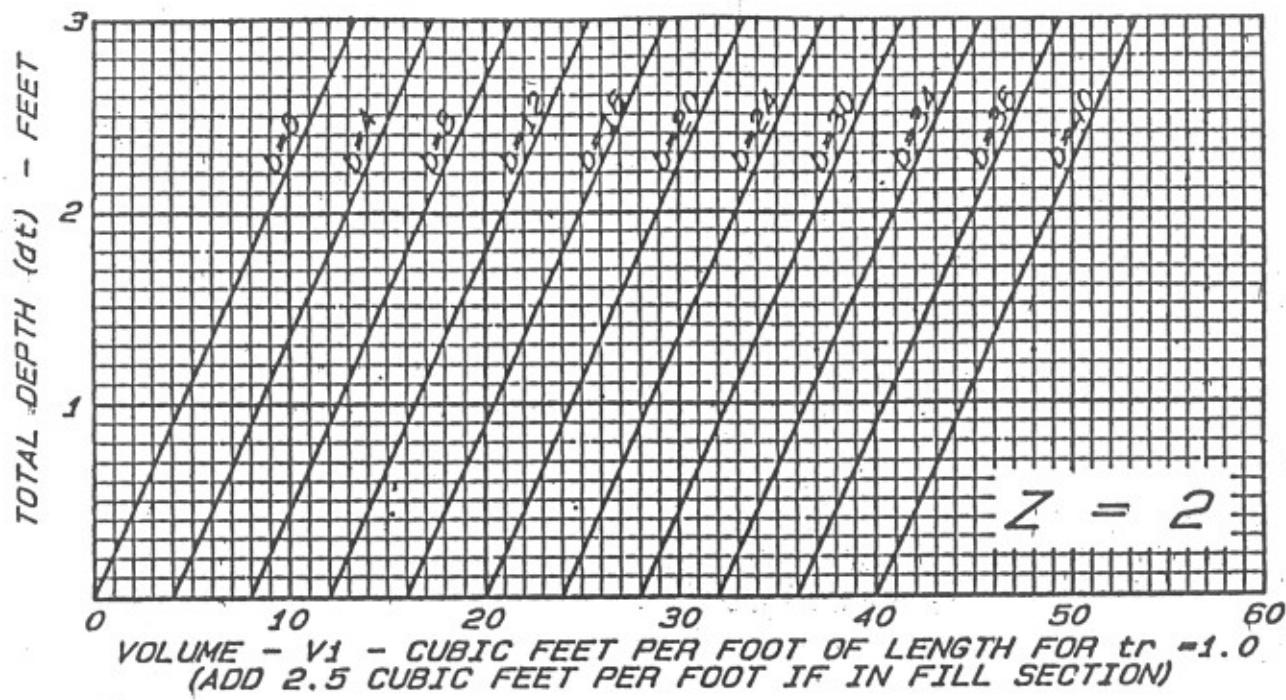
B. Bedding:

A. Volume = (6" bedding/18" riprap)(809 cu.ft)  
= 270 cu. ft.  
= 10.0 cu. yds.

B. Quantity of bedding required:  
(270 cu. ft x 110#/cu.ft)/2000 #/ton  
= 15 tons

NOTE: Figure IN-6-11 may be used to calculate the material volumes in cubic feet per foot of length for tr = 1.0 feet. See example in Exhibit IN-6-6.

18. Use appropriate data sheets:  
IN-ENG-36D may be used for design.  
IN-ENG-36Q may be used to determine material quantities.  
IN-ENG-36 should be used for construction drawings.  
See Exhibit IN-6-6.
19. Check all work.
20. Get required reviews and approvals.



BASED ON  $V = L (tr) [b + 2dt (Z^2 + 1)^{0.5}]$  WITH  $L=1.0$  AND  $tr=1.0$

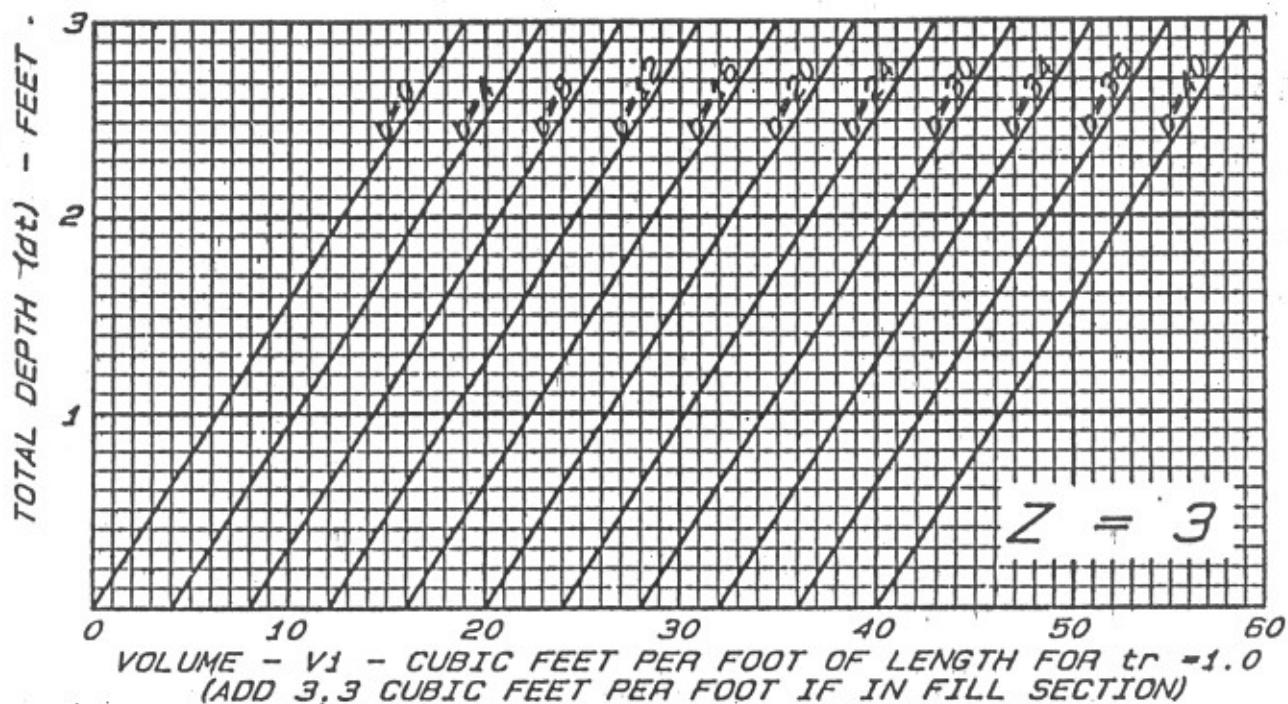


FIGURE IN-6-11 - ROCK VOLUMES FOR ROCK LINED CHUTES

## EXHIBIT IN-6-6

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

IN-ENG-36D  
10/89  
File Code 210-11

ROCK LINED CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN  
ANY County SWCD, Indiana  
Designed by CET date: 11-9-89; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_

## DESIGN

Rock Lined Chute:Controlled Drop (F):

Entrance El 105.0 - Outlet El 100.0 = 5.0 Feet (F)  
From IN-ENG-10A; Q (chute) = 13 cfs  
 $d_{50} = \frac{q}{V_s}$  inches; Allowable velocity ( $V_s$ ) = 8.4 fps (d<sub>50</sub>)  
Chute Profile Slope ( $S$ ) = 5:1; side slope ( $z$ ) = 3:1 ( $S, z$ )  
Bottom width ( $b$ ) = 6 ft; Chute flow depth ( $d$ ) = 0.5 ft. ( $b, d$ )

Check  $b/d < 50$ ;  $b/d = \frac{12}{6} \checkmark$   
Design velocity ( $V$ ) =  $Q/A = Q/[d(b+zd)] = \frac{13}{0.5(6+0.5)} = 4.2$  fps  $\checkmark$  (V)

Entrance Section:

Total depth at entrance ( $de$ )  $\geq (d+1) = \frac{1.5}{0.5} = 1.5$  ft. (de)

Entrance length ( $Le$ )  $\geq 5(de) = \frac{8}{1.5} = 5.3$  ft. (Le)

Upstream entrance width ( $be$ )  $\geq b = \frac{6}{1.5} = 4$  ft. (be)

Chute Section:

Total depth in chute ( $dc$ )  $\geq (d+0.5) = \frac{1.5}{0.5} = 1.0$  ft. (dc)

Chute length ( $L_c$ ) =  $(F \frac{5.0}{0.5})(S \frac{5}{1}) = 25.0$  ft. (Lc)

Outlet Section:

Total Depth in outlet ( $do$ )  $\geq (2d+0.5) = \frac{1.5}{0.5} = 1.5$  ft. (do)

Outlet length ( $L_o$ )  $\geq [6+3(V-5)] = \frac{6}{1.5} = 4$  ft. (Lo)

Approach Channel:

Grade = \_\_\_\_ %;  $n = \frac{1}{n}$ ; or Retardance \_\_\_\_;

Bottom width ( $bw$ ) = \_\_\_\_ ft.; Side slopes = \_\_\_\_:1;

or Top width ( $T$ ) = \_\_\_\_ ft.;

Depth ( $D$ ) = \_\_\_\_ ft.;

Emergency Spillway (ES): none

From IN-ENG-10A;  $Q(\text{total}) = \frac{13}{0.5} = 26$  cfs;

$Q_e (\text{design}) = Q (\text{total}) - Q(\text{chute}) = \frac{26}{13} = 2$  cfs

ES Crest El = Entrance El \_\_\_\_\_

+ Approach channel depth ( $D$ ) \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Level Section ( $L$ ) = \_\_\_\_ ft.; Exit Slope ( $so$ ) = \_\_\_\_ %;

Erosion resistant soil? - yes-no (circle one);

Cover, stand & height - \_\_\_\_\_;

Retardance - \_\_\_\_; Velocity ( $V$ ) (maximum) = \_\_\_\_ fps;

$H_p = \frac{13}{2} = 6.5$  ft.; Discharge per ft. ( $q$ ) = \_\_\_\_ cfs/ft.;

Bottom Width ( $bs$ ) =  $Q/q = \frac{13}{2} = 6.5$  ft.

Top of Fill:

Top of Settled Fill Elevation = \_\_\_\_\_

Entrance El 105.0 + de 1.5 + freeboard (0.5') = 107.0

Or ES Crest El \_\_\_\_\_ +  $H_p = 6.5$  + freeboard (0.5') = \_\_\_\_\_

Use Top of Settled Fill Elevation 107.0

## EXHIBIT IN-6-6 (continued)

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

IN-ENG-36Q  
10/89  
File Code 210-11

ROCK LINED CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN  
Calculated by CET date: 11-9-89; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_

## QUANTITIES

## Chute Parameters:

$b = 6'$ ;  $d = 0.5'$ ;  $s = 5:1$ ;  $z = 3:1$ ;  $F = 5.0'$   
d<sub>50</sub> size: 9"; Thickness (tr) = 1.5'; Density (Dr) = 110 pcf  
Bedding: Thickness (tb) = 0.5'; Density (Db) = 110 pcf

Volume of Rock:

$V_1 = \text{Cubic feet of rock per foot of length for } (tr = 1.0')$

$$V_1 = b + 2(dt)(z^2+1)^{0.5} + A$$

Where A = correction for fill section

or see EFM Figure IN-6-11

Entrance Section:  $de = 1.5'$ ;  $Le = 8'$ ;  $be = 8'$   
upstream end (for be & de);  $V_{lu} = \frac{17.5}{17.5}$   
downstream end (for b & de);  $V_{ld} = \frac{15.5}{15.5}$   
 $VE = (V_{lu} \frac{17.5}{17.5} + V_{ld} \frac{15.5}{15.5})(0.5)(tr \frac{1.5}{1.5})(Le \frac{8}{8}) = \frac{198}{198}$  cu. ft.

Chute Section:  $dc = 1.0'$ ;  $Lc = 25.0'$   
(for b & dc);  $V_{lc} = \frac{12.4}{12.4}$   
 $VC = (V_{lc} \frac{12.4}{12.4})(tr \frac{1.5}{1.5})(F \frac{5}{5})((S^2+1)^{0.5} \frac{5.1}{5.1}) = \frac{474}{474}$  cu. ft.

Outlet Section:  $do = 1.5'$ ;  $Lo = 6'$   
(for b & do);  $V_{lo} = \frac{15.5}{15.5}$   
 $VO = (V_{lo} \frac{15.5}{15.5})(tr \frac{1.5}{1.5})(Lo \frac{6}{6}) = \frac{139}{139}$  cu. ft.

Total volume of rock:

$$V_r = (VE \frac{198}{198}) + (VC \frac{474}{474}) + (VO \frac{139}{139}) = \frac{811}{811}$$
 cu. ft.

Quantity of rock:  $(V_r \frac{811}{811})(Dr \frac{110}{110}/2000) = \frac{45}{45}$  tons

Volume of Bedding:

$$V_b = (V_r \frac{811}{811})(tb \frac{0.5}{0.5}/tr \frac{1.5}{1.5}) = \frac{270}{270}$$
 cu. ft.  

$$\frac{V_b}{27} = \frac{10}{10}$$
 cu. yds.

Quantity of bedding:  $(V_b \frac{270}{270})(Db \frac{110}{110}/2000) = \frac{15}{15}$  tons

Quantity of Geotextile Fabric:

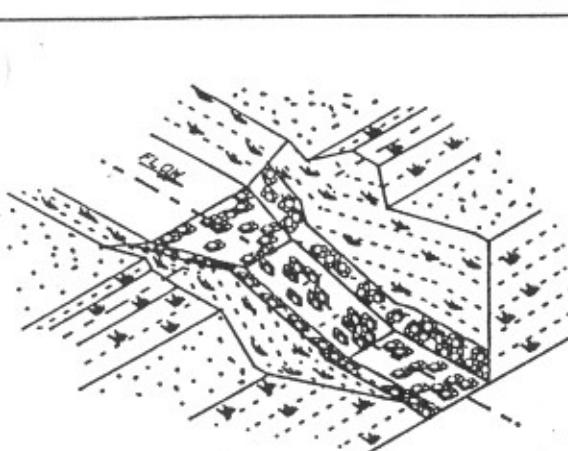
$$gf = (V_r \frac{811}{811})/(tr \frac{1.5}{1.5}) = \frac{541}{541} \text{ sq. ft.}$$

Add >10% for laps, ends, waste, etc.

$$\text{Geotextile fabric required (Gf)} = (1.1)(gf \frac{541}{541}) = \frac{595}{595} \text{ sq. ft.}$$

$$\text{or Gf/9} = \frac{66}{66} \text{ sq. yds.}$$

## EXHIBIT IN-6-6

ROCK LINED CHUTERIPRAP GRADATION $d_{50} = 9$  INCHES

SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT
18"	100%
9"	50%
3"	15%

BEDDING GRADATION

EQUIVALENT TO IDOH AGGREGATE NO. 8

SIZE	% PASSING BY WEIGHT
1"	100%
3/4"	75-95%
1/2"	40-70%
5/8"	20-50%
1/4"	0-15%

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC (NON-WOVEN, NEEDLEPUNCHED)

TENSILE STRENGTH - 120 LBS. MIN.

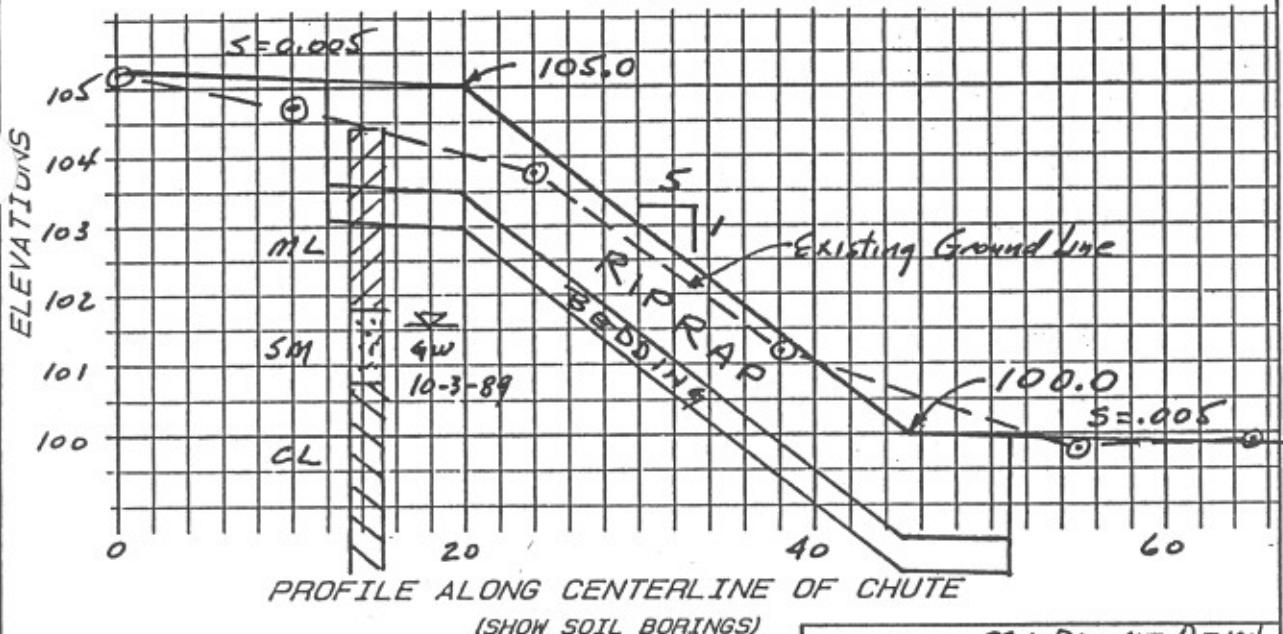
BURSTING STRENGTH - 210 PSI MIN.

ELONGATION AT FAILURE - 100 % MIN.

ULTRAVIOLET LIGHT RESISTANCE - 70% TENSILE STRENGTH RETAINED

PUNCTURE - 40 LBS.

AOS - STANDARD SIEVE SIZE OPENING - #40 MAX.

PERMITIVITY - 0.70 SEC.<sup>-1</sup>ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES

CLEARING ..... ACRES

EXCAVATION ..... CU. YDS.

RIPRAP ..... 45 TONS

BEDDING ..... 15 TONS

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC ..... 66 SQ. YDS.

REVEGETATION ..... ACRES

COOPERATOR EFM EXAMINE DESIGN  
AU COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA  
LOCATION FIELD A

ROCK LINED CHUTE  
(SHEET 1 OF 3)

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

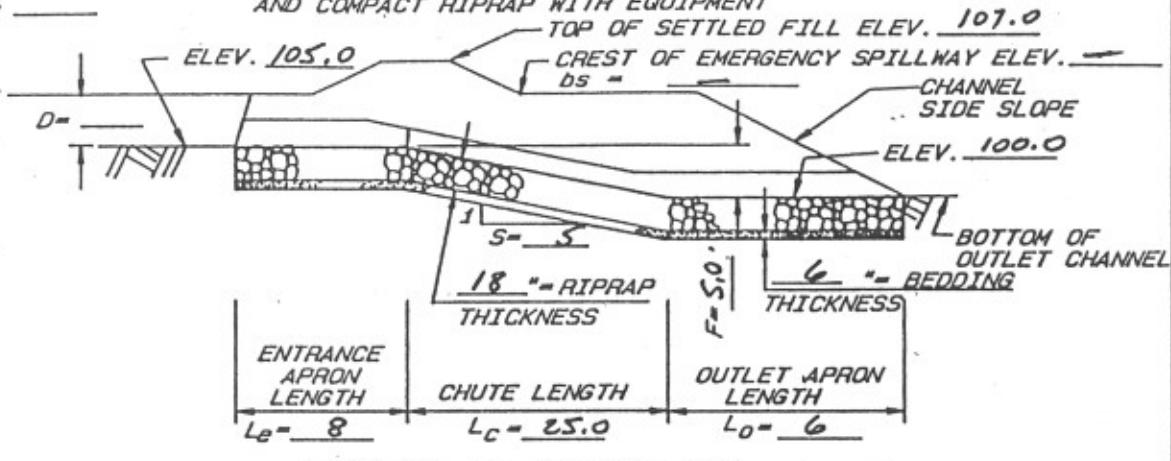
Designed	CET	Approved By
Signed	11/89	Title
Traced		Date
Checked	DC	Sheet Drawing No.
		No. of

REVISED 10/89

IN-ENG-36

GRASSED WATERWAY  
GRADE =   %  
DW =     
OR T =   

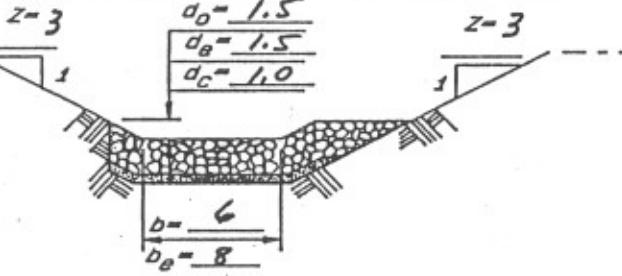
AFTER PLACEMENT OF RIPRAP, SPREAD ENOUGH SMALL FRAGMENTS OR BEDDING MATERIAL OVER ENTIRE SURFACE OF THE CHUTE TO FILL THE Voids IN RIPRAP AND COMPACT RIPRAP WITH EQUIPMENT



### SECTION ON CENTERLINE

(CUT SECTION)

(FILL SECTION)



### TYPICAL CROSS SECTION

### LEGEND

- F — CONTROLLED DROP
- b — BOTTOM WIDTH OF CHUTE
- b<sub>e</sub> — WIDTH AT ENTRANCE UPSTREAM
- d<sub>e</sub> — ENTRANCE APRON DEPTH
- d<sub>C</sub> — CHUTE DEPTH
- d<sub>o</sub> — OUTLET DEPTH

### APPROACH CHANNEL

DW — BOTTOM WIDTH

T — TOP WIDTH

D — FLOW DEPTH

### EMERGENCY SPILLWAY

DS — BOTTOM WIDTH

### NOTES:

CHUTE SLOPE "S" NOT STEEPER THAN 5:1.  
SIDE SLOPES "Z" NOT STEEPER THAN 2:1.  
THE ENTRANCE APRON WIDTH WILL VARY FROM  
"b<sub>e</sub>" 8 to "b" 6.

PROVIDE AN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY, ONE ON EACH SIDE IF FEASIBLE, WITH CREST ELEVATION 0.3' TO 0.5' BELOW TOP OF ROCK ON ENTRANCE SIDE SLOPES.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF BEDDING.

REVISED 10/89

### CONSTRUCTION DATA

LAYOUT BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACTOR \_\_\_\_\_ COMPLETED DATE \_\_\_\_\_

PRACTICE (DOES) (DOES NOT) MEET STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

COOPERATOR EFM EXHALE DESIGN  
AVY COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA  
LOCATION FIELD A

### ROCK LINED CHUTE (SHEET 2 OF 3)

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Designed	<u>CET</u> <u>4/87</u>	Approved By _____ Title _____
Drawn	_____	_____
Traced	_____	_____
Checked	<u>DC</u> <u>11-89</u>	_____

IN-ENG-36

GENERAL

Construction operations shall be carried out such a manner and sequence that erosion and land water pollution will be minimized and held within acceptable limits. Construction methods that enhance wildlife habitat will be used where practical.

The completed job shall present an appearance of good workmanship and shall conform to the lines, grades, and elevations shown on the drawings or as staked in the field.

All operations shall be carried out in a safe and skillful manner. Safety and health regulations shall be observed and appropriate safety measures used.

SITE PREPARATION

All trees, stumps, brush, and similar materials are to be removed from the construction area and disposed of in a manner consistent with environmental concerns and proper functioning of the structure.

EXCAVATION

To the extent needed, all suitable materials removed from the specified excavation shall be used in the construction of the earth fill areas of the structure. All spoil deposited adjacent to the structure and in the adjacent area shall have a positive grade to drain toward the structure.

MOISTURE CONTROL

The minimum moisture content of the fill material and foundation shall be such that when kneaded in the hand the fill material will form a ball which does not readily separate. The maximum moisture content is when conditions are too wet for efficient use of the hauling and compacting equipment.

Maintenance RECOMMENDATIONS:

A maintenance program shall be established by the land user to maintain capacity and vegetative cover. Items to consider are as follows:

- 1-Do not graze seeded areas during establishment and when soil conditions are too wet.
- 2-Protect structure from damage by farm equipment and vehicles.
- 3-Maintain structure inlet and outlet areas free of any obstructions.
- 4-Repair structure as soon as possible after damage is noted.
- 5-Reestablish vegetative cover immediately where erosion has removed established seeding.
- 6-Maintain effective erosion control of the contributing watershed to prevent siltation and the resulting loss of capacity.

CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES

Depth at centerline: Grade to 0.1 foot below  
Width: 10% wider not to exceed 1.0 foot  
Top of levee: Grade or above.  
Side slopes: ±0.1 ft./ft.

FINISH AND CLEANUP

The structure area and the designated spoil areas will be finished in a relatively smooth condition ready for seeding. All rocks 3 inches in diameter or larger and roots shall be removed from the surface areas.

VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

Excess water shall be directed away until vegetation is established, if possible. Any protective works shall be removed and the disturbed areas shall be seeded for permanent grass.

Apply lime to raise the pH to \_\_\_\_\_ at rate of \_\_\_\_\_ tons per acre.

Fertilize according to soil tests or at a minimum rate of 1000 pounds of 12-12-12 fertilizer (or its equivalent) per acre as soon as the structure has been constructed if within the seeding dates.

Work the fertilizer and lime into the soil to a depth of 2 - 3 inches with a harrow or disk. Seeding will be done at the following rates:

Seed: \_\_\_\_\_ Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre

When construction is completed between May 11 and August 9, a temporary cover crop should be established using the following seeding:

Seed: \_\_\_\_\_ Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre

Dormant seeding may be done between December 10 and February 28. Liming, fertilizing, seedbed preparation and mulching may be done ahead of the dormant seeding, with the seed being broadcast on top of the mulch.

Apply mulch at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ tons of straw per acre.

COOPERATOR	<u>EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN</u>
<u>AVY</u>	COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA
LOCATION	<u>FIELD A</u>

ROCK LINED CHUTE  
(SHEET 3 OF 3)  
SPECIFICATIONS

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Designed	<u>CET 11/81</u>	Approved By _____ Title _____
Drawn	_____	Title _____
Checked	_____	WORKING DRAWING NO. _____

Revised 10-89

IN-ENG-36

6-240

(This page intentionally left blank)

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE

The concrete block chute is another economical structure for grade stabilization. It is similar in configuration to the rock lined chute, but uses unmortared standard nominal 8" x 8" x 16" concrete building blocks (holes up) for the lining material. See Figure IN-6-12. It is installed on a 3H:1V slope, and therefore has the advantage of not protruding as far into the field as a rock-lined chute when used as a surface water inlet to a channel. It is a very labor-intensive structure installation, and can be used when the landuser wants to install a structure using his own labor forces to reduce his out-of-pockets costs. The building blocks can be "seconds" or used blocks as long as they are not broken. The blocks in the floor section are placed longitudinally (long dimension parallel to the direction of flow) and the blocks on the side slopes (2H:1V) are placed transversely (long dimension perpendicular to the direction of flow). The structure was modeled and tested at the Hydraulic Laboratory of the University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, and the results used to establish the capacity and configuration.

DESIGN ELEMENTSDesign Flow:

The capacity of this structure is dependent upon the depth of flow at the inlet ( $H_p$ ). The capacity was determined in the model studies to be:

$$q = 1.455 H_p^{1.832}$$

where:

$q$  = unit discharge in cfs per foot of bottom width

$H_p$  = ponded head above the crest, ft.

$H_p$  is determined by the depth of flow in a defined inlet channel outletting into the chute or by the allowable ponding depth that can be allowed in the field above the structure.

Only whole blocks are used in the installation. Table A of Figure IN-6-12 shows the capacity in cfs for various values of  $H_p$  using standard building block dimensions of 7-5/8" x 7-5/8" x 15-5/8" (0.635' x 0.635' x 1.302'). The model studies indicated that the minimum bottom width should be five times the  $H_p$  value. The maximum allowable capacity is limited to 150 cfs at this time.

TABLE A - CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE CAPACITY - Q - CFS

BOTTOM WIDTH		H <sub>P</sub> - FEET																				
ROWS	FEET	1.8	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0
8	5.1	7																				
9	5.7	8	18																			
10	6.4	9	11	13																		
11	7.0	10	12	14	16																	
12	7.6	11	13	15	18	21	23															
13	8.3	12	14	17	19	22	25	28														
14	8.9	13	15	18	21	24	27	31	34													
15	9.5	14	17	19	22	26	29	33	37	41	45											
16	10.2	15	18	21	24	27	31	35	39	43	46	53										
17	10.8	16	19	22	25	29	33	37	42	46	51	56	61									
18	11.4	17	20	23	27	31	35	39	44	49	54	59	65	71								
19	12.1	18	21	25	28	33	37	42	46	52	57	63	68	74	81	87						
20	12.7	18	22	26	30	34	39	44	49	54	58	66	72	78	85	92	99					
21	13.3	19	23	27	31	36	41	46	51	57	63	69	76	82	89	97	104	112				
22	14.0	20	24	28	33	38	43	48	54	60	66	72	79	86	94	101	109	117	125			
23	14.6	21	25	30	34	39	45	50	56	62	69	76	83	90	98	106	114	122	131	140	158	
24	15.3	22	26	31	36	41	47	52	59	65	72	79	86	94	102	110	119	128	137	146	156	
25	15.9	23	28	32	37	43	49	55	61	68	75	82	89	96	104	112	121	133	143	152		
26	16.5	24	29	34	39	45	51	57	64	71	78	86	94	102	111	120	129	138	148	159		
27	17.2	25	30	35	40	46	52	59	66	73	81	89	97	106	115	124	134	144	154			
28	17.8	26	31	36	42	48	54	61	68	75	84	92	101	110	119	129	139	149	160			
29	18.4	27	32	37	43	50	56	63	71	79	87	95	104	114	123	133	144	154				
30	19.1	28	33	39	45	51	58	66	73	81	90	99	108	118	128	138	149	160				
31	19.7	29	34	40	46	53	60	68	76	84	93	102	112	122	132	143	154					
32	20.3	30	35	41	48	55	62	70	78	87	96	105	115	125	136	147	159					

\* 0.635' PER BLOCK

TABLES A & B ARE BASED ON:

$$Q = 1.455L H^{1.032}$$

CONCRETE BLOCKS THAT ARE 7-5/8" X 7-5/8" X 15-5/8"

OR 0.635' X 0.635' X 1.302'

OR 0.8274 SQ. FT.

F	X	Z	NUMBER OF BLOCKS			
			ROWS	Z+INLET+OUTLET	PER ROW	PER FEET
FEET	FEET	FEET	DOWN	ACROSS	FOOT b	SIDES
2.50	7.41	8.03	6	16	25.18	118
2.91	8.65	9.32	7	17	26.75	126
3.32	9.88	10.63	8	18	28.33	134
3.74	11.12	11.93	9	19	29.90	142
4.15	12.35	13.23	10	20	31.48	150
4.56	13.59	14.53	11	21	33.05	158
4.97	14.82	15.83	12	22	34.62	166
5.38	16.06	17.14	13	23	36.20	174
5.79	17.29	18.44	14	24	37.77	182
6.21	18.53	19.74	15	25	39.34	190
6.62	19.76	21.04	16	26	40.92	198
7.03	21.00	22.35	17	27	42.49	202
7.44	22.23	23.65	18	28	44.07	210
7.85	23.47	24.95	19	29	45.64	218
8.27	24.71	26.25	20	30	47.21	226
8.68	25.94	27.55	21	31	48.79	234
9.09	27.18	28.85	22	32	50.36	242
9.50	28.41	30.16	23	33	51.93	250
9.91	29.65	31.46	24	34	53.51	258
10.32	30.88	32.76	25	35	55.08	266
10.74	32.12	34.06	26	36	56.66	274
11.15	33.35	35.37	27	37	58.23	282
11.56	34.59	36.67	28	38	59.80	290
11.97	35.82	37.97	29	39	61.38	298

\* 0.1.302' PER BLOCK

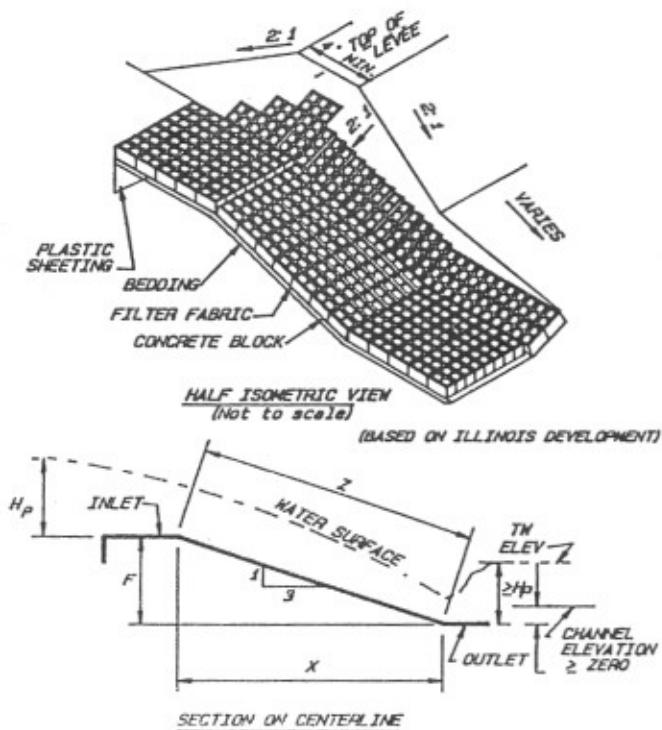


FIGURE IN-6-12 - CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE

Controlled Drop:

Although the controlled drop of the structure is the difference in elevation between the inlet and outlet channel, the vertical dimension of the concrete block chute (F) is also dependent on Hp and tailwater (TW). The outlet section of the structure should be at least Hp below the TW expected at design flow, but not above the outlet channel elevation. The "F" dimension is shown in increments of the long dimension of a whole block placed on the 3H:1V slope. Table B of Figure IN-6-12 shows the increments of "F" that can be used and the "X" (horizontal length), "Z" (slope length) and number of rows of blocks down the slope.

Chute Geometry:

The model studies determined the configuration of the structure. See Figure IN-6-12. The inlet and outlet sections are horizontal and each are 5 blocks in length (6.5 feet). Because of the limited range of Hp and Q that should be used with this structure type, the blocks in the inlet section side slopes are installed with three blocks placed perpendicular to the flow on 2H:1V side slopes at the control section. Since the depth of flow decreases in the chute section, only two blocks are placed on the side slopes of the chute section. Only two blocks were determined to be needed in the outlet section side slopes. Table B of Figure IN-6-12 shows the number of blocks needed for the bottom width of the chute (in blocks per row across and in feet of width) for various values of "F", and the total number of blocks in the side slopes for various values of "F".

Emergency Spillway:

An emergency spillway should be provided if feasible. The crest of the emergency spillway is placed above the design Hp value. See discussion about an emergency spillway for the rock lined chute.

Top of Settled Fill:

The top of fill elevation adjacent to the block chute should be at least one foot above the HP value, but not less than 1.0 feet above the top of the 3 blocks in the side slopes at the control section, or 2.75 feet minimum above the inlet elevation. See discussion about the top of settled fill elevation for the rock lined chute.

INSTALLATION

The chute should be placed on an excavated base.. If it is necessary to place fill, the fill should be compacted to a density greater than the adjacent natural material.

A gravel/sand bedding should be placed over the graded earth for the bottom and side slopes of the chute. This gravel/sand bedding should be from one to three inches in thickness to provide a leveling base for the concrete blocks, and to prevent tearing of a filter fabric to be placed under the concrete blocks. Thicker lifts of gravel/sand will act as a drain and tend to undermine the blocks. The gravel/sand bedding must be sized to prevent migration of the underlying soil particles.

A filter fabric is placed to cover all of the gravel/sand bedding. It must be sized to permit water to flow through it without migration of the gravel/sand bedding and be thick enough to withstand construction loads. The fabric should extend beyond the limits of the gravel/sand bedding on the side slopes and be anchored in a shallow earth trench above the blocks. A minimum of a 12 inch lap, shingled in the direction of flow, should be provided where adjacent sheets join.

A plastic (polyvinyl) cutoff is required at the inlet to the chute. Half of a 4'-0' width of 6 mil (minimum) plastic is inserted into a two foot deep trench across the entire width of the chute bottom and side slopes, and shingled over the gravel/sand bedding and filter fabric. A similar cutoff is required at the outlet if the chute is an in-line structure (the outlet of the chute is into a channel flowing in the same direction as the chute).

The blocks should be laid with the small end of the holes up. Begin laying the blocks at the downstream end of the chute bottom, progressing upstream to the inlet. This will provide a good working surface without disturbing the filter fabric and gravel/sand bedding.

After all the blocks are placed, fill the holes in the blocks with soil and seed with the same seed mixture as that used for adjacent disturbed areas. Lime, fertilizer, seed and mulch all disturbed areas.

DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTES

1. Determine drainage area from USGS maps, aerial photos, soils maps, and/or field observations.
2. Determine controlled drop or overfall from survey data, establishing inlet and outlet elevations.
3. Determine design storm frequency from Technical Guide Section IV, Specification 410, Table 1, as required for rock chutes for drainage area and controlled drop at structure site. Unless a vegetated emergency spillway will be provided, use "total" capacity frequency for design of concrete block chute.
4. Determine peak discharge in cfs for design storm from EFM Chapter 2.
5. Determine Hp: design flow in defined approach channel or allowable ponding elevation above inlet elevation in area above structure.
6. Determine bottom width of chute from Table A, Figure IN-6-12.
7. Determine tailwater (TW) elevation in outlet channel downstream of chute.
8. Determine "F" dimension of chute: equal to or greater than (inlet elevation + Hp - TW elevation) and (inlet elevation - outlet channel elevation).
9. Design emergency spillway with crest above the Hp value if one is feasible. See Step 12 of Design Procedure for Rock Lined Chutes for discussion and procedure.
10. Determine settled fill elevation adjacent to chute - 1.0 feet above Hp, but a minimum of 2.75 feet above the inlet elevation. See Step 13 of Design Procedure for Rock Lined Chutes for discussion.
11. Determine material quantities.
12. Complete data sheets for plan. Use IN-ENG-46, IN-ENG-42 and other sheets as appropriate.
13. Check all work for omissions and errors.
14. Get required reviews and approvals of plan.

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

Example Design: CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE  
(w/o Emergency Spillway)

1. Determine drainage area; for this example, use 12 acres.
2. Controlled drop: Inlet Elevation = 105.0  
- Channel Outlet Elevation = 100.0  
Controlled drop = 5.0 feet
3. From footnote 6, Technical Guide Specification 410, Table 1, for Drainage Area = 12 acres, controlled drop = 5', with no emergency spillway, design storm frequency = 24 hour 10 year storm.
4. Determine peak Discharge (Q).  
For this example, use  $Q = 13 \text{ cfs}$
5. Determine  $H_p$ : for this example, use  $H_p = 1.0 \text{ foot}$
6. Determine bottom width of chute:  
from Table A - Figure IN-6-12,  
for  $H_p = 1.0$  and  $Q = 13 \text{ cfs}$   
Use 14 rows or 8.9 feet
7. Determine TW elevation: For this example, use depth in outlet channel = 1.5 feet, or elevation 101.5
8. Determine F: Inlet +  $H_p$  - TW  
 $= 105.0 + 1.0 - 101.5 = 4.5'$   
or Inlet elev - channel outlet elev  
 $= 105.0 - 100.0 = 5.0'$   
From Table B, Figure IN-6-12 - Use  $F = 5.38'$   
 $X = 16.06'$   
 $Z = 17.14'$   
or 13 blocks down the slope
9. There will be no emergency spillway
10. Settled fill elevation = inlet elevation +  $H_p$  + 1.0, but not less than inlet elevation + 2.75  
 $= 105.0 + 1.0 + 1.0 = 107.0$   
or  $105.0 + 2.75 = 107.75$   
Use Top of Settled Fill = 107.8

## 11. Determine material quantities:

## a. Number of blocks:

From Table B, Figure IN-6-12:  
blocks per row across = 23

From Step 6:  
rows across bottom = 14

Total blocks in bottom =  $23 \times 14 = 322$

From Table B, Figure IN-6-12:  
Blocks in sides = 174

Total blocks required = 496

## b. Filter Fabric:

The face of each block is  $0.635' \times 1.302'$   
or  $0.827$  sq. ft. or  $0.092$  sq. yds.

For 496 blocks,  $45.6$  sq. yds required.

Add 10%+ for laps, edges, etc. Use  $51$  sq. yds

## c. Plastic Sheeting:

For side drainage structure,  
use 1 cutoff at inlet end.

Cutoff is  $(b + 4.6')$  long or  $(8.9' + 4.6')$  or  $13.5'$   
Plastic sheeting required:

$$\begin{aligned} & 13.5' \times 4.0' / 9 \text{ sq. ft. per sq. yd.} \\ & = 13.5' \times 0.445 \\ & = 6.0 \text{ sq. yds. minimum} \end{aligned}$$

For an in line structure, 2 cutoffs would  
be required, each 4 feet wide  $\times 13.5$  feet  
long, at inlet and outlet ends, or  
 $12.0$  sq. yds. minimum

## d. Bedding:

Area of blocks =  $496 \times 0.827$  sq. ft =  $410.2$  sq. ft  
Use 3" thickness of bedding,

or  $0.207$  cu. ft. per block

or  $0.00766$  cu. yds per block

For 496 blocks =  $3.8$  cu. yds

or at  $1.5$  tons per cu. yd.,  $5.7$  tons

## e. Revegetation area - Use twice bedding area

or  $860$  sq. ft.

plus other disturbed area

## 12. Use appropriate data sheets:

IN-ENG-46D may be used for design.

IN-ENG-46Q may be used to compute material quantities.

IN-ENG-46 should be used for construction drawings;  
See Exhibit IN-6-7.

## 13. Check all work.

## 14. Get required reviews and approvals.

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## EXHIBIT IN-6-7

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

IN-ENG-46D  
10/89  
File Code 210-11

CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN  
Designed by CET date: 11-9-87; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_

## DESIGN

Concrete Block Chute:

Controlled Drop:

Inlet El 105.0 - Channel El 100.0 = 5.0 Feet  
From IN-ENG-10A; Q (chute) = 13 cfs

Determine Hp:

A. Depth of flow in inlet approach channel for Q:  
dc = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

or B. Allowable water ponding elevation = \_\_\_\_\_  
minus inlet elevation = \_\_\_\_\_  
df = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

SELECT Hp  $\geq$  dc or df: Use Hp = 1.0 feet

Determine b:

From EFM Figure 6-12, Table A,  
for required Q and selected Hp -  
Find b = 14 rows across = 8.9 feet

Determine Tailwater (TW) Elevation:

Depth of flow in outlet channel for Q:

d = 1.5 ft. + Channel El = 100.0 = TW El 101.5

Determine F:

F1 = Inlet El 105.0 + Hp 1.0 - TW El 101.5 = 4.5 ft

F2 = Inlet El 105.0 - Out. Channel El 100.0 = 5.0 ft

From EFM Figure 6-12, Table B,

SELECT F  $\geq$  F1 & F2; Use F = 5.38 ft

X = 16.06 ft

Z = 17.14 ft

Emergency Spillway (ES):

From IN-ENG-10A; Q(total) = \_\_\_\_\_ cfs;

Qe (design) = Q (total) \_\_\_\_\_ - Q(chute) \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ cfs

ES Crest El = Entrance El \_\_\_\_\_

+ Approach channel depth (dc) \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Level Section (L) = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.; Exit Slope (so) = \_\_\_\_\_ %;

Erosion resistant soil? - yes-no (circle one);

Cover, stand & height - \_\_\_\_\_;

Retardance - \_\_\_\_\_; Velocity (V) (maximum) = \_\_\_\_\_ fps;

Hpe = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.; Discharge per ft.(q) = \_\_\_\_\_ cfs/ft.;

Bottom Width (bs) = Q/q = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

Top of Fill:Top of Settled Fill Elevation  $\geq$ 

Inlet El 105.0 + 2.75' = 107.75

Or Inlet El 105.0 + Hp 1.0 + freeboard (1.0') = 107.0

Or ES Crest El 105.0 + Hpe 1.0 + freeboard 1.0' = 107.0

Use Top of Settled Fill Elevation 107.8

## EXHIBIT IN-6-7 (continued)

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

IN-ENG-46Q

10/89

File Code 210-11

CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGNANY

County SWCD, Indiana

Designed by CET date: 11-9-89; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_

## QUANTITIES

Concrete Blocks (from EFM Figure 6-12, Table B):

$$\text{Blocks per row across } \underline{23} \times \text{Rows across } \underline{14} = \underline{322}$$

$$\text{plus blocks in sides} = \underline{174}$$

$$= \text{No. blocks} = \underline{496}$$

## Filter Fabric:

$$\text{No. blocks } \underline{496} \times 0.092 = \underline{45.6} \text{ sq yds min.}$$

Add  $\geq 10\%$  for laps and edges; Use 51 sq yds

## Plastic sheeting:

1 required at inlet for side drainage structure

2 required (1 at each end) for in-line structure

Each is 4 feet wide  $\times$  (b 8.9 ft + 4.6 ft)  
or 13.5 ft. long

$$\text{Use } 0.445 \times \text{length } \underline{13.5} = \underline{6.0} \text{ sq yds min. each}$$

## Bedding (stone/sand):

$$\text{No. blocks } \underline{496} \times 0.00766 = \underline{3.8} \text{ cu yds min.}$$

at 1.5 tons per cu yd = 5.7 tons min.

Revegetation area = \_\_\_\_\_ acres

## COST ESTIMATE

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	PRICE	AMOUNT
Clearing		Acres	\$	\$
Excavation & Backfill		cu.yds.	\$	\$
Blocks	<u>496</u>	each	\$	\$
Filter Fabric	<u>51</u>	sq.yds.	\$	\$
Plastic Sheeting	<u>6.0</u>	sq.yds.	\$	\$
Bedding	<u>5.7</u>	tons	\$	\$
Revegetation		acres	\$	\$
Other			\$	\$
	TOTAL		\$	\$
	Contingencies - %		\$	\$
	COST ESTIMATE		\$	\$

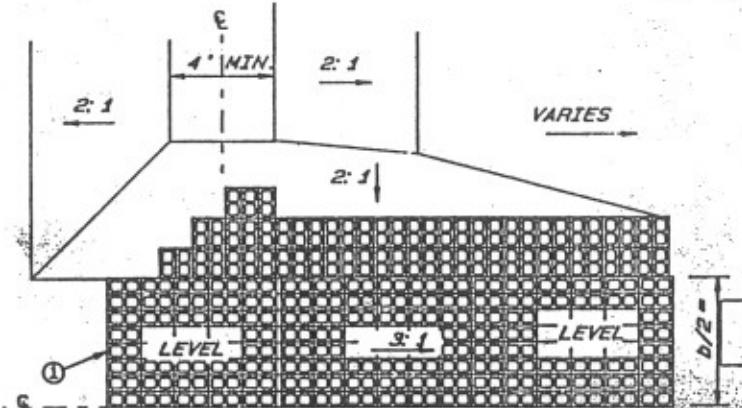
EXHIBIT IN-6-7 (continued)

CONSTRUCTION DATA

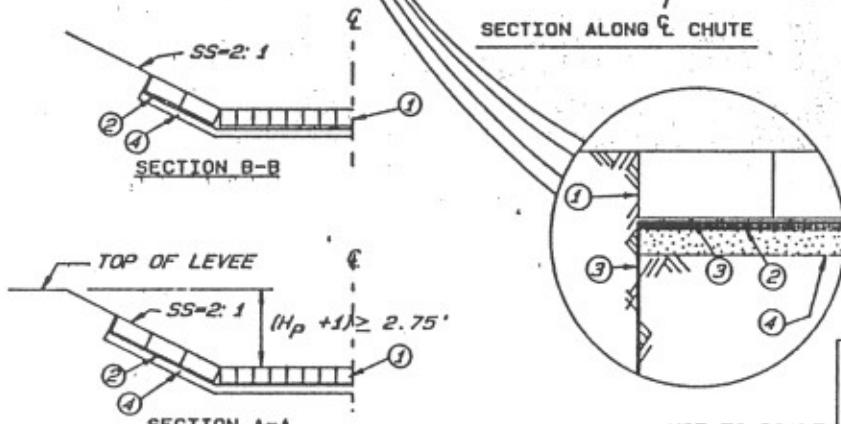
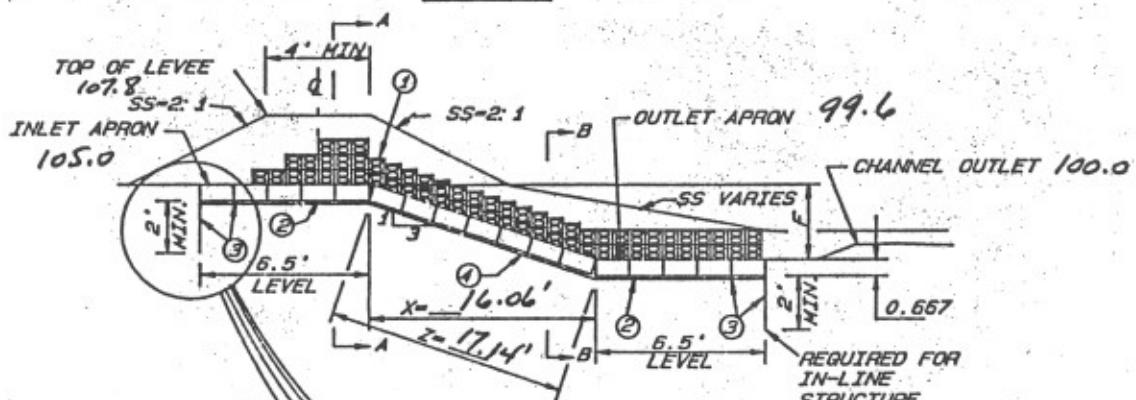
LAYOUT BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
 CONTRACTOR \_\_\_\_\_ COMPLETED DATE \_\_\_\_\_

PRACTICE (DOES) X (DOES NOT) MEET STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS.  
 CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

PROVIDE AN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY,  
 ONE ON EACH SIDE IF FEASIBLE,  
 1.3' TO 1.5' BELOW TOP OF LEVEE.



HALF PLAN



LEGEND

- (1) CONCRETE BLOCKS
- (2) FILTER FABRIC
- (3) PLASTIC SHEETING
- (4) BEDDING 1" TO 3" THICK

COOPERATOR EFM EXAMINE DESIGN  
 ANY COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA  
 LOCATION FIELD A

CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE  
 (SHEET 1 OF 3)  
 GENERAL LAYOUT

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
 SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Designed	GET 11/82	Approved by	-----
Brown	-----	Title	-----
Treed	-----	Title	-----
Checked	DC H-89	Signature	-----

ELEVATIONS	
TOP OF LEVEE	107.8
EMERGENCY SPILLWAY	-----
INLET APRON	105.0
OUTLET APRON	99.6
CHANNEL OUTLET	100.0

STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS	
Q	1.3 CFS
H <sub>p</sub>	1.0 FT
F	5.38 FT
D	8.9 FT

BENCH MARK

ELEVATION	-----
DESCRIPTION	-----
-----	-----

**EXHIBIT IN-6-7 (continued)**

- CONSTRUCTION NOTES**

1- Site preparation:  
A- Remove all vegetation, roots and topsoil from chute site.  
B- Excavate and/or place compacted fill to chute slope and side slope subgrade approximate 0.8 ft. below finished grade.  
Compacted fill shall be denser than adjacent undisturbed material.

2- Excavate cutoff trench:  
A- Cutoff trench shall be excavated upstream of inlet apron to 24 inches minimum below stone/sand bedding grade. Excavate similar cutoff trench downstream of outlet apron for in-line structure.  
B-Cutoff trenches shall extend to full width of block placement (2.3 feet outside bottom width "b" on each side).

3- Place polyvinyl sheet in cutoff trenches:  
A- Plastic sheeting shall be 6 mil minimum thickness.  
B- Place plastic to bottom of trench and backfill.  
C- Fold plastic above trench (24 inches minimum) away from structure.

4- Bedding:  
Place 1 to 3 inches thickness of stone/sand, such as IODH no. 23, 24, or 15 over entire chute bottom and side slope to grade required.

5- Place filter fabric:  
A- Filter fabric shall be nonwoven, needlepunched (not heat bonded), with openings between 0.15 mm and 0.42 mm (U.S. Standard Sieve Size between #40 and #100), tensile strength 120 lbs. minimum, bursting strength 210 lbs. minimum, puncture resistance 40 lbs. minimum, and be ultraviolet resistant.  
B- Place filter fabric over and outside of entire stone/sand bedding and anchor with pins or staples in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Use minimum lap of 24 inches if filter fabric is installed in more than one piece.  
C- Place fabric in trench outside of stone/sand bedding and anchor with earth.  
D- Do not place stone/sand or earth on fabric under block.

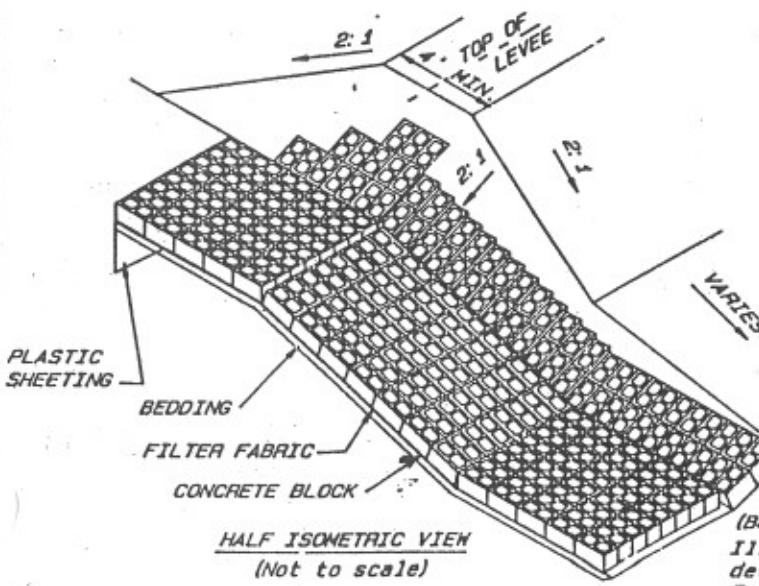
6- Fold plastic cutoff material over filter fabric.

7- Place concrete blocks starting at downstream end of sloping section and proceed upstream and downstream.  
A- Concrete blocks shall be nominal 8"x8"x16", in good condition and free of excess mortar.  
B- Concrete blocks shall be placed with small end of holes up.  
C- Concrete blocks in floor shall be placed with length parallel to direction of flow.  
D- Concrete blocks in side slopes shall be placed with length perpendicular (90 degrees) to direction of flow.  
E- Concrete blocks shall not be driven on by any machinery during or after placement.

8- Finish operations:  
A- Fill holes in concrete blocks with soil. Seed with same mixture used on disturbed areas.  
B- Lime, fertilize, seed and mulch all disturbed areas.

## QUANTITIES

<u>Quantities</u>	<u>496</u>	<u>Each</u>
Concrete blocks		
Bedding	<u>5.7</u>	Tons
Plastic sheeting	<u>6.0</u>	Sq. Yds.
(4.0 feet wide x <u>18.5</u> in. ft. long)		
Filter fabric	<u>.51</u>	Sq. Yds.
(Add additional for laps and edges)		
Revegetation		Acres



COOPERATOR	<u>EFM EXAMINE DEVIL</u>		
LOCATION	<u>ANY COUNTY SWCD. INDIANA</u>		
<hr/>			
CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE (SHEET 2 OF 3)			
<hr/>			
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE			
Designed	<u>CET 11/87</u>	Approved by	<u>-----</u>
Brown	<u>-----</u>	1144a	<u>-----</u>
Trained	<u>-----</u>	1144b	<u>-----</u>
Qualified	<u>DC 11-49</u>	Rating	<u>-----</u>

## EXHIBIT IN-6-7 (continued)

GENERAL

Construction operations shall be carried out in such a manner and sequence that erosion and air and water pollution will be minimized and held within acceptable limits. Construction methods that enhance wildlife habitat will be used where practical.

The completed job shall present an appearance of good workmanship and shall conform to the lines, grades, and elevations shown on the drawings or as staked in the field.

All operations shall be carried out in a safe and skillful manner. Safety and health regulations shall be observed and appropriate safety measures used.

SITE PREPARATION

All trees, stumps, brush, and similar materials are to be removed from the construction area and disposed of in a manner consistent with environmental concerns and proper functioning of the spillway.

EXCAVATION

To the extent needed, all suitable materials removed from the specified excavation shall be used in the construction of the earth fill areas of the structure. All spoil deposited adjacent to the structure and in the adjacent area shall have a positive grade to drain toward the structure.

MOISTURE CONTROL

The minimum moisture content of the fill material and foundation shall be such that when kneaded in the hand the fill material will form a ball which does not readily separate. The maximum moisture content is when conditions are too wet for efficient use of the hauling and compacting equipment.

Maintenance Recommendations:

A maintenance program shall be established by the land user to maintain capacity and vegetative cover. Items to consider are as follows:

- 1-Do not graze seeded areas during establishment and when soil conditions are too wet.
- 2-Protect structure from damage by farm equipment and vehicles.
- 3-Maintain structure inlet and outlet areas free of any obstructions.
- 4-Repair structure as soon as possible after damage is noted.
- 5-Reestablish vegetative cover immediately where erosion has removed established seeding.
- 6-Maintain effective erosion control of the contributing watershed to prevent siltation and the resulting loss of capacity.

CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES

Depth at centerline: Grade to 0.1 foot below  
Width: 10% wider not to exceed 1.0 foot  
Top of levee: Grade or above.  
Side slopes:  $\pm 0.1$  ft./ft.

FINISH AND CLEANUP

The structure area and the designated spoil areas will be finished in a relatively smooth condition ready for seeding. All rocks 3 inches in diameter or larger and roots shall be removed from the surface areas.

VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

Excess water shall be directed away until vegetation is established, if possible. Any protective works shall be removed and the disturbed areas shall be seeded for permanent grass.

Apply lime to raise the pH to \_\_\_\_\_ at rate of \_\_\_\_\_ tons per acre.

Fertilize according to soil tests or at a minimum rate of 1000 pounds of 12-12-12 fertilizer (or its equivalent) per acre as soon as the structure has been constructed if within the seeding dates.

Work the fertilizer and lime into the soil to a depth of 2 - 3 inches with a harrow or disk. Seeding will be done at the following rates:

Seed: \_\_\_\_\_ Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre  
Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre

When construction is completed between May 11 and August 9, a temporary cover crop should be established using the following seeding:

Seed: \_\_\_\_\_ Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre

Dormant seeding may be done between December 10 and February 28. Liming, fertilizing, seedbed preparation and mulching may be done ahead of the dormant seeding, with the seed being broadcast on top of the mulch.

Apply mulch at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ tons of straw per acre.

COOPERATOR EFM EXAMPLE DRAFT	
ANV COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA	
LOCATION FIELD A	
CONCRETE BLOCK CHUTE (SHEET 3 OF 3) SPECIFICATIONS	
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	
Designed	CET 11/89
Drawn	_____
Treed	_____
Approved By	_____
Title	_____
Title	_____
WASH Drawing No.	_____
Date	11-89
Revised 10/89	

IN-ENG-46

## REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE

The reinforced vegetated chute is an economical method of providing grade stabilization for smaller drainage areas with intermittent flow where a flatter slope and longer length is acceptable and/or it is not desired or practical to use either rock or concrete blocks. It is similar in configuration to the rock lined chute, but uses soil erosion matting (SEM) and erosion control blankets (ECB) to reinforce the vegetation in the water flow area. The SEM is placed in the bottom of the chute and the ECB placed on the side slopes. It can be installed on chute profile slopes not steeper than 5H:1V, and is normally not used on slopes flatter than 10H:1V. Side slopes of the chute are from 2:1 to 4:1. It can be used in a waterway or channel to take up grade between two flatter stable segments of the channel without changing the vegetation in the channel. Installation is a more labor-intensive than a rock-lined chute but less labor-intensive than a concrete block chute.

The SEM (soil erosion matting) is defined as a flexible, non woven, geotextile fabric made from randomly oriented polymer monofilaments thermally welded together into a three-dimensional matrix or porous web and specifically designed for erosion control and earth reinforcement applications. Acceptable materials include, but not limited to, "ENKAMAT" as manufactured by Akzo Industrial Systems Company, "Tensar Mat" as manufactured by The Tensar Corporation, "Erolan 2010" as distributed by Hydro-Turf & Associates, and "GREENSTREAK PEC-MAT" as manufactured by Greenstreak Plastic Products Company, Inc.

The ECB (erosion control blanket) is defined as a flexible, non structural, interwoven layer of biodegradable material (straw, excelsior, etc.) or photodegradable material (such as nylon fibers) sewn to or between photodegradable netting, designed to reduce rainfall impact, reduce soil loss, increase moisture retention, and enhance grass plant growth. Acceptable materials include, but not limited to, "Erosion Control Blankets" as manufactured by North American Green, "Curlex Blankets" as manufactured by American Excelsior Company, and "ERO-MAT" as distributed by Contech Construction Products, Inc. The specific style or type must be selected to fit the site conditions.

A reinforced vegetated chute is readily installed by a landuser with his own equipment and labor. It is not effective immediately upon completion of installation as is a rock or concrete block chute. It will require more frequent observation and maintenance than a rock or concrete block chute, but repairs and maintenance are easily done by the landuser.

#### DESIGN ELEMENTS

##### Design Flow:

The design of the reinforced vegetated chute is similar to that for a trapezoidal grassed waterway with "C" retardance. Allowable velocity ( $V_s$ ) for easily eroded soils is 5 fps; for erosion resistant soils is 7 fps. Stability of the structure is determined as for an "E" retardance with the allowable velocity being 8 and 10 fps respectively. See EFM Chapter 7. For purposes of this practice, an erosion resistant soil shall have a plasticity index (PI) equal to 15 or greater. Soils not meeting this requirement, and soils with known dispersive characteristics, shall be considered easily eroded.

##### Chute Geometry:

The reinforced vegetated chute configuration, profile and cross-section are similar to that of a rock chute. The bottom width of the chute is made to utilize full widths of the SEM with required overlaps. The inlet and outlet section lengths are determined as for the rock chute. See rock lined chute discussion for background and criteria. To help in maintaining stability, a 24" x 24" gravel or crushed stone drain is installed at the upper end of the inlet with a drain tile or tubing outletting below the chute to intercept seepage that would inhibit the growth of vegetation and/or encourage erosion. A 4' length of riprap is installed at the downstream end of the outlet section to help in dissipating the energy from the steep chute section without erosion. See Exhibit IN-6-8.

##### Emergency Spillway:

An emergency spillway should be provided if feasible. The crest of the emergency spillway is placed above the design  $H_p$  value. See discussion about an emergency spillway for the rock lined chute.

Top of Settled Fill:

The top of fill elevation adjacent to the chute should be at least one foot above the design flow in the approach channel. See discussion about the top of settled fill elevation for the rock lined chute.

INSTALLATION

The chute should be placed on an excavated base. If it is necessary to place fill to bring the chute section to grade, it is extremely important that the fill be compacted to a density greater than the adjacent natural material.

Place drain tile or tubing outside the chute area, including outlet pipe section with animal guard. Leave upstream end of drain tile or tubing exposed for later attachment or placement in trench.

Prepare a seedbed, apply lime, fertilizer and seed as appropriate.

Cut trenches for gravel drain on upstream end (24"x24") and for riprap toe at downstream end (4' long x 2 d50 minimum deep). Cut slots to anchor SEM and ECB in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Place SEM in bottom of chute, including entrance and outlet aprons. Extend SEM into trenches for gravel drain and riprap toe. Place ECB on side slopes to at least one-half foot higher than design depth of flow in chute. SEM and ECB are placed with lengths parallel to the direction of flow in the channel. The ECB is placed so it shingles down the side slope of the channel. Overlap adjacent strips and anchor in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Overlap the SEM and ECB a minimum of 6 inches at the break between the bottom and side slope of the chute and anchor securely. Fill slots with compacted earth fill and complete installation of SEM and ECB.

Extend perforated drain tile or tubing in trench across inlet and place gravel or stone around drain tile or tubing.

Install riprap toe in trench at outlet. Use minimum d50 rock size based on velocity in the chute. See Figure IN-6-8.

Cover disturbed areas not protected by SEM, ECB or stone with mulch or ECB.

DESIGN PROCEDURE FOR REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTES

1. Determine drainage area from USGS maps, aerial photos, soils maps, and/or field observations.
2. Determine controlled drop or overfall from survey data, establishing inlet and outlet elevations.
3. Determine design storm frequency from Technical Guide Section IV, Specification 410, Table 1, as required for rock chutes for drainage area and controlled drop at structure site. Unless a vegetated emergency spillway will be provided, use "total" capacity frequency for design of the reinforced vegetated chute.
4. Determine peak discharge ( $Q$ ) in cfs for design storm from EFM Chapter 2.
5. Determine soil type in chute area and allowable velocity in chute.
- \*6. Select chute profile slope ( $S$ ) and chute side slopes ( $z$ ).
- \*7. Determine bottom width and depth of flow in chute, and check for  $b/d \leq 50$ .
- \*8. Determine velocity in chute and check that it less than allowable.
9. Determine chute dimensions. Length and depth factors are the same as for rock lined chutes.
10. Determine depth of design flow in upstream channel.
11. Design emergency spillway with crest above the flow depth in the upstream channel if one is feasible. See Step 12 of Design Procedure for Rock Lined Chutes for discussion and procedure.
12. Determine settled fill elevation adjacent to chute. If no emergency spillway is used, place top of settled fill 1.0 feet above the flow depth in the upstream channel. See Step 13 of Design Procedure for Rock Lined Chutes for discussion.

13. Determine material quantities.
  14. Complete data sheets for plan. Use IN-ENG-56, IN-ENG-42 and other sheets as appropriate.
  15. Check all work for omissions and errors.
  16. Get required reviews and approvals of plan.
- \* Figure IN-6-13 gives the capacity ( $Q$ ) and velocity ( $V$ ) of reinforced vegetated chutes for various combinations of bottom width ( $b$ ) and flow depth ( $d$ ) for various chute profile slopes ( $S$ ) with side slopes ( $z$ ) = 3:1.

**Example Design: REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE  
(w/o Emergency Spillway)**

1. Determine drainage area; for this example, use 12 acres.
2. Controlled drop: Inlet Elevation = 105.0  
- Channel Outlet Elevation = 100.0  
Controlled drop = 5.0 feet
3. From footnote 6, Technical Guide Specification 410, Table 1, for Drainage Area = 12 acres, controlled drop = 5', with no emergency spillway, design storm frequency = 24 hour 10 year storm.
4. Determine peak Discharge ( $Q$ ).  
For this example, use  $Q$  = 13 cfs
5. Determine soil type in chute area and allowable velocity in chute. For this example, assume an easily eroded soil (PI < 15), allowable velocity = 5 fps.
6. Select chute profile slope ( $S$ ) and chute side slopes ( $z$ ). For this example, use  $S$  = 5:1;  $z$  = 3:1.
7. Determine bottom width and depth of flow in chute, and check for  $b/d \leq 50$ . From Figure IN-6-13, find  $b = 6'$ ,  $d = 0.4'$ ;  $b/d = 6/0.4 = 15 < 50$ , OK
8. Determine velocity in chute and check that it less than allowable. From Figure IN-6-3,  $V = 4.6$  fps;  $< 5.0$ , OK

(EFM Notice IN-53, November 1989)

## 9. Determine chute dimensions.

## Entrance Section:

Total depth at entrance (de)  $\geq (d+1) = 1.4$  ft.

Entrance length (Le)  $\geq 5(de) = 5 \times 1.4 = 7$  ft.

Upstream entrance width (be)  $\geq b = 10$  ft.

## Chute Section:

Total depth in chute (dc)  $\geq (d+0.5) = 0.9$  ft.

Chute length (Lc) =  $(F \sqrt{5.0})^{0.5} = 25$  ft.

Slope Length (Ls) =  $(F)(S^2+1)^{0.5} = 5 \times 5.1 = 25.5$  ft.

## Outlet Section:

Total Depth in outlet (do)  $\geq (2d+0.5) = 1.3$  ft.

Outlet length (Lo)  $\geq [6+3(VC-5)] = 6$  ft.

## 10. Determine depth of design flow in upstream channel.

Assume 4% grade. retardance c/d:

waterway T = 20', D = 0.6'

## 11. There will be no emergency spillway

## 12. Settled fill elevation = inlet elevation

$$\begin{aligned} & + \text{flow depth in upstream channel} + 1.0 \\ & = 105.0 + 0.6 + 1.0 = 106.6 \end{aligned}$$

## 13. Determine material quantities:

- a. Perforated drain tile or tubing - use 4" or 5" diam.  
 minimum length = upstream entrance width - (be)  
 + z x design inlet depth - z(de)  
 + entrance apron length - (Le)  
 + chute length - (Lc)  
 + outlet apron length - (Lo)  
 + z x design outlet depth - z(do)  
 + distance to outlet if downstream  
 of chute outlet apron

In this example, minimum length = be (10') + z(de) (3x1.4')  
 $+ Le (7') + Lc (25') + Lo (6') + z(do) (3x1.3') = 56.1'$  ;  
 Provide sufficient additional length of drain tile or tubing  
 to place outlet downstream of chute area - use 65'

- b. Tile outlet pipe - Use 10 lin ft of outlet pipe with  
 same or larger diameter as drain tile or tubing with coupler  
 and animal guard. For this example use same diameter PVC  
 pipe.

- c. Gravel or stone drain - Fill 2' x 2' trench across  
 upstream end of entrance apron - 2' x 2' x be (10') = 40 cu.  
 ft., or 1.5 cu. yds., or 2.2 tons at 110 pcf in place.

- d. Riprap - use d50 = 7" with 2 x d50 depth across outlet  
 channel - b (6') x 4' x 2 x d50 (7/12) = 28 cu. ft., or 1  
 cu. yd., or 1.5 tons at 110 pcf in place.

e. Soil Erosion Matting (SEM):

Area to be covered by SEM =  $b$  (6') x [ $Le$  (7') +  $Ls$  (25.5') +  $Lo$  (6')] or  $6 \times 38.5 = 231$  sq. ft., or 26 sq. yds. If SEM is available in 3' wide (net) rolls, 77 lin. ft. is needed, plus additional length to allow for laps and slots. For this example, use 100 lin. ft.

f. Erosion Control Blanket (ECB):

Area to be covered by ECB is  $2 \times [dc (0.9) \times (z^2 + 1)^{0.5} (3.16)] \times [Le (7') + Ls (25.5') + Lo (6')]$  or  $2 \times 2.85 \times 38.5 = 219$  sq. ft., or 24.4 sq. yds. If ECB is available in 3' wide (net) rolls, 77 lin. ft. is needed plus additional length for laps and slots. For this example, use 100 lin. ft.

g. Provide sufficient staples and or stakes as recommended by the manufacturer to insure than the SEM and ECB is adequately staked.

h. Determine disturbed area to be revegetated with lime, fertilizer and seed. Areas outside of the area covered by SEM and ECB may need to be mulched.

14. Use appropriate data sheets:

IN-ENG-56D may be used for design.

IN-ENG-56Q may be used to compute material quantities.

IN-ENG-56C may be used to prepare the cost estimate.

IN-ENG-56 should be used for construction drawings;

See Exhibit IN-6-8

15. Check all work.

16. Get required reviews and approvals.

## CHUTE SLOPE = 5:1

d	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	
b	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
6	13	4.6	24	6.4	39	8.4				
9	21	5.0	37	7.1						
12	28	5.3	50	7.4						
15	35	5.4	64	7.7						
18										

## CHUTE SLOPE = 6:1

d	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	
b	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
6	12	4.0	21	5.6	34	7.2				
9	18	4.4	32	6.1	52	8.0				
12	24	4.5	43	6.4	71	8.5				
15	30	4.7	55	6.7	89	8.9				
18	37	4.8	66	6.8	108	9.1				

## CHUTE SLOPE = 8:1

d	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	
b	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
6	9	3.2	17	4.4	27	5.8	41	7.2		
9	14	3.4	25	4.8	41	6.4	62	8.0		
12	19	3.6	34	5.1	56	6.8	84	8.5		
15	24	3.7	44	5.3	71	7.0	106	8.9		
18	29	3.8	53	5.4	86	7.2				

## CHUTE SLOPE = 10:1

d	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8	
b	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V	Q	V
6	8	2.7	14	3.7	22	4.8	34	6.0	49	7.2
9	12	2.9	21	4.0	34	5.3	52	6.7	74	8.1
12	16	3.0	29	4.2	46	5.6	70	7.1		
15	20	3.1	36	4.4	59	5.8	89	7.4		
18	24	3.1	44	4.5	71	6.0	108	7.7		

V allowable for easily eroded soils = 5 fps

V allowable for erosion resistant soils = 7 fps

Figure IN-6-13 - REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE CAPACITY  
(Based on Retardance C with side slopes (z) = 3:1)

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

IN-ENG-56D  
10/89  
File Code 210-11

REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN  
Designed by CET date: 11-9-87; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_  
Any County SWCD, Indiana

## DESIGN

Reinforced Vegetated Chute:

## Controlled Drop (F):

Entrance El 105.0 - Outlet El 100.0 = 5.0 Feet (F)  
From IN-ENG-10A; Q (chute) = 13 cfs  
Soil Type EASILY ERODIBLE (PI<15); Retardance - C/E  
Allowable velocity (Vs): Easily Eroded Soils = 5 fps  
Erosion Resistant Soils = 7 fps  
Chute Profile Slope (S) = S:1; side slope (z) = 3:1 (S,z)  
Bottom Width (b) = 6 ft (b)  
C Retardance: Chute flow depth (d) = 0.4 ft. (d)  
Check b/d < 50; b/d = 15 ✓  
Velocity (VC) = Q/A  
= Q/[d(b+zd)] = 4.5 fps ✓ (VC)

## Entrance Section:

Total depth at entrance (de)  $\geq$  (d+1) = 1.4 ft. (de)  
Entrance length (Le)  $\geq$  5(de) = 7 ft. (Le)  
Upstream entrance width (be)  $\geq$  b = 10 ft. (be)

## Chute Section:

Total depth in chute (dc)  $\geq$  (d+0.5) = 0.9 ft. (dc)  
Chute length (Lc) = (F 5.0)(S 0.5) = 25.0 ft. (Lc)  
Slope Length (Ls) = (F 5.0)(S 1) = 25.5 ft.

## Outlet Section:

Total Depth in outlet (do)  $\geq$  (2d+0.5) = 1.3 ft. (do)  
Outlet length (Lo)  $\geq$  [6+3(VC-5)] = 6 ft. (Lo)

Approach Channel:

Grade = 4 %; n = \_\_\_\_\_; or Retardance C/D;  
Bottom width (bw) = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.; Side slopes = \_\_\_\_\_:1;  
or Top width (T) = 20 ft.;  
Depth (D) = 0.6 ft.;

Emergency Spillway (ES):

From IN-ENG-10A; Q(total) = \_\_\_\_\_ cfs;  
Qe (design) = Q (total) \_\_\_\_\_ - Q(chute) \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ cfs  
ES Crest El = Entrance El \_\_\_\_\_  
+ Approach channel depth (D) \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_  
Level Section (L) = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.; Exit Slope (so) = \_\_\_\_\_ %;  
Erosion resistant soil? - yes-no (circle one);  
Cover, stand & height - \_\_\_\_\_;  
Retardance - \_\_\_\_\_; Velocity (V) (maximum) = \_\_\_\_\_ fps;  
Hp = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.; Discharge per ft.(q) = \_\_\_\_\_ cfs/ft.;  
Bottom Width (bs) = Q/q = \_\_\_\_\_ ft.

Top of Fill:

Top of Settled Fill Elevation =  
Entrance El 105.0 + D 0.6 + freeboard (1.0) = 106.6  
Or ES Crest El \_\_\_\_\_ + Hp \_\_\_\_\_ + freeboard (0.5) = \_\_\_\_\_

## EXHIBIT IN-6-8 (continued)

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

IN-ENG-56Q  
10/89  
File Code 210-11

REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGNED  
AN County SWCD, Indiana  
Designed by CET date: 11-9-89; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_

## QUANTITIES

Perforated drain tile or tubing - 4" diam.:  
min. length =  $b + z(d_e) + L_e + L_c + L_o + z(d_o)$   
Use 60 lin. ft.

Tile outlet pipe (4" diam), material PVC, 10 lin. ft.  
with coupler and animal guard

Gravel or stone drain -  $2' \times 2' \times b e(\frac{10}{}) = \frac{40}{1.5}$  cu. ft.  
 $= \frac{10}{2.2}$  cu. yds.  
@ 110 pcf = 2.2 tons

Riprap - d50 = 7 inches  
 $b (\frac{4}{}) \times 4' \times 2 \times d50 (\frac{7}{}) / 12 = \frac{28}{1.0}$  cu. ft.  
 $= \frac{10}{1.5}$  cu. yds.  
@ 110 pcf = 1.5 tons

Soil erosion matting (SEM):  
 $b (\frac{6}{}) \times (L_e + L_s + L_o + \text{laps} + \text{slots}) = \frac{231}{26}$  sq. ft. min.  
 $= \frac{26}{119}$  sq. yds. min  
@ 3' net widths, 77 lin. ft or 119 rolls

Erosion Control Blanket (ECB);  
width required =  $[(z d_e)^2 + 1]^{0.5} + \text{laps} + \text{slots}$   
 $= \frac{3}{3}$  ft.  
length required =  $2(L_e + L_s + L_o + \text{laps}) = \frac{219}{219}$  ft.  
@ 3' net widths, 219 lin. ft or 77 rolls

Staples and/or stakes for anchoring - \_\_\_\_\_

Revegetation area = \_\_\_\_\_ acres

## EXHIBIT IN-6-8 (continued)

U. S. Department of Agriculture  
Soil Conservation Service

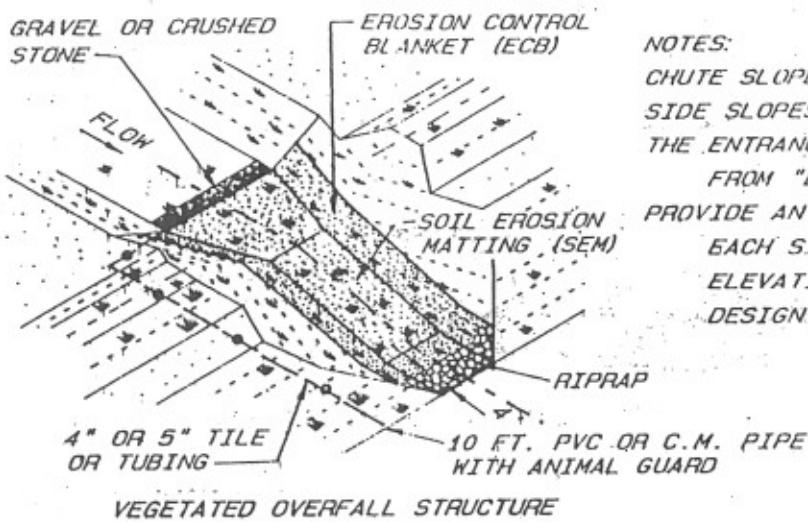
IN-ENG-56C  
10/89  
File Code 210-11

REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE for EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN  
Designed by CET date: 11-9-89; Checked by \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_  
Any County SWCD, Indiana

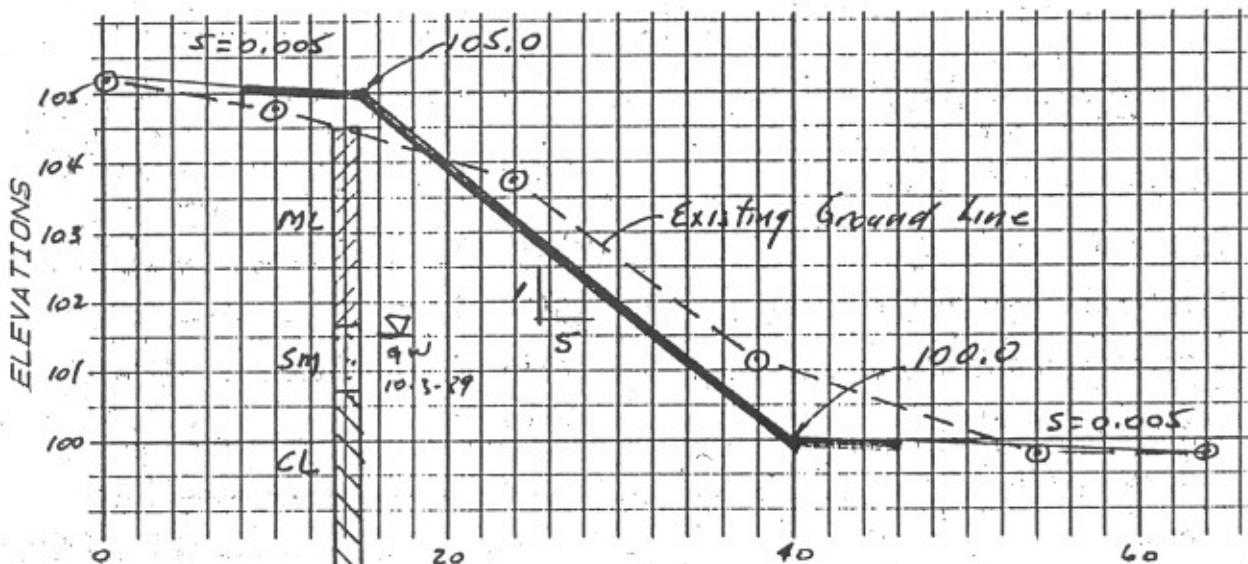
## COST ESTIMATE

ITEM	QUANTITY	UNIT	PRICE	AMOUNT
Clearing		Acres	\$	\$
Excavation		cu.yds.	\$	\$
Tile or tubing, <u>4"</u> diam	<u>60</u>	lin.ft.	\$	\$
Tile outlet pipe - <u>PVC</u> <u>4"</u> diam w/coupler and animal guard	<u>10</u>	lin.ft.	\$	\$
Gravel or stone drain	<u>2.2</u>	tons	\$	\$
Riprap - d50 = <u>7"</u>	<u>1.5</u>	tons	\$	\$
Soil Erosion Matting		rolls	\$	\$
Erosion Control Blanket		rolls	\$	\$
Staples or stakes		boxes	\$	\$
Revegetation		acres	\$	\$
Other			\$	\$
TOTAL			\$	\$
Contingencies - %			\$	\$
COST ESTIMATE			\$	\$

## EXHIBIT IN-6-8 (continued)



NOTES:  
 CHUTE SLOPE "S" NOT STEEPER THAN 5:1.  
 SIDE SLOPES "Z" NOT STEEPER THAN 2:1.  
 THE ENTRANCE APRON WIDTH WILL VARY  
 FROM "D<sub>e</sub>" 10 TO "b" 6.  
 PROVIDE AN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY, ONE ON  
 EACH SIDE IF FEASIBLE, WITH CREST  
 ELEVATION ABOVE APPROACH CHANNEL  
 DESIGN FLOW DEPTH.



PROFILE ALONG CENTERLINE OF CHUTE  
 (SHOW SOIL BORINGS)

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES

CLEARING.....	ACRES
EXCAVATION.....	CU. YDS.
TILE OR TUBING, <u>4"</u> DIAM.....	<u>60</u> LIN. FT.
TILE OUTLET PIPE - <u>PVC</u> <u>4"</u> DIAM. WITH COUPLER AND ANIMAL GUARD.....	<u>10</u> LIN. FT.
GRAVEL OR STONE DRAIN.....	<u>2.2</u> TONS
RIPRAP - $d_{50} = 7"$ .....	<u>1.5</u> TONS
SOIL EROSION MATTING.....	ROLLS
EROSION CONTROL BLANKET.....	ROLLS
STAPLES OR STAKES.....	BOXES
REVEGETATION.....	ACRES

COOPERATOR EFM EXAMINE DESIGN  
AMY COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA  
 LOCATION FIELD A

REINFORCED  
 VEGETATED CHUTE  
 (SHEET 1 OF 4)

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	
Designed	<u>CET</u> <u>11-89</u>
Drawn	Approved by _____ Title _____
Checked	Title _____ Drawing No. _____
Reviewed	Date <u>DC</u> <u>11-89</u>

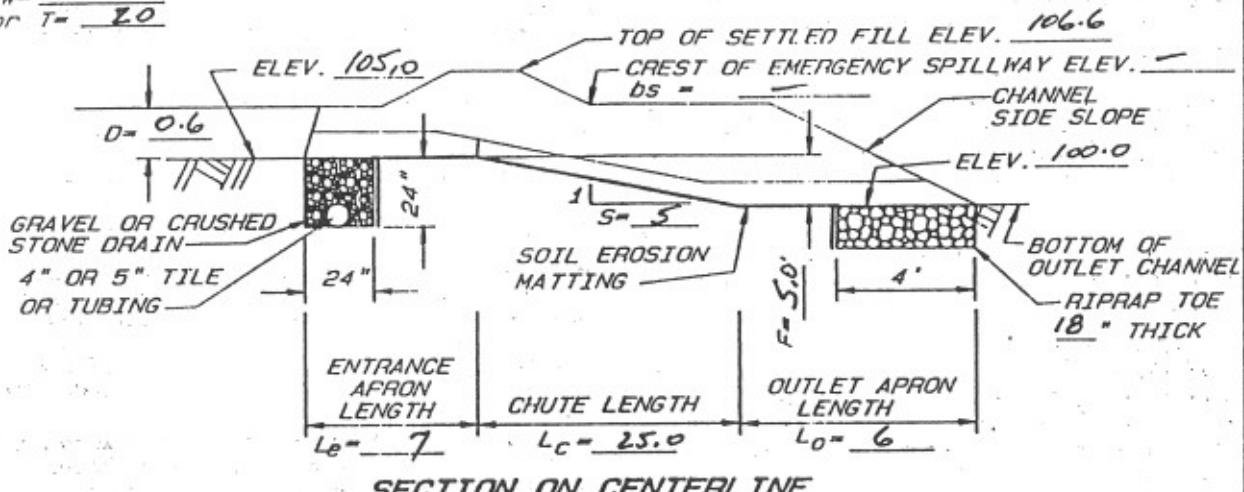
10/89

IN-ENG-56

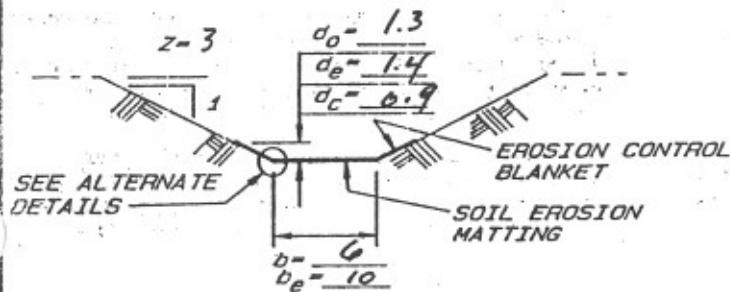
**EXHIBIT IN-6-8 (continued)**

*GRASSED WATERWAY*

GRADE - T X  
BW =         
SP T =



**SECTION ON CENTERLINE**



### *TYPICAL CROSS SECTION*

LEGEND

$F$  -- CONTROLLED DROP  
 $b$  -- BOTTOM WIDTH OF CHUTE  
 $b_e$  -- WIDTH AT ENTRANCE UPSTREAM  
 $d_e$  -- ENTRANCE APRON DEPTH  
 $d_C$  -- CHUTE DEPTH  
 $d_o$  -- OUTLET DEPTH  
 SEM -- SOIL EROSION MATTING  
 ECB -- EROSION CONTROL BLANKET

APPROACH CHANNEL

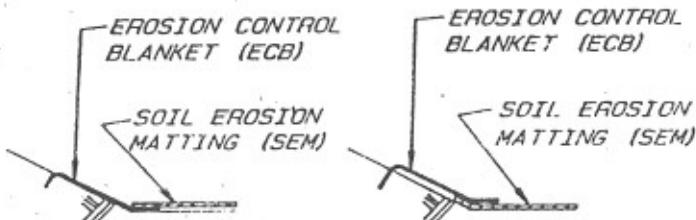
*bW* — BOTTOM WIDTH

*T* — TOP WIDTH

*Q* — FLOW DEPTH

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY

*bs* — BOTTOM WIDTH



### ALTERNATE DETAILS

COOPERATOR EPM EXAMPLE DESIGN  
Any COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA  
LOCATION FIELD A

**REINFORCED  
VEGETATED CHUTE  
(SHEET 2 OF 4)**

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

Designed	<u>CET</u>	<u>11/82</u>	Approved By	_____
Written	_____	_____	Title	_____
Reviewed	_____	_____	Title	_____
Checked	<u>NJC</u>	<u>11-83</u>	W.H.F.	Testing No.
			Date	_____
			By	_____

LAYOUT BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
CONTRACTOR \_\_\_\_\_ COMPLETED DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
PRACTICE (DOES) (DID NOT) MEET STANDARDS AND  
SPECIFICATIONS  
CHECKED BY \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

## EXHIBIT IN-6-8 (continued)

GENERAL

1. Construction operations shall be carried out in such a manner and sequence that erosion and air and water pollution will be minimized and held within acceptable limits. Construction methods that enhance wildlife habitat will be used where practical.

2. The completed job shall present an appearance of good workmanship and shall conform to the lines, grades, and elevations shown on the drawings or as staked in the field.

3. All operations shall be carried out in a safe and skillful manner. Safety and health regulations shall be observed and appropriate safety measures used.

SITE PREPARATION

1. All trees, stumps, brush, and similar materials are to be removed from the construction area and disposed of in a manner consistent with environmental concerns and proper functioning of the structure.

2. Excavate and/or place compacted fill to finished grade of required section and slope. Compacted fill shall be denser than adjacent undisturbed material. Finished grade should be free of any clods, clumps, rocks or depressions that would prevent the soil erosion matting (SEM) or erosion control blanket (ECB) from lying flush to the surface.

3. To the extent needed, all suitable materials removed from the specified excavation shall be used in the construction of the earth fill areas of the structure. All spoil deposited in the area adjacent to the structure shall have a positive grade to drain toward the structure.

4. Place drain tile outside chute area, including outlet pipe section with animal guard. Leave upstream end of drain tile or tubing exposed for later attachment or placement in trench.

Maintenance Recommendations:

A maintenance program shall be established by the land user to maintain capacity and vegetative cover. Items to consider are as follows:

- 1-Do not graze seeded areas during establishment and when soil conditions are too wet.
- 2-Protect structure from damage by farm equipment and vehicles.
- 3-Maintain structure inlet and outlet areas free of any obstructions.
- 4-Repair structure as soon as possible after damage is noted.
- 5-Reestablish vegetative cover immediately where erosion has removed established seeding.
- 6-Maintain effective erosion control of the contributing watershed to prevent siltation and the resulting loss of capacity.

VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

1. Prepare a seedbed.

2. Excess water shall be directed away until vegetation is established, if possible. Any protective works shall be removed and the disturbed areas shall be seeded for permanent grass.

3. Apply lime to raise the pH to \_\_\_\_\_ at rate of \_\_\_\_\_ tons per acre.

4. Fertilize according to soil tests or at a minimum rate of 1000 pounds of 12-12-12 fertilizer (or its equivalent) per acre.

5. Work the fertilizer and lime into the soil to a depth of 2 - 3 inches with a harrow or disk. Seeding will be done at the following rates:

Seed: \_\_\_\_\_ Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre  
Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre

6. When construction is performed between May 11 and August 9, a temporary cover crop should be established using the following seeding:

Seed: \_\_\_\_\_ Rate: \_\_\_\_\_ lbs./acre

7. Dormant seeding may be done between December 10 and February 28. Liming, fertilizing, seedbed preparation and mulching may be done ahead of the dormant seeding, with the seed being broadcast on top of the mulch.

8. On disturbed areas not covered with soil erosion matting (SEM) or erosion control blanket (ECB) apply mulch at the rate of \_\_\_\_\_ tons of straw per acre or use erosion control blanket (ECB).

COOPERATOR	EFM EXAMPLE DESIGN
ANY	COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA
LOCATION	FIELD A

**REINFORCED  
VEGETATED CHUTE  
(SHEET 3 OF 4)  
SPECIFICATIONS**

Approved	LET	Approved By	
Date	1/19	Date	
Drawn	_____	Title	_____
Traced	_____	Title	_____
checked	_____	WATER EROSION CO.	_____
checked	DC	11-89	Date

IN-ENG-56

PLACE SEM & ECB

### *f. Materials*

### Soil Erosion Mapping (SEM) -

A flexible, non-woven, geotextile fabric made from randomly oriented polymer monofilaments thermally welded together into a three-dimensional matrix or porous web and specifically designed for erosion control and earth reinforcement applications. Acceptable materials include, but are not limited to, "ENKAMAT" as manufactured by Akzo Industrial Systems Company, "TENSAR MAT" as manufactured by The Tensar Corporation, "EROLIAN 2010" as distributed by Hydro-Turf & Associates, and "GREENSTREAK PEC-MAT" as manufactured by Greenstreak Plastic Products Company, Inc.

### Erosion Control Blanket (ECB)

A flexible non-structural, interwoven layer of biodegradable material (straw, excelsior, etc.) or photodegradable material (such as nylon fibers) sewn to or between photodegradable netting, designed to reduce rainfall impact, reduce soil loss, increase moisture retention, and enhance grass plant growth. Acceptable materials include, but not limited to, "EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS" as manufactured by North American Green, "CURLLEX BLANKETS" as manufactured by American Excelsior Company, and "ERO-MAT" as distributed by Contech Construction Products, Inc. The specific style or type must be selected to fit the site conditions.

2. Cut trenches for gravel drain on upstream end and riprap toe at downstream end. Cut slots to anchor SEM and ECB in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
  3. Place SEM in bottom of chute, including entrance and outlet aprons. Extend SEM into trenches for gravel drain and riprap toe. Place ECB on side slopes to at least 6 inches higher than design depth of flow. Overlap adjacent strips of SEM and ECB and stake in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation's. Fill slots with compacted earth fill and complete installation of SEM and ECB.
  4. Extend perforated drain tile or tubing in trench across inlet and place gravel or stone drain around drain tile or tubing.
  5. Install riprap toe in trench at outlet.

$$d_{50} = \underline{7} \text{ inches}$$

SIZE	% PASSIM BY WEIGHT
15	100%
7	50%
3	15%

COOPERATOR	<u>EFM EXAMINE DESIGN</u>	
<u>ANY</u>	COUNTY SWCD, INDIANA	
LOCATION	<u>FIELD A</u>	
<b>REINFORCED VEGETATED CHUTE (SHEET 4 OF 4)</b>		
<b>SPECIFICATIONS - CONTINUED</b>		
<b>U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE</b>		
Designed	<u>LET</u> <u>11/87</u>	Approved By _____ <u>ratio</u> _____
Drawn	_____	_____ <u>ratio</u> _____
Traced	_____	_____ <u>ratio</u> _____
Checked	<u>DC</u> <u>11-87</u>	_____ <u>ratio</u> _____